Waukesha Bypass Noise Study

Prepared for Waukesha Department of Public Works

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Submitted by

CH2MHILL

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Appendix A

1 Summary of Peak Hour Noise Levels

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the Analysis

Waukesha County, City of Waukesha, Town of Waukesha and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) are evaluating alternatives and assessing the impacts of various alternatives to implement the long-planned West Waukesha Bypass.

The purpose of the traffic noise analysis was to assess potential noise impacts by evaluating worst case hourly traffic noise levels at noise sensitive locations and qualitatively evaluating noise abatement options in the project area.

1.1.1 Proposed Improvements

A wide range of alternatives were evaluated. Those that were retained for additional study are the subject of this noise analysis. The limits of the study are Rolling Ridge Drive on the north (just south of I-94) and the intersection of County X and WIS 59 on the south. One build alternative remains under consideration from the north terminus to Sunset Drive, and that is a 4-lane roadway largely on the existing County TT alignment. South of Sunset Drive four alternatives were subject to this noise analysis (Sunset-to-County X, Pebble Creek, Golf Course East and Golf Course East, Shift West). Both Golf Course East Alternatives have been dropped from consideration.

This report describes applicable noise criteria, the evaluation methodology used, and the analytical results. Based on the findings of the study, noise levels at noise-sensitive locations under the build condition exceed the applicable state and federal noise criteria. This necessitates consideration of feasible and reasonable noise mitigation measures, as discussed in the final section of this report.

Unless otherwise stated, all sound levels reported are energy equivalent levels (Leq), A-weighted, and measured in terms of decibels (dBA).

1.2 Criteria for Acceptable Noise Exposure

1.2.1 Regulatory Criteria

The criteria used to evaluate noise impacts are contained in Title 23 CFR 772, *Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise*, and the WisDOT *Facilities Development Manual, Chapter 23: Noise.* The Activity Category B and C noise level criteria (NLC) of 67 dBA apply to residences, churches, schools, recreation areas, and similar activities. Other developed land (e.g., hotels/motels or other business areas) is included in Activity Category E, with a NLC of 72 dBA. The NLC are noise impact thresholds for determining when consideration of noise abatement measures could be warranted. Noise levels are determined under worst case traffic noise conditions. Primary consideration is given to exterior areas where frequent human use occurs.

Table 1 shows the FHWA Design Level/Activity Relationship used for determining the NLC for specific land uses (e.g., residential, commercial). WisDOT's Traffic Noise Evaluation form (Factor Sheet D-3) considers traffic noise impacts to occur if predicted peak-hour traffic noise levels approach or exceed the NLC. WisDOT defines "approach" as noise

levels within 1 dBA (66 dBA for Category B and C or 71 dBA for Category E) of the FHWA NLC in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Noise level criteria (NLC) for considering barriers

Noise level chicha (NEO) for considering barriers							
Land Use Category		_{eq} (h) ^a dBA) on Location)	Description of Land Use Category				
Α	57 (I	Exterior)	Lands on which serenity and quiet are of extraordinary significance and serve an important public need, and where the preservation of those qualities is essential if the area is to continue to serve its intended purpose.				
B^b	67 (I	Exterior)	Residential.				
C_p	67 (I	67 (Exterior) Active sport areas, amphitheaters, auditoriums, campgrounds, cemeteries, daycare centers, hospitals, libraries, medical facilit picnic areas, places of worship, playgrounds, public meeting roor nonprofit institutional structures, radio studios, recording sturecreation areas, Section 4(f) sites, schools, television studios, trail crossings.					
D ^c	52 (Interior)		Auditoriums, daycare centers, hospitals, libraries, medical facilities, places of worship, public meeting rooms, public or nonprofit institutional structures, radio studios, recording studios, schools, and television studios.				
Ep	72 (Exterior)		Hotels, motels, offices, restaurants/bars, and other developed lands, properties or activities not included in A-D or F.				
F			Agriculture, airports, bus yards, emergency services, industrial, logging, maintenance facilities, manufacturing, mining, rail yards, retail facilities, shipyards, utilities (water resources, water treatment, electrical), and warehousing.				
G			Undeveloped lands that are not permitted.				

a Leg = Equivalent steady-state sound level, which in a stated period of time contains the same acoustical energy as the time-varying sound level during the same period. For purposes of measuring or predicting noise levels, a receptor is assumed to be at ear height, located five feet above ground surface.

1.2.2 Criteria for Increases in Noise Levels

In addition to the criterion sound levels described above, FHWA and WisDOT consider a traffic noise impact to occur if predicted sound levels substantially increase compared to existing noise levels. While FHWA guidance does not specifically define what constitutes a substantial increase, FHWA provides state highway agencies the flexibility in establishing their own definition of what constitutes a substantial increase. The Wisconsin DOT policy states that a predicted traffic noise level of 15 dBA or more over existing noise levels constitutes a *substantial* increase in noise levels for new highway projects.

 $L_{\rm eq}(h)$ =hourly value of $L_{\rm eq}$ $^{\rm b}$ Includes undeveloped lands permitted for this activity category or publicly-owned recreation lands formally designated in a public agency's Master Plan.

^c Use of interior noise levels shall be limited to situations where a determination has been made that exterior abatement measures will not be feasible and reasonable and after exhausting all outdoor mitigation options.

2. Methodology

The analysis evaluated the current noise environment (based on 2010 traffic data) and four alternatives, the Pebble Creek Alternative, the Sunset-to-County X Alternative and the two Golf Course East Alternatives (based on forecast peak-hour traffic for 2035). Traffic noise levels were evaluated using the FHWA Traffic Noise Model version 2.5 (TNM 2.5) computer program. TNM 2.5 is the latest analytical method developed for highway traffic noise prediction. The model is based upon reference energy emission levels for automobiles, medium trucks (two axles), and heavy trucks (three or more axles) with consideration given to vehicle volume, speed, roadway configuration, distance to the receptor, terrain features, atmospheric conditions, and the acoustical characteristics of the site. TNM 2.5 was developed to predict hourly Leq values for free-flowing and interrupted-flow traffic conditions, and is generally considered to be accurate within ±3 decibels. The model enables the user to account for the effects of different pavement types, graded roadways, terrain variations, and attenuation over/through rows of buildings and dense vegetation. The model uses traffic noise emission curves to accurately calculate noise levels generated by highway traffic.

Current tools in the TNM 2.5 model do not offer analysis capabilities for the effects of other factors, such as wind and atmospheric inversions. Therefore, a no-wind condition is assumed for this noise analyses. The model was validated by comparing noise measurements made in the study area with noise levels for existing conditions estimated by the model. All traffic data used for this analysis were obtained from GRAEF (under contract to CH2M HILL for this project). Noise impacts exceeding federal and state criteria from peak-hour traffic conditions were assessed at representative noise sensitive locations throughout the project area.

3. Noise Impact Analysis

3.1 Setting

Vehicular traffic on County TT/Meadowbrook Road and County D/Sunset Drive, Merrill Hills Road, County X/Genesee Road is the dominant source of noise in the project area. Other environmental noise sources include traffic on other local roadways, yard maintenance activities, construction, occasional aircraft over-flights, trains, and animals (birds chirping, etc). Land use within the study area is primarily residential.

3.2 Measured Noise Levels

Noise level measurements and concurrent traffic counts were conducted at the exterior areas of representative locations along the project corridor at locations M01 to M06 on May 17, 2011 (Exhibit 1 and Table 2). Noise levels at two additional monitoring locations (M07-M08) were obtained on January 10, 2012 for the Golf Course East Alternatives. The noise monitoring locations were selected based on a review of plans and site inspection to determine the locations of sensitive receptors in the project area.

Measurement equipment consisted of a Larson Davis 820 sound level meter. The equipment complies with the requirements of the American National Standards Institute and the

International Electrotechnical Commission for precision sound level measurement instrumentation. Weather conditions during the May 2011 measurements consisted of mostly clear skies (light cloud coverage) and winds less than five miles per hour (mph), with temperatures ranging from 69 to 76° F. Weather conditions during the January 2012 measurements consisted of mostly clear skies and winds less than five mph, with temperatures ranging from 40 to 50° F.

TABLE 2Noise Monitoring Locations

Monitoring Location	Site Description	Location
M01	Residence	3200 Woodridge Ave
M02	Vacant lot next to Residence	1610 Rockridge
M03	Residence	3115 Kidson Hill
M04	Residence	27243 W Kame Terrace
M05	Residence	Hawthorne Hollow
M06	Residence	3203 S County Road X Frontage Road
M07	Residence	Genesee Road/Valley View Drive
M08	Golf Course	Merrill Hills Road/Hawthorne Hollow Drive

The purpose of the noise level measurements was to verify the accuracy of the TNM 2.5 for predicting traffic noise exposure within the study area, by providing actual traffic noise levels at specific sites and time periods. The project area was closely inspected to gather input data that would allow accurate modeling of the roadway and receptor locations.

The location of the measurement sites, and existing roadway geometry, vehicle counts, and estimated speeds obtained during the noise measurement periods were input into the noise model. Table 3 compares noise levels obtained during the traffic noise measurements with the levels predicted by the noise model. The agreement between the noise levels measured in the field and noise levels calculated by the noise model serves to calibrate the model, as represented in the "Difference" column in Table 3. A positive difference indicates that noise levels measured in the field are lower than those predicted by the computer model. A negative difference shows that measured noise levels are greater than predicted noise levels.

TABLE 3
Results of Calibration

Monitoring Location	Measured Leq (dBA)	Predicted Leq (dBA)	Difference (dBA)
M01	62.0	60	-2.0
M02	47.3	50	2.7
M03	50.3	52.8	2.5
M04	59.1	56.3	-2.8
M05	44.7	42.3	-2.4
M06	64.4	60.6	-3.8
M07	71.2	71.6	-0.4
M08	60.1	59.5	-0.6

As shown in Table 3, all the receptors are within 3 dBA of those measured with the exception of M06. Such differences show agreement between measured and calculated noise levels, and indicates that the TNM 2.5 may be used to accurately calculate noise exposure in the corridor. The measured noise level at M06 exceeds the level predicted by the model by more than 3 dBA due to construction activity in the vicinity during the measurement.

3.3 Calculated Peak-hour Noise Exposure

An analysis of noise sensitive sites (such as single-family residences) adjacent to the existing and the proposed Waukesha Bypass alternatives was conducted to assess predicted peakhour traffic noise levels under existing conditions and the preferred alternative design alternatives. Representative receptor locations were chosen throughout the corridor for noise modeling purposes. In most cases, these receptors are representative of a larger number of noise sensitive locations that would experience similar noise levels.

3.3.1 Existing (2010) Peak-Hour Noise Levels

Existing traffic noise levels range from 43 to 70 dBA in areas representative of noise sensitive locations in the study area as summarized in Table 4. Noise levels at the majority of receptors were predicted to be below the WisDOT NLC. Only one location, R47 located on the east side of County TT just north of MacArthur Road, was predicted to currently exceed the NLC under level of service C traffic conditions.

3.3.2 Future (2035) Peak-Hour Noise Levels

Future Build 2035 peak-hour traffic volumes were used to predict worst case noise levels under the build alternatives. Table 4 lists the calculated peak-hour traffic noise levels.

The results of the noise analysis indicate that peak-hour noise levels at exterior activity areas under the Sunset-to-County X Alternative range from 49 to 70 dBA, with increases above existing levels of up to 9 dBA. Under the Pebble Creek Alternative, predicted noise levels would range from 50 to 69 dBA with increases above existing of up to 13 dBA. Under the

Golf Course East Alternative, predicted noise levels would range from 50 to 70 dBA, with increase above existing levels of up to 13 dBA. Under the Golf Course East-Shifted West Alternative, predicted noise levels would range from 50 to 69 dBA, with increase above existing levels of up to 9 dBA. Such increases are below the substantial increase criterion established by WisDOT. In addition, noise levels would decrease under all four build alternatives where traffic is shifted away from sensitive receptors near MacArthur Road.

In general, noise levels between the alternatives are relatively similar due to minor differences in traffic volumes, except at the south end of the study area where the alternatives are on different alignments.

Under all four of the build alternatives, the majority of front row receptors along the west side of Meadowbrook Road between Brookline Court and Arrowhead Trail, including the 11 duplexes located between Woodridge Lane and Joanne Drive, would be impacted due to heavier volumes in the southbound direction. Under all four of the build alternatives, a total of 49 impacts would occur north of MacArthur Road. Under the Sunset-to-County X Alternative south of MacArthur Road, an additional 15 residences would be impacted (Exhibit 2). Under the Pebble Creek Alternative, no additional impacts would occur (Exhibit 3). Under the Golf Course East Alternative south of MacArthur Road, two additional residences would be impacted (Exhibit 4). Under the Golf Course East-Shifted West Alternative, no additional impacts would occur (Exhibit 5 and 6). The Sunset-to-County X Alternative would generate the greatest amount of noise impacts corridor wide, totaling 64 impacts. See Table 4 for a summary of complete impacts by alternative and noise level ranges by alternative.

For a complete summary of future (2035) peak hour noise results by alternative, refer to Appendix A.

TABLE 4Future (2035) Peak Hour Noise Levels

Tulule (2033) Feak Hou		Build Alternative							
	Existing	Sunset-to-County X	Pebble Creek	Golf Course East	Golf Course East-Shifted West				
Noise Level Range	43-70 dBA	49-70 dBA	50-69 dBA	50-70 dBA	50-69 dBA				
Total Impacted Noise Sensitive Locations	NA	64	49	51	49				

4. Noise Abatement Analysis

4.1 Wisconsin Noise Abatement Guidelines

According to WisDOT's noise policy, for noise abatement to be implemented, it must be considered feasible and reasonable, meeting the minimum criteria described below.

Feasibility is based on a minimum required sound level reduction and constructability.

- The noise barrier must provide a minimum noise reduction of 5 dBA for at least one impacted receptor.
- The barrier must be compatible with safety, drainage, utilities, and constructability considerations.

The reasonableness evaluation is based on the noise reduction design goal, cost-effectiveness, and viewpoints of the benefited property owners and/or tenants.

- The total cost may not exceed \$30,000 per benefited receiver.
- The noise barrier must achieve a 9 dBA noise reduction design goal at a minimum of one receiver.
- The noise barrier should reduce noise levels by a minimum of 8 dBA's for a receiver or common use area to be considered as benefited for the purposes of determining reasonableness.
- To determine the estimated cost of the noise wall, the total noise wall area is multiplied by \$18 per sq ft.
- If the barrier is determined to meet the design goal and be cost-effective, the viewpoints of the benefited property owners and/or tenants must be solicited to determine the desire for building the noise barrier.

If both feasibility and reasonableness can be met, mitigation measures must be considered by WisDOT for locations that would be impacted by design year noise levels.

4.2 Traffic Noise Abatement Strategies

Noise abatement strategies should be considered at receivers that approach (66 dBA for Category B and C or 71 dBA for Category E) or exceed the NLC.

The following FHWA approved noise abatement may also be considered, where appropriate:

- Constructing noise barriers or earthen berms
- Traffic management measures (eg. Traffic control devices, time-use restrictions, prohibition of certain vehicle types, or modified speed limits).
- Change of roadway's vertical or horizontal alignment
- Acquisition of property for buffer zones
- Acoustic insulation of Activity Category D structures

Of these measures, the noise barrier option is usually the most practical, reasonable, and effective choice. Two common noise barrier options to control exposure from traffic noise impacts are vertical noise barriers and earthen berms. Vertical noise barriers are preferred since earthen berms may require substantial right-of-way acquisition.

To be effective, the noise barriers should be constructed of massive materials, such as masonry or concrete block, and should be continuous without gaps or openings that could result in flanking paths and reduce barrier performance. Other barrier materials may be acceptable but have to be approved by a qualified acoustical consultant.

It should be noted that noise barriers can have their own negative impacts. Barriers may interfere with the passage of air, interrupt scenic views, or create objectionable shadows. They could also create maintenance access problems, make it difficult to maintain landscaping, create drainage problems, or provide pockets for wind-borne trash and garbage to accumulate.

4.3 Noise Barrier Analysis

The TNM was used to determine the noise level reduction provided by various barrier heights along the proposed project. Barriers were evaluated where receptors were predicted to exceed the NLC. The analysis found that barriers would be feasible and meet the reasonableness noise reduction design goal at four of the seven locations. The remaining three barriers would not the reasonableness criteria for cost effectiveness. Preliminary noise barrier locations are presented in the below text. Each barrier is summarized in Table 5 and shown on Exhibit 2 and Exhibit 3.

Barrier 1: Meadowbrook Road (west side) from Silver Nail Road to Woodbridge Lane (Receptors R1- to R7)

The placement of a 1,669 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the west side of Meadowbrook Road from Woodbridge Lane to Silver Nail Road along the right-of-way for Receptors R1-R7. Under this scenario with a maximum height of 25 feet, none of the residences between Rolling Ridge Road and Woodbridge Lane could achieve an 8-dBA traffic noise reduction needed to be considered benefited receptors. Instead, the barrier length was shortened to 1,013-linear-foot barrier from Rolling Ridge Road to Silver Nail Road along the right-of-way for Receptors R1-R3. Barrier heights between 11 to 23 feet would be required to achieve an 8-11 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$338,778, or \$67,756 per benefited receptor, which would exceed the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. In addition, this barrier was not included in the cost averaging analysis since the estimated build cost is more than the allowable limit of \$60,000. Therefore, a barrier is not recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 2: Meadowbrook Road (west side) from Woodbridge Lane to Joanne Drive (Receptors R8- to R15)

The placement of a 1,769 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the west side of Meadowbrook Road from Woodbridge Lane to Joanne Road along the right-of-way for Receptors R8-R15. Barrier heights between 9 to 25 feet would be required to achieve an 8-9 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$402,678, or \$19,175 per benefited receptor, which would meet the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. As a result, this barrier would be cost-effective as a stand-alone barrier. Therefore, a barrier is recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 3: Meadowbrook Road (west side) from Joanne Road to the end of Arrow Head Trail (Receptors R17- to R21)

The placement of a 2,055 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the west side of Meadowbrook Road from Joanne Road to the end of Arrow Head Trail along the right-of-way for Receptors R17-R21. Barrier heights between 19 to 25 feet would be required to achieve an 8-10 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness

design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$784,044, or \$87,116 per benefited receptor, which would exceed the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. In addition, this barrier was not included in the cost averaging analysis since the estimated build cost is more than the allowable limit of \$60,000. Therefore, a barrier is not recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 4: Meadowbrook Road (east side) and south of Coldwater Creek Drive (Receptor R29) The placement of a 500 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the east side of Meadowbrook Road and south of Coldwater Creek Drive along the right-of-way for Receptors R29, representing The Lodge Apartments. Barrier heights between 13 to 21 feet would be required to achieve an 8-9 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$154,800, or \$9,675 per benefited receptor, which would meet the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. As a result, this barrier would be cost-effective as a stand-alone barrier. Therefore, a barrier is recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 5: Meadowbrook Road (west side), north of Madison Street along Jersey Circle (Receptor R32-R34)

The placement of a 104 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the west side of Meadowbrook Road and north of Madison Street along Jersey Circle along the right-of-way for Receptors R32 and R34. A barrier height of 13 feet would be required to achieve a 9 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$24,264, or \$24,264 per benefited receptor, which would meet the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. As a result, this barrier would be cost-effective as a stand-alone barrier. Therefore, a barrier is recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 6: Meadowbrook Road (east side), north of Madison Street along Harrogate Drive (Receptor R33-R35)

The placement of a 550 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the east side of Meadowbrook Road and north of Madison Street along Harrogate Drive along the right-of-way for Receptors R33 and R35. Barrier heights between 9 to 17 feet would be required to achieve an 8-11 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$148,500, or \$24,750 per benefited receptor, which would meet the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. As a result, this barrier would be cost-effective as a standalone barrier. Therefore, a barrier is recommended for further analysis at this location.

Barrier 7: Genesee Road (west side), from West Sunset Drive to Ridge Road (Receptor R51-R57) The placement of a 2,361 linear-foot barrier was evaluated along the west side of Genesee Road from West Sunset Drive to Ridge Road along the grass median separating Genesee Road from County Road X Receptors R51 and R57. Two breaks in this barrier are required to accommodate road accesses from County Road X to Genesee Road and from County Road X to Ridge Road. Barrier heights between 9 to 21 feet would be required to achieve an 8-10 dBA reduction, satisfying the 8-dBA feasibility and 9-dBA reasonableness design goals. The total cost to construct the barrier would be \$644,436, or \$64,444 per benefited receptor, which would exceed the allowable cost criterion for reasonableness of \$30,000 per benefited receptor. In addition, this barrier was not included in the cost averaging analysis since the

estimated build cost is more than the allowable limit of \$60,000. Therefore, a barrier is not recommended for further analysis at this location.

TABLE 5 Summary of Noise Mitigation: Barrier Descriptions

Barrier	Benefited Receptors	Height (feet)	Length (feet)	Construction Cost	Noise Reduction Potential (dB[A])	Estimated Build Cost Per Benefited Receptor	Allowable Cost Per Benefited Receptor	Likely to be Implemented if Desired by Benefited Receptor	If no, reason why?
1(residences)	5	11-23	1,013	\$338,778	8-11	\$67,756	\$30,000	No	Not part of cost averaging as estimated cost is more than the \$60,000 allowable cost.
2 (residences)	21	9-25	1,769	\$402,678	8-9	\$19,175	\$30,000	Yes	NA
3 (residence)	9	19-25	2,055	\$784,044	8-10	\$87,116	\$30,000	No	Not part of cost averaging as estimated cost is more than the \$60,000 allowable cost.
4 (apartments)	16	13-21	500	\$154,800	8-9	\$9,675	\$30,000	Yes	NA
5 (residences)	1	13	104	\$24,264	9	\$24,264	\$30,000	Yes	NA
6 (residences)	6	9-17	550	\$148,500	8-11	\$24,750	\$30,000	Yes	NA
7 (residences)	10	9-21	2,361	\$644,436	8-11	\$64,444	\$30,000	No	Not part of cost averaging as estimated cost is more than the \$60,000 allowable cost.

Note: NA = Not Applicable

4.4 **Construction Noise**

During construction, noise from construction activities would add to the noise environment in the noise project area. Typical construction equipment includes backhoes, compressors, excavators, and other heavy equipment. The Roadway Construction Noise Model (RCNM) User's Guide (Final Report, January 2006, FHWA-HEP-05-054, DOT-VNTSC-FHWA-05-01) indicates that the loudest equipment generally emits noise in the range of 80 to 90 dBA at a distance of 50 feet.

Construction activities would be temporary in nature and are anticipated to occur during normal daytime working hours, although some work may be done at night. Mitigation of potential highway construction noise impacts shall incorporate low-cost, easy to implement

^a Cost estimates were not conducted because the noise barrier analysis could not achieve an 8-dB(A) traffic noise level reduction to meet the design goal criteria.

b Noise barrier analysis could not achieve the 5 dB(A) noise level reduction to meet feasibility criteria.

measures into project plans and specifications, including equipment muffler requirements and limiting construction activities to daytime hours at specific locations.

5. Conclusions

Existing worst case traffic noise levels range from 43 to 70 dBA, with future levels predicted to increase as the result of the build alternatives. Noise levels under the Sunset-to-County X Alternative range from 49 to 70 dBA and from 50 to 69 dBA under the Pebble Creek and the Golf Course East-Shifted West Alternative. Noise levels under the Golf Course East Alternative are expected to range from 50 to 70 dBA. Increases above existing levels are expected to be below WisDOT's definition of substantial increase (15 dBA increase) for all build alternatives.

The Golf Course East and Golf Course East-Shifted West Alternatives would result in impacts at 51 and 49 noise sensitive locations, respectively; while the Sunset-to-County X and Pebble Creek Alternatives would result 64 and 49 impacted locations, respectively.

The barrier analysis found that barriers would be feasible and meet the reasonableness noise reduction design goal at four of the seven locations. The remaining three barriers would not the reasonableness criteria for cost effectiveness.

References

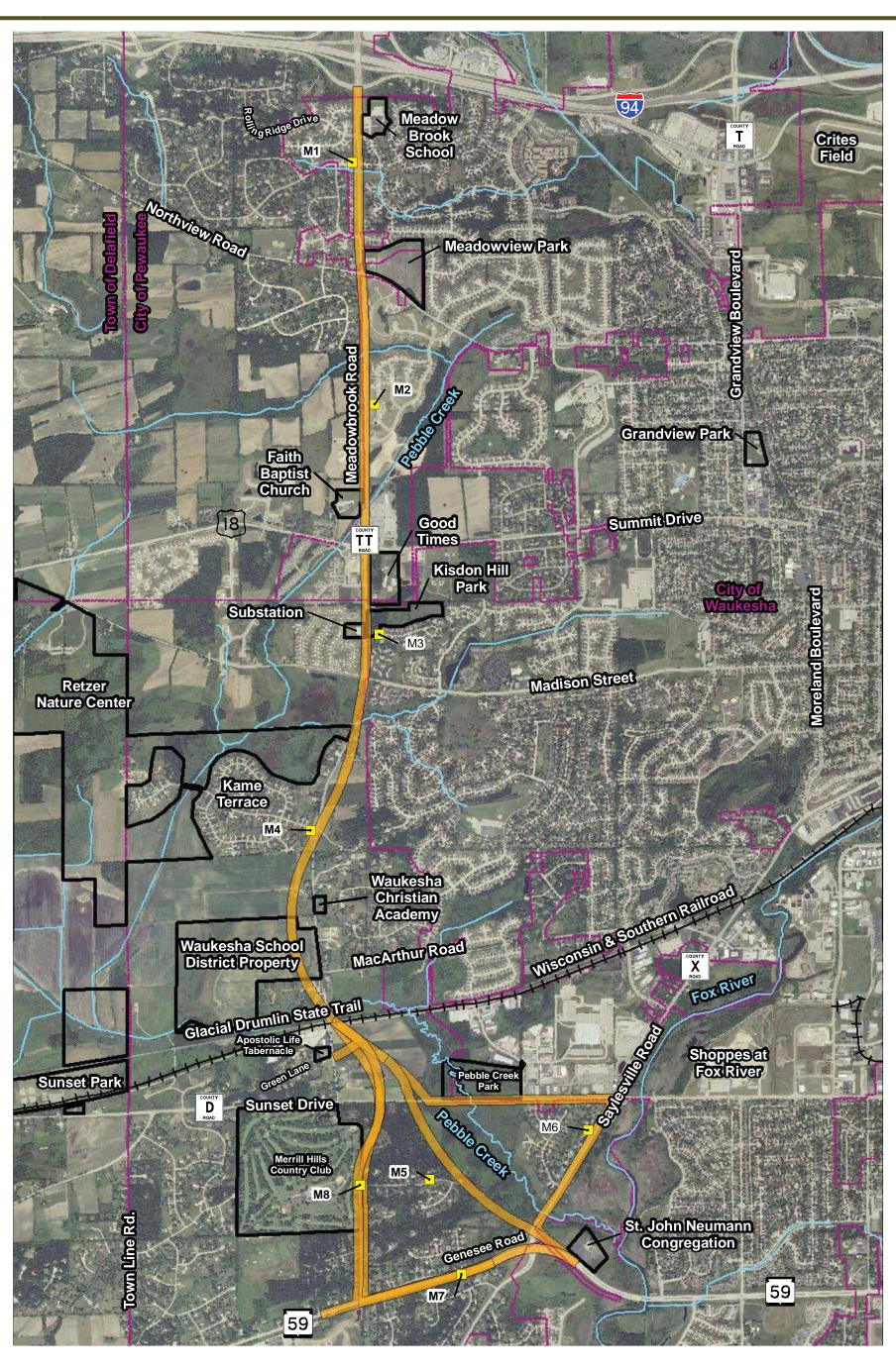
Code of Federal Regulations [CFR], FHWA 2011. Title 23 CFR Part 772 Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise.

Federal Highway Administration. 2006. Roadway Construction Noise Manual. Version 1.1

Wisconsin Department of Transportation, 2011. Wisconsin Administrative Code, Transportation Chapter 405: Siting Noise Barriers.

Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). 2004. *Traffic Noise Model (TNM)*. Version 2.5. April 2004.

Exhibits

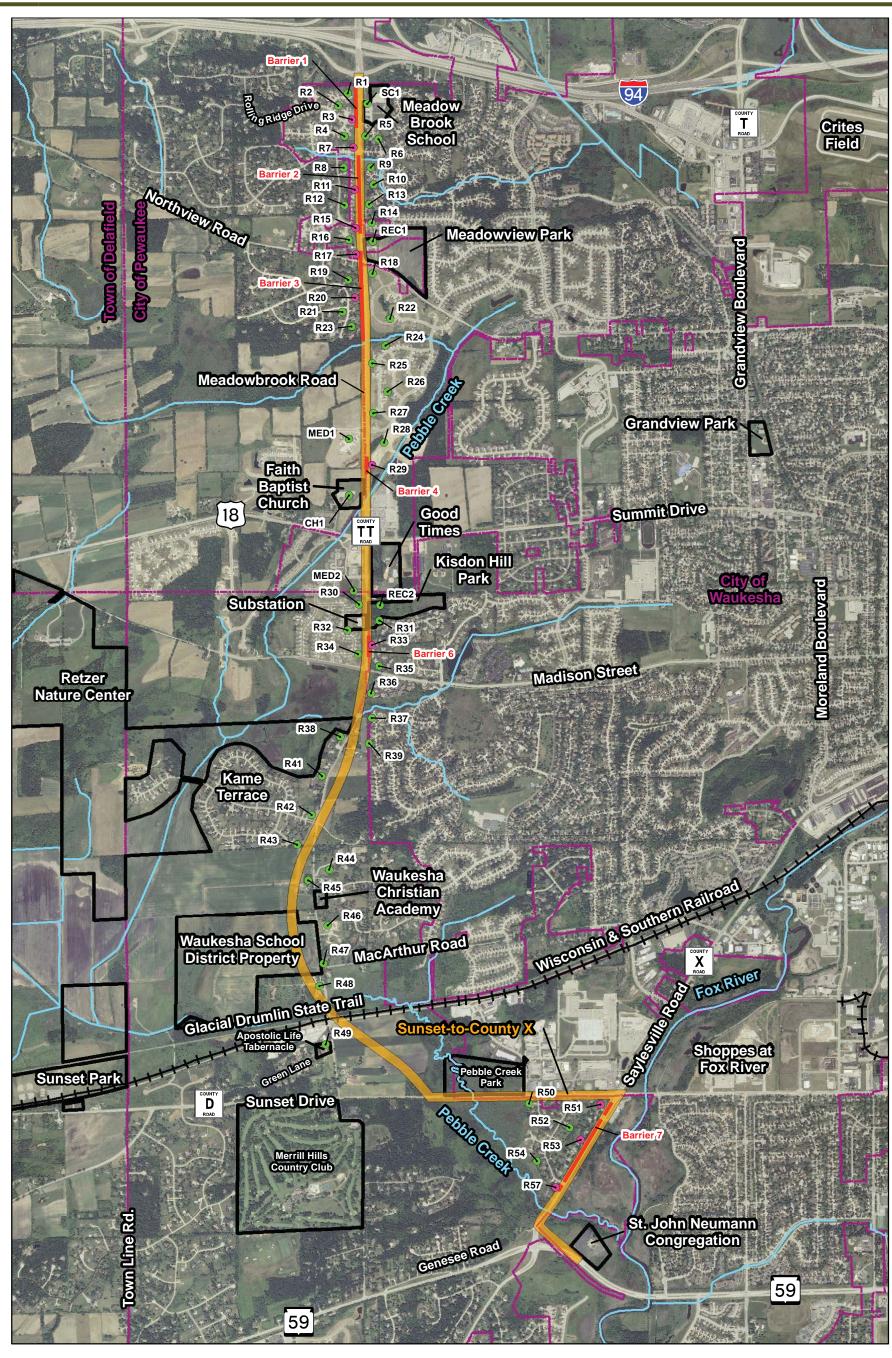


Legend

Noise Receptors Not Impacted • Impacted

River/Stream Railroad Municipal Boundary 1,800

Exhibit 1 **Field Measurement Locations**



Legend
Noise Receptors

Not Impacted
Impacted

Noise Receptors

River/Stream

Railroad

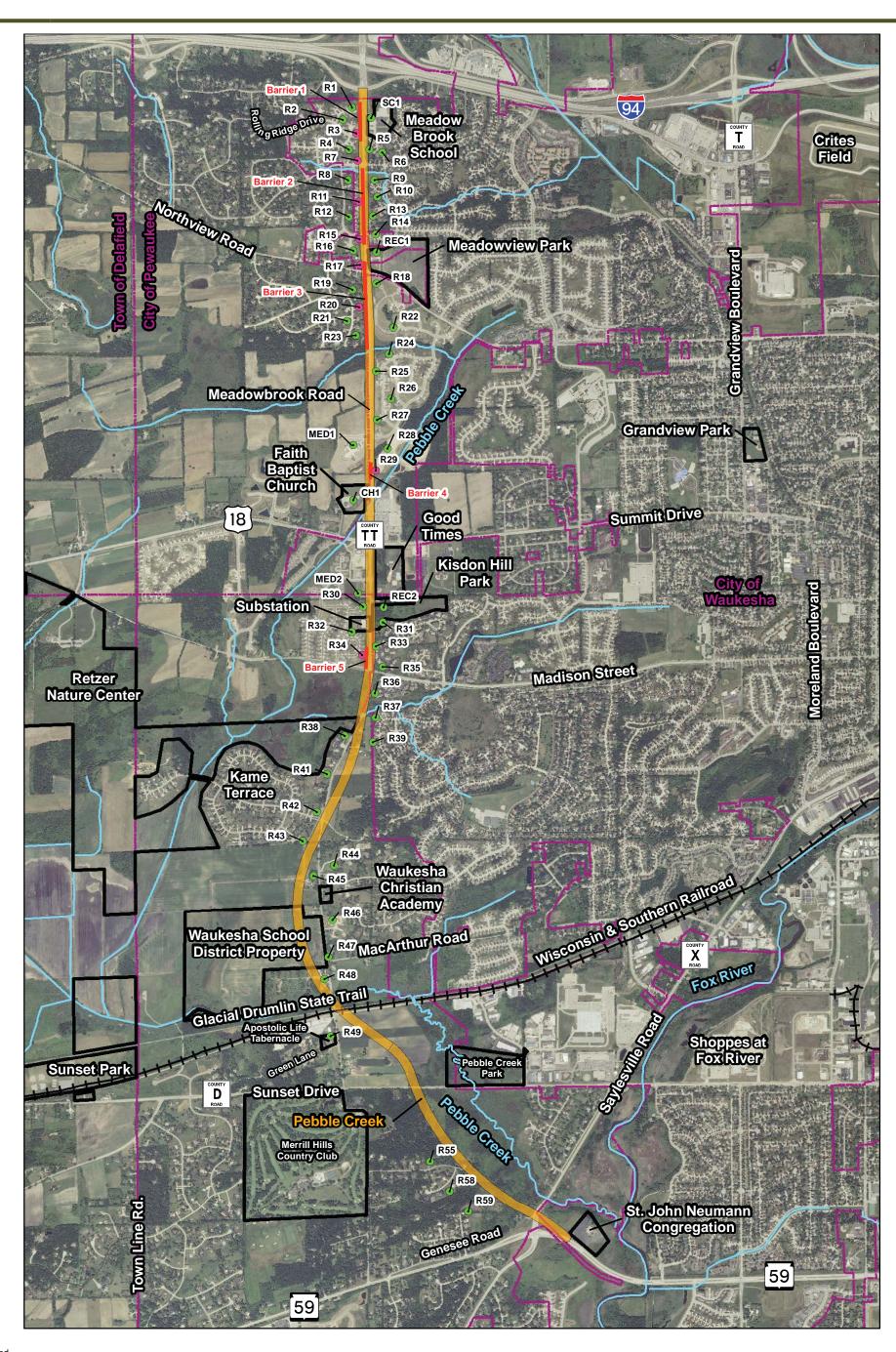
Municipal Boundary

Note Impacted

Note Impacted

Feet

Exhibit 2 **Sunset-to-County X Alternative**



Legend

Noise Receptors

● Not Impacted

● Impacted

Noise Receptors

R

R

N

River/Stream
Railroad
Municipal Boundary

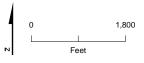
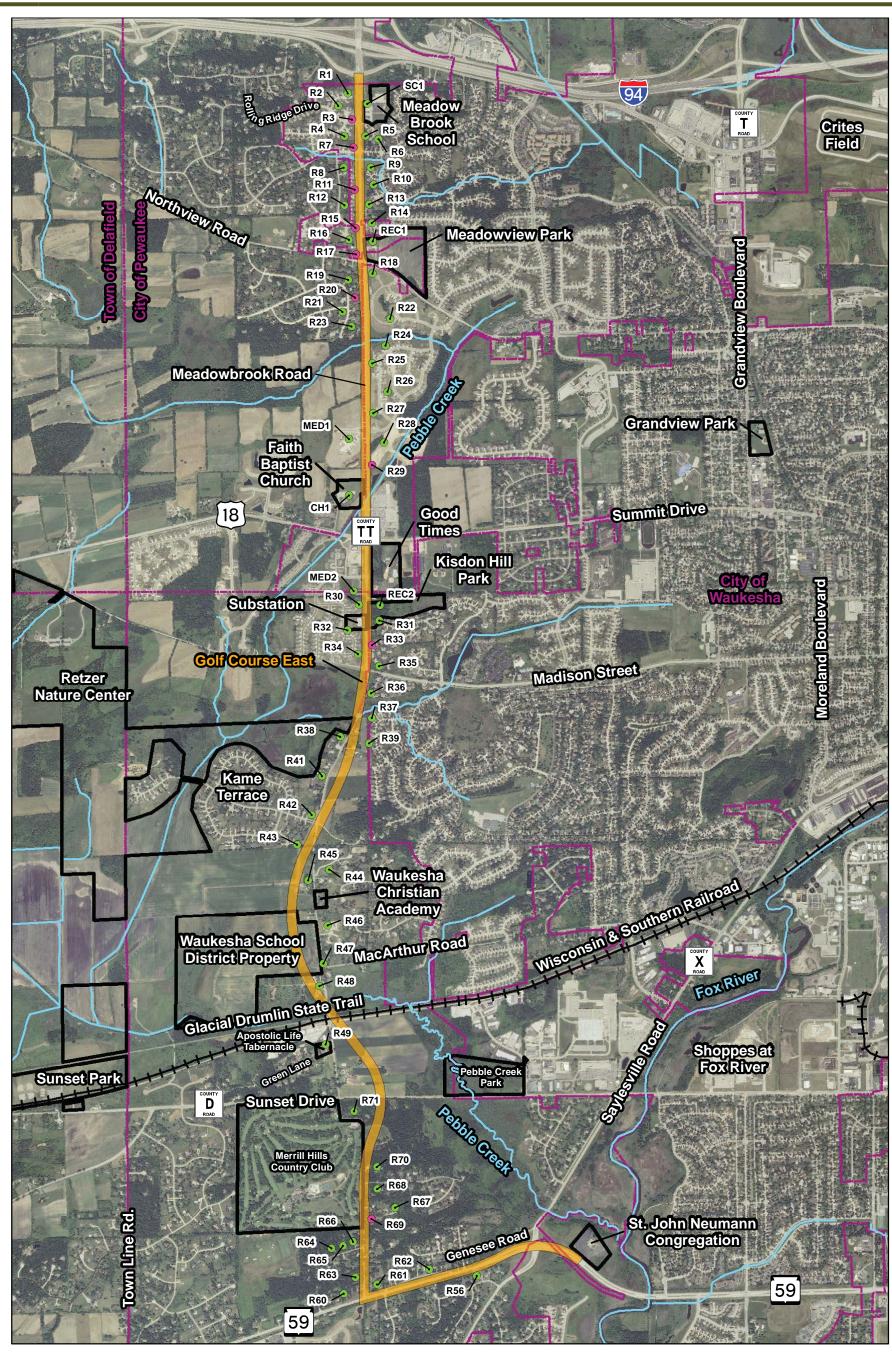


Exhibit 3 **Pebble Creek Alternative**



Legend

Noise Receptors

Not Impacted Impacted

River/Stream Railroad Municipal Boundary

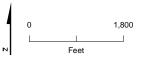
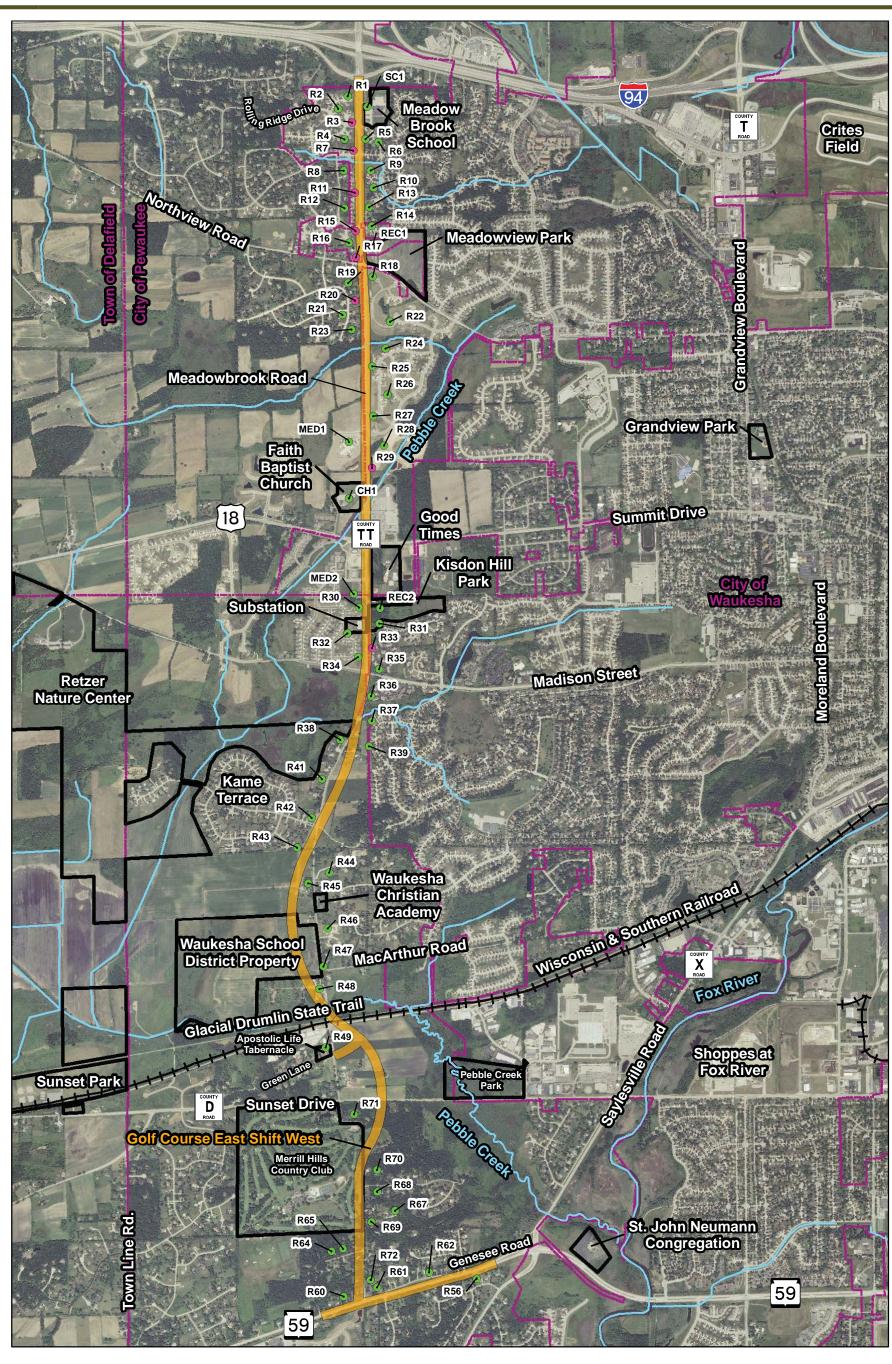


Exhibit 4 **Golf Course East Alternative**



Legend
Noise Receptors

Not Impacted
Impacted

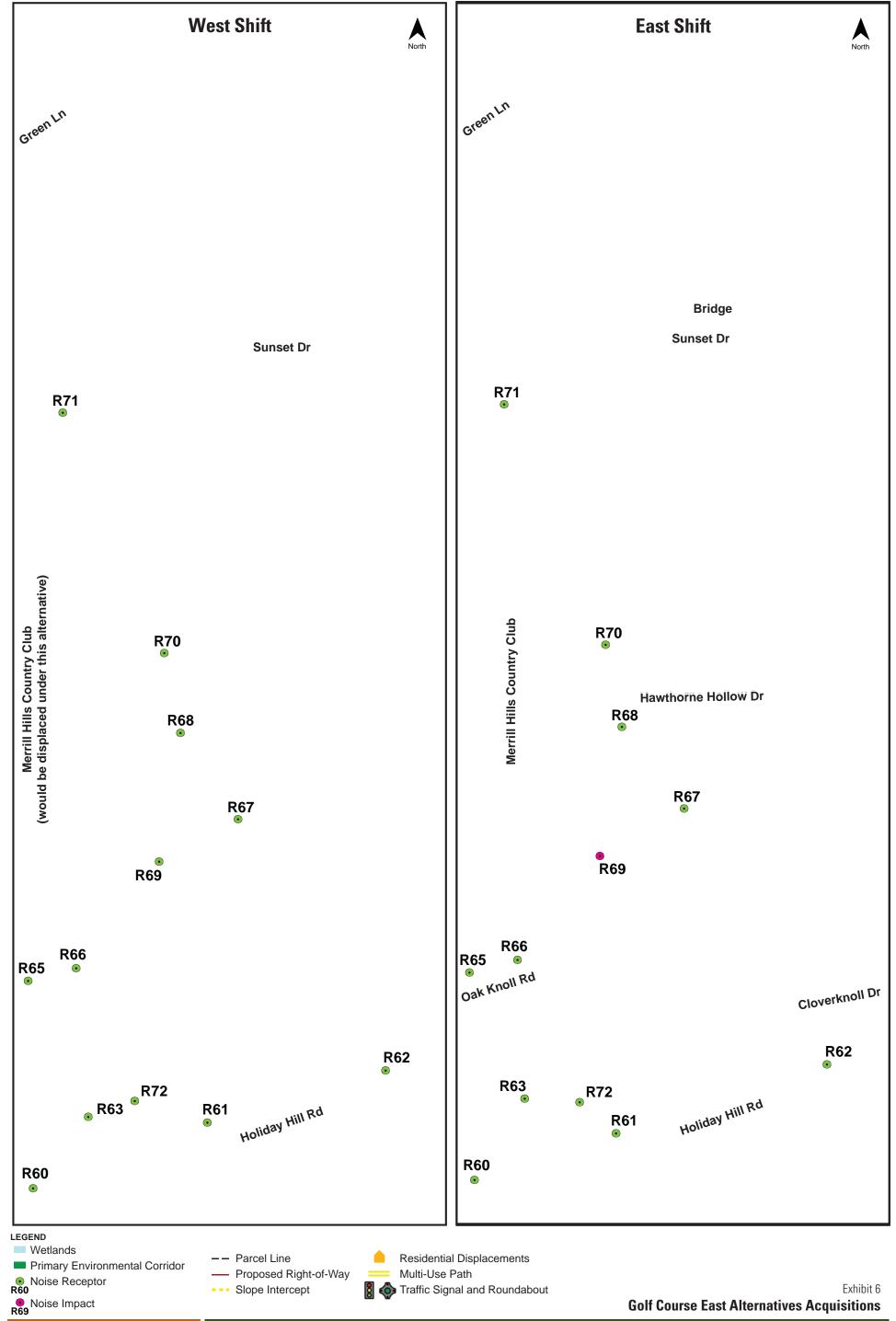
River/Stream
Railroad
Municipal Boundary

Not Impacted

Railroad
Feet
Feet

Golf Course East Shift West Alternative

Exhibit 5



Appendix A

Receiver	# of Receptors Represented	NLC	Existing (dBA) 2010	Preferred Alternative- Sunset to CTH X Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Pebble Creek Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Golf Course East Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative-Golf Course East (Shifted West) Option (dba) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Build Increase Above Existing- Sunset to CTH X	Build Increase Above Existing- Pebble Creek	Build Increase Above Existing- Golf Course East	Build Increase Above Existing-Golf Course East (Farther West)
R01	3	66	56	61	229	61	229	61	229	61	229	5	5	5	5
R02	6	66	50	55	426	56	426	56	426	56	426	5	6	6	6
R03	5	66	59	<u>66</u>	139	<u>66</u>	139	<u>66</u>	139	<u>66</u>	139	7	7	7	7
R04	4	66	53	59	301	59	301	59	301	59	301	6	6	6	6
R05	7	66	60	65	143	65	143	65	143	65	143	5	5	5	5
R06	7	66	50	56	411	56	411	56	411	56	411	6	6	6	6
R07	1	66	60	<u>67</u>	117	<u>67</u>	117	<u>67</u>	117	<u>67</u>	117	7	7	7	7
R08	5	66	52	58	321	58	321	58	321	58	321	6	6	6	6
R09	2	66	54	59	248	59	248	59	248	59	248	5	5	5	5
R10	2	66	52	57	301	57	301	57	301	57	301	5	5	5	5
R11	22	66	61	<u>68</u>	95	<u>69</u>	95	<u>69</u>	95	<u>69</u>	95	7	8	8	8
R12	3	66	52	58	308	58	308	58	308	58	308	6	6	6	6
R13	3	66	57	61	202	62	202	62	202	62	202	4	5	5	5
R14	3	66	55	60	250	60	250	60	250	60	250	5	5	5	5
R15	1	66	61	<u>68</u>	100	<u>69</u>	100	<u>69</u>	100	<u>69</u>	100	7	8	8	8
R16	3	66	55	61	250	61	250	61	250	61	250	6	6	6	6
R17	2	66	61	<u>67</u>	117	<u>68</u>	117	<u>68</u>	117	<u>68</u>	117	6	7	7	7
R18	1	66	59	63	201	63	201	63	201	63	201	4	4	4	4
R19	2	66	54	60	311	61	311	61	311	61	311	6	7	7	7
R20	4	66	58	<u>67</u>	194	<u>67</u>	194	<u>67</u>	194	<u>67</u>	194	9	9	9	9
R21	4	66	52	58	471	58	471	58	471	58	471	6	6	6	6
R22	6	66	50	54	516	55	516	55	516	55	516	4	5	5	5
R23	2	66	57	63	287	63	287	63	287	63	287	6	6	6	6
R24	3	66	53	56	420	57	420	57	420	57	420	3	4	4	4
R25	7	66	61	65	141	65	141	65	141	65	141	4	4	4	4
R26	11	66	49	53	464	53	464	53	464	53	464	4	4	4	4
R27	3	66	57	60	161	61	161	61	161	61	161	3	4	4	4
R28	20	66	51	55	385	55	385	55	385	55	385	4	4	4	4
R29	16	66	63	<u>66</u>	132	<u>66</u>	132	<u>66</u>	132	<u>66</u>	132	3	3	3	3
R30	1	66	60	64	158	64	158	64	158	64	158	4	4	4	4

Receiver	# of Receptors Represented	NLC	Existing (dBA) 2010	Preferred Alternative- Sunset to CTH X Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Pebble Creek Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Golf Course East Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative-Golf Course East (Shifted West) Option (dba) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Build Increase Above Existing- Sunset to CTH X	Build Increase Above Existing- Pebble Creek	Build Increase Above Existing- Golf Course East	Build Increase Above Existing-Golf Course East (Farther West)
R31	2	66	56	63	264	63	264	63	264	63	264	7	7	7	7
R32	8	66	53	58	401	58	401	58	401	58	401	5	5	5	5
R33	4	66	62	<u>68</u>	113	<u>68</u>	113	<u>68</u>	113	<u>68</u>	113	6	6	6	6
R34	6	66	57	65	175	<u>66</u>	175	<u>66</u>	175	<u>66</u>	175	8	9	8	8
R35	6	66	59	62	285	63	285	63	285	63	285	3	4	4	4
R36	6	66	64	64	205	65	205	65	205	65	205	0	1	1	1
R37	2	66	55	58	310	58	310	58	310	58	310	3	3	3	3
R38	6	66	60	63	270	64	270	64	270	64	270	3	4	4	4
R39	4	66	51	57	351	57	351	57	351	57	351	6	6	6	6
R40	Acq	66		Acq		Acq		Acq		Acq					
R41	5	66	61	58	380	58	380	59	380	59	380	-3	-3	-2	-2
R42	2	66	58	61	217	61	217	61	217	61	217	3	3	3	3
R43	1	66	53	60	212	60	212	60	212	60	212	7	7	7	7
R44	2	66	54	54	612	55	612	55	612	55	612	0	1	1	1
R45	7	66	63	59	267	60	267	60	267	60	267	-4	-3	-3	-3
R46	2	66	57	49	743	50	743	50	743	50	743	-8	-7	-7	-7
R47	3	66	70	56	440	57	440	57	440	57	440	-14	-13	-13	-13
R48	5	66	60	53	142	54	142	54	142	54	142	-7	-6	-6	-6
R49	1	66	60	50	529	51	583	52	504	53	263	-10	-9	-8	-7
R50	7	66	60	65	161							5			
R51	3	66	63	<u>67</u>	217							4			
R52	7	66	54	58	520							4			
R53	6	66	61	<u>67</u>	178							6			
R54	3	66	50	53	743							3			
R55	1	66	43			56	434						13		
R56	10	66	58					59	186	61	186			1	3
R57	6	66	65	<u>70</u>	121							5			
R58	2	66	44			55	606						11		
R59	3	66	48			55	659						7		
R60	1	66	58					59	485	60	279			1	2

Appendix A: Summary of Peak Hour Noise Levels

Receiver	# of Receptors Represented	NLC	Existing (dBA)	Preferred Alternative- Sunset to CTH X Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Pebble Creek Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative- Golf Course East Option (dBA) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Preferred Alternative-Golf Course East (Shifted West) Option (dba) 2035	Distance from Receptor to Nearest Proposed Roadway (feet)	Build Increase Above Existing- Sunset to CTH X	Build Increase Above Existing- Pebble Creek	Build Increase Above Existing- Golf Course East	Build Increase Above Existing-Golf Course East (Farther West)
R61	3	66	59					63	238	61	238			4	2
R62	12	66	58					59	247	60	247			1	2
R63	4	66	57					61	237	Acq				4	
R64	2	66	48					52	746	55	545			4	7
R65	2	66	50					56	500	59	304			6	9
R66	4	66	54					59	291	Acq				5	
R67	2	66	47					54	582	52	780			7	5
R68	2	66	55					61	205	57	405			6	2
R69	4	66	57					<u>70</u>	85	59	287			13	2
R70	2	66	52					61	193	57	380			9	5
R71	3	66	60					60	535	60	539			0	0
R72	1	66	59					Acq		61	276				2
SC1	1	66	52	58	180	58	180	58	180	58	180	6	6	6	6
REC1	1	66	55	59	249	59	249	59	249	59	249	4	4	4	4
REC2	1	66	56	63	285	63	285	63	285	63	285	7	7	7	7
CH1	1	66	54	59	253	60	253	60	253	59	253	5	6	6	6
MED1	1	66	54	59	354	59	354	59	354	59	354	5	5	5	5
MED2	1	66	55	60	313	60	313	60	313	60	313	5	5	5	5

⁻⁻ signifies that the receptor is outside of the range of influence of the Build Alternative. Acq: signifies that the receptor is acquired under the Build Alternative.

R= residence

SC= school

REC= park

CH= church

MED=medical facility

RARE REPTILE REVIEW

For

West Waukesha Bypass I-94 to WIS 59 Waukesha County, WI WisDOT Project I.D. 2788-01-00

April 23, 2012

By:

Gary S. Casper, Ph.D. Great Lakes Ecological Services, LLC P.O. Box 375, Slinger, WI 53086-0375 262-689-4095, gc@greatlakeseco.com

For:

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1. Background

Waukesha County, in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), is preparing an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for transportation improvements between IH-94 and WIS 59 on the west side of the City of Waukesha. The objective is to provide a north-south link between IH-94 and WIS 59 that will complete the existing partial circumferential "beltline" around the City of Waukesha. The EIS will evaluate alternatives for providing a north-south arterial highway between IH-94 and WIS 59 using a combination of existing highways and new alignments.

The alternatives addressed in this study are shown in Figure 1 and addressed in planning documents (http://waukeshabypass.org/). The Natural Heritage Inventory lists 23 element occurrences for township Tier 6 North, Range 19 East (Appendix A), including 1 amphibian, 7 plants, 3 mussels, a bird rookery, 6 natural communities, 2 reptiles, and 3 fish. Of these, 13 were called out as being within or near the study area in Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Endangered Resource reviews (Table 1; Millmann 2005, 2010). Pebble Creek is also classified as a trout stream, and the study area contains the Pebble Creek Natural Area and primary environmental corridor.

This study addresses the state-listed reptile species identified in the project area by the Endangered Resource Reviews: Blanding's turtle (*Emydoidea blandingii*) and Butler's gartersnake (*Thamnophis butleri*). These species were determined to be present within the anticipated project area by the WDNR, Bureau of Endangered Resources (Millmann, *op. cit.*). Critical habitat for these species in the project area is assessed, and recommendations made on avoidance and conservation measures, including measures WisDOT may incorporate into construction contract special provisions to eliminate or reduce impacts. Information provided may be utilized for an Incidental Take Authorization (if required) in consultation with the WDNR, Bureau of Endangered Resources. More general wildlife conservation and biodiversity issues are also discussed, with several other species of conservation interest identified.

Table 1: Wisconsin Natural Heritage Inventory Elements for the Study Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status
Elktoe mussel	Alasmidonta marginata	Special Concern Mussel
Slippershell mussel	Alasmidonta viridis	Threatened Mussel
Blanding's turtle	Emydoidea blandingii	Threatened Turtle
Butler's gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	Threatened Snake
Lake chubsucker	Erimyzon sucetta	Special Concern Fish
Common bog arrow	Triglochin maritima	Special Concern Plant
Forked aster	Aster furcatus	Threatened Plant
Northern yellow lady's slipper	Cypripedium parviflorum var. makasin	Special Concern Plant
Small white lady's slipper	Cypripedium candidum	Threatened Plant
Swamp agrimony	Agrimonia parviflora	Special Concern Plant
Yellow evening primrose	Calylophus serrulatus	Special Concern Plant
Mesic prairie		Special Concern Community
Southern dry forest		Special Concern Community

2. Methods

The geographic focus of this study was on the preliminary alternatives proposed in the area along Pebble Creek, from MacArthur Road to the confluence with the Fox River (Figure 1; Tier 6 North, Range 19 East, Sections 7, 8, 9, 16, 17 and 18). In addition to the WDNR Endangered Resource reviews, data were examined from the Wisconsin Herp Atlas (UWM Field Station), the State Wildlife Action Plan (WDNR 2005), and observations were provided by the Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC). A field inspection was made on 2 December 2011 to examine habitat conditions (no snow cover was present). Environmental and alternatives data were provided in GIS format by CH2M Hill and SEWRPC.

3. Results

3.1 Overall Review

No amphibians or reptiles were observed on the site visit, as all were in winter dens sites and not detectable at the time. Numerous crayfish burrows were observed in the Pebble Creek floodplain, probably occupied by the state Special Concern prairie crayfish (*Procambarus gracilis*), and/or the devil crayfish (*Cambarus diogenes*). These are primary burrowing

species (Hobbs and Jass 1988) which build extensive networks of underground burrows topped by "chimneys" of excavated mudballs. These burrows are important habitat for many other wildlife species, serving as summer drought retreats, winter den sites, and year round shelter for numerous frogs, snakes, salamanders and insects. Spring trapping surveys could determine the crayfish species.

Many species were determined as potentially present based on the assessment, as without dedicated surveys their presence cannot be known with certainty. Databases queried, such as the Wisconsin Natural Heritage Inventory and Wisconsin Herp Atlas, are presence-only data, which have many Type II (false absences) and occasional Type I (false presences) errors, so interpretation of these data requires careful scrutiny and qualitative assessment of Type II errors based on habitat present and species' known ranges and habitat preferences. For example, while no records exist for prairie crayfish in the project area, the habitat is suitable, within the known range, and there is ample evidence of the presence of some species of burrowing crayfish based on observed burrows, so their presence is considered highly likely, but cannot be confirmed without actual surveys or an incidental record. Records are available for the two state Threatened reptile species (Blanding's turtle, Butler's gartersnake) from the Pebble Creek corridor.

The data review produced a list of 27 species of amphibians and reptiles potentially native to the project area (Table 2). Of these, one is considered extirpated (state Endangered Blanchard's cricket frog), two are state Threatened (Blanding's turtle, Butler's gartersnake), and four are ranked as Special Concern (American bullfrog, pickerel frog, northern leopard frog, plains gartersnake). One crayfish and one mammal were also identified as potentially present species of conservation concern. The status of Butler's and plains gartersnakes in the area is complicated with recent research indicating that both species, hybrids and/or an unclassified taxa may be present (Fitzpatrick et al. 2008, Placyk et al. 2012).

3.2 Blanding's Turtle Review

Blanding's turtles occupy various wetland types, but are most common in wetlands with abundant vegetation which support their primarily invertebrate food base, especially crayfish. They occupy both permanent and temporary wetlands, but favor shallow temporary wetlands in early spring when fat reserves depleted during winter dormancy are restored by exploiting abundant aquatic invertebrates and amphibians in warm shallow temporary wetlands. Hibernation typically takes place in more permanent or flowing water, or springs, but is sometimes semi-terrestrial, by burrowing under sedge hummocks. Other critical habitat components include nesting areas of well drained sand or gravel soils with good sun exposure, and terrestrial foraging areas in woodlands and meadows typically utilized in midto late- summer. Blanding's turtles often move considerable distances, especially during nesting season. Turtle movements between all these habitat components can be easily compromised by impassable anthropomorphic barriers such as roads and large expanses of developed areas (i.e. parking lots, subdivisions, golf courses, agriculture). In southeastern Wisconsin, Blanding's turtles are therefore typically constrained to stream corridors where

habitat connectivity is more intact, and in all but the largest remaining natural areas they are highly endangered.

In the project area Blanding's turtles are known from the Pebble Creek environmental corridor from observational data (Wisconsin Herp Atlas) and can be assumed to also occupy the contiguous Fox River environmental corridor. Detailed assessment of critical habitat use areas and movement corridors is best evaluated by obtaining several seasons of radio tracking data to document the habitat use and movement patterns of individual turtles, which data have not been collected. However, based on available habitat and known life history features of the species (Ernst and Lovich 2009), turtles on this landscape most likely prefer the slow backwaters of the Fox River, and shallow floodplain basins along Pebble Creek and the Fox River, occasionally entering the main stream channels, especially for winter dormancy. They probably utilize all wetland types in these stream corridors during various times of the year, as well as upland meadows, woodlots and shrub habitats in mid- to late- summer. Nesting may occur anywhere dry, well drained, sun exposed soils are sparsely vegetated, and could include roadside shoulders, railroad embankments, gravel driveways, residential gardens, and dry hillsides.

3.3 Butler's Gartersnake Review

Systematic surveys have not been conducted for Butler's gartersnakes throughout the study area, but they are known from the Pebble Creek environmental corridor and Pebble Creek Wetlands Natural Area (unpublished data, WDNR, Wisconsin Herp Atlas), and likely occur in suitable habitat throughout the Fox River environmental corridor as well (Figure 2). Butler's gartersnakes utilize all wetland types except aquatic (standing water) habitats, but prefer open canopy habitats with established ground cover of grasses and forbs. They also utilize most types of grassland and shrub uplands, so long as suitable denning sites are nearby. They typically are most abundant in low-lying grassland and shrubland adjacent to open wetland types such as sedge meadow and wet prairie, or similar habitats in stream floodplains, where denning sites are provided mostly by burrowing crayfish. In the project area, suitable habitat is constrained mostly by roads and developments, but the highest quality habitat lies along Pebble Creek immediately north and south of Sunset Dr., where low lying and diverse grassland/shrub habitat is riddled with crayfish burrows providing summer refuges and winter den sites for the snakes. The Pebble Creek Wetlands Natural Area includes some, but not of all, of this highest quality habitat area. Habitat quality is more compromised along the Fox River, being first more constrained in area by adjacent development, and second being more wooded, with less ground vegetation, and having more dense stands of reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) and cattail (*Typha* sp.) that do not provide the structural diversity preferred by snakes.

Table 2. Amphibian, Reptile, Mammal and Crayfish Assessment in the Project Area.

	e, Mammal and Crayfish Assess		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Status*	Status in study area
AMPHIBIANS	4 , 11 1 1	EMB CCCM	P. J. J. J.
Blanchard's cricket frog	Acris blanchardi	END, SGCN	Extirpated
Eastern American toad	Anaxyrus americanus americanus		Probably common, but no records available
Cope's gray treefrog	Hyla chrysoscelis		Probably rare, but no records available
Gray treefrog	Hyla versicolor		Probably locally common, but no records available
American bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus	SG	Probably common, but no records available
Northern green frog	Lithobates clamitans melanota		Probably common, but few records available
Pickerel frog	Lithobates palustris	SC, SGCN	Unknown, probably rare or absent
Northern leopard frog	Lithobates pipiens	SC	Probably locally common, but only old records available
Wood frog	Lithobates sylvaticus		Unknown, probably rare or absent
Spring peeper	Pseudacris crucifer		Probably locally uncommon, no records available
Chorus frog	Pseudacris maculata / triseriata	SGCN	Probably common, but only old records available. The taxonomy of this species complex is uncertain in this region (Lemmon et al. 2007).
Blue-spotted salamander	Ambystoma laterale		Probably locally common, but no records available
Spotted salamander	Ambystoma maculatum		Unknown, probably rare or absent
Eastern tiger salamander	Ambystoma tigrinum		Probably locally common, but no records available
Central newt	Notophthalmus viridescens louisianensis		Unknown, probably rare or absent
REPTILES			
Eastern milksnake	Lampropeltis triangulum triangulum		Probably locally uncommon, only general records available
Smooth greensnake	Opheodrys vernalis		Probably rare or absent, but no records available
Dekay's brownsnake	Storeria dekayi		Probably locally common, only general records available
Northern red-bellied snake	Storeria occipitomaculata occipitomaculata		Unknown, possibly locally common, but no records available
Butler's gartersnake	Thamnophis butleri	THR, SGCN	Locally common, but taxonomy uncertain (Placyk et al. 2012)
Plains gartersnake	Thamnophis radix	SC	Unknown, possibly locally uncommon, but taxonomy uncertain (Placyk et al. 2012)
Eastern gartersnake	Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis		Probably locally common, but no records available
Eastern spiny softshell	Apalone spinifera spinifera		Probably locally uncommon in Fox River and Pebble Creek, but no records available
Eastern snapping turtle	Chelydra serpentina serpentina		Probably locally common, but no records available

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status*	Status in study area
Midland painted turtle	Chrysemys picta marginata		Probably locally common, but no records available
Blanding's turtle	Emydoidea blandingii	THR, SGCN	Locally rare, one record available
Eastern musk turtle	Sternotherus odoratus		Probably locally uncommon in Fox
			River and Pebble Creek, but no records available
MAMMALS			
Least weasel	Mustela nivalis	SC	Probably locally common, but no records available
CRAYFISH			
Prairie crayfish	Procambarus gracilis	SC	Many burrows present that are probably this species, no surveys performed

Table 2. Amphibian, Reptile, Mammal and Crayfish Assessment in the Project Area.

4. Alternatives Analysis

4.1 Golf Course East

The Golf Course East alignment alternative (Figure 1) would have the least environmental impact on the rare reptiles and other resources reviewed, as impacts to existing habitat would be limited to the Pebble Creek stream crossings south of MacArthur and Northview roads, which can be adequately mitigated by proper designs for wildlife ecopassages.

4.2 Pebble Creek West/Far West

The Pebble Creek West/Far West alignment alternative (Figure 1) would have the second least environmental impact on the rare reptiles and other resources reviewed. Impacts are limited to, a) further constraining the western extent of the existing contiguous Pebble Creek habitat area between County Hwy X and MacArthur Road with a new roadway barrier (thereby reducing the contiguous habitat area available by disconnecting the upland habitats on top of the western slope from the stream valley habitats); b) additional noise, air and light pollution; and c) potential alterations to ground water flow, floodplain hydrology, and increased water pollution.

From island biogeography theory (MacArthur and Wilson 1967) we know that the following factors influence species richness in a habitat patch:

- a) degree of isolation (richness declines with increasing distance to nearest neighboring habitat patch, and with the difficulty of traversing possible connecting corridors)
- b) length of isolation (richness declines with time as species are extirpated)
- c) size (larger area usually facilitates higher richness, by reducing the probability of extinction due to chance events and providing greater habitat diversity)

^{*-} END = Endangered (Wisconsin Natural Heritage Working List), SC = Special Concern (Wisconsin Natural Heritage Working List), SGCN = Species of Greatest Conservation Need (State Wildlife Action Plan), THR = Threatened (Wisconsin Natural Heritage Working List)

- d) habitat suitability (richness increases with habitat diversity and quality)
- e) initial species composition at the time of isolation (founder effect)
- f) location relative to species movement patterns (higher richness where connecting habitat corridors are available)
- g) serendipity (the impacts of chance arrivals)
- h) human activity (which may assist immigration, or suppress population levels)

From population biology, we know that smaller habitat patches support smaller and fewer populations owing to resource constraints (less space, less food, less habitat diversity). The extirpation of any particular species, or the degree of population reduction that would result from a particular reduction in habitat size, is hard to predict with many parameters influencing reduction rates. However, in most urban settings where habitat patches are slowly reduced in size by development whittling away at their edges over time, the cumulative effect is quite predictable. The typical pattern is a rapid loss of more sensitive species, followed by more gradual losses of more tolerant species, until a plateau of lower species diversity is reached. This pattern of species losses has been documented in Milwaukee County for floristic, breeding bird, amphibian and reptile species richness (Leitner et al. 2008), and should apply equally well to mammal, fish, and invertebrate species richness.

The Pebble Creek West/Far West alignment alternative is therefore expected to contribute to further reductions in overall species diversity supported in the Pebble Creek valley habitat patch, by increasing isolation and decreasing habitat area. This process of habitat reduction has been cumulative and progressive on this landscape for many decades, and historically occurring species such as black bear (*Ursus americanus*) and bobcat (*Lynx rufus*) have long since been lost, suggesting that an initial rapid loss of species richness has already played out. Of the likely remaining species, further habitat losses will disproportionately affect species which have relatively larger habitat area requirements (such as the state Threatened Blanding's turtle and potentially occurring Special Concern least weasel), and sensitive species requiring particular habitats more affected by this alignment (i.e. upland forest, open woodland and shrubby edge habitat), including potentially occurring breeding birds such as the state Special Concern yellow-billed cuckoo (Coccyzus americanus), red-headed woodpecker (Melanerpes erythrocephalus) and brown thrasher (Toxostoma rufum). Blanding's turtles are also at risk from traffic mortality, especially during the nesting season when they travel upslope to seek dry sunny nesting sites. This alignment would attract nesting turtles to the dry gravel road shoulders, so precautions (barriers) are warranted to prevent turtles from accessing the traffic lanes. The amount of Butler's gartersnake habitat loss expected from this alignment is fairly limited and is not considered significant to the species population viability (Figure 2).

Potential alterations to ground water flow from the slope west of the Pebble Creek valley could affect water quality, water temperature, and soil and vegetation characteristics downslope. These in turn are important habitat quality and suitability criteria for many wildlife species, such as coldwater fishes, the burrowing crayfish and the Threatened Butler's gartersnake. Burrowing crayfish utilize friable (easily crumbled) soils with shallow water

tables for building burrows which provide retreats and successful overwintering for many other species. Shallow water tables also keep prey such as earthworms available near the surface for species such as Butler's gartersnake, American woodcock (*Scolopax minor*), and star-nosed mole (*Condylura cristata*). Changes in vegetative communities following changes in soil saturation can also affect a variety of species in differing ways, especially where invasive species may encroach and reduce structural and biotic diversity. Therefore extra care should be taken to ensure that soil and ground water characteristics of this system are preserved. Some of these concerns could be mitigated to some extent as described below.

4.3 Sunset-to-County X

Of the alternative alignments reviewed, the Sunset-to-County X alternative (Figure 1) would have the most environmental impact on the rare reptiles and other resources reviewed. This alternative would reduce the habitat area available by expanding the width of Sunset Drive, thereby degrading the existing Pebble Creek Wetlands Natural Area with an expanded barrier to wildlife movements, and further decrease adjacent habitat quality with additional noise, air and light pollution, and potentially alter ground water flow, floodplain hydrology, and increase water pollution. Alterations to ground water flow and floodplain hydrology could be particularly detrimental to existing floodplain vegetation communities and species such as burrowing crayfish and Butler's gartersnake which are dependant upon the existing water table for portions of their life cycle. Some of these concerns could be mitigated to some extent as described below.

5. Conservation Recommendations

Provisions to eliminate, reduce and monitor impacts to the species assessed are addressed here. These conservation measures include: ecopassages, habitat avoidance, exclusion barriers, habitat management and monitoring for quality assurance (Millmann 2005). The primary objective is to ensure that the viability of the Threatened Species and the communities upon which they depend are not likely to be compromised by the project.

5.1. Ecopassages

Wherever there is habitat on both sides of an existing or proposed roadway, ecopassages are recommended so that wildlife can safely pass under the road. This allows for continued genetic exchange across roadways, use of habitat areas on both sides of the roadway during the normal life cycle of wildlife species, and increases traffic safety by reducing automobile-wildlife collisions. Properly designed ecopassages with well placed barriers are used by many wildlife species that cause extensive and costly damage to automobiles every year. In southeastern Wisconsin species that have been observed using ecopassages include deer, raccoon, opossum, woodchuck, house cat, weasels, mink, gray squirrel, turtles, snakes and frogs.

Ecopassage designs are recommended for all stream crossings on the project, with additional ecopassages placed in strategic upland areas at important habitat areas (Figure 3). The exact placement and design of these ecopassages should be addressed in final design stages, when alignments are known. In general, ecopassages are usually placed at low points on the landscape, including along streams, and at the toe of slopes perpendicular to the roadway alignment. Ecopassage success improves with larger size, better lighting, shorter length, cover within the passage, and straightness. Larger size accommodates more and larger wildlife species and decreases potential predator exploitation (where predators lie in wait at entrances). Better lighting, shorter length, cover availability, and straightness appear to increase use by reducing wildlife reluctance to enter constrained spaces where they may be at risk of being trapped or ambushed. Upon discovering an ecopassage animals typically perform a risk assessment before entering. For many species, if the exit is visible, cover is available along the way, and the passage not too constraining and "trap-like", they are more likely to risk a dash to the other side. For other species, typically semi-fossorial or burrowing species that are comfortable entering small tunnels (i.e. snakes, frogs, weasels), these factors are less important, but small size ecopassages also become more risky if predators learn to exploit them and capture animals as they emerge from small exits.

Lighting ecopassages is important for maximizing the vegetation that can be established for wildlife cover and erosion control. This can be accomplished by choosing placements where the shortest length is achieved, lighting shoulders and medians by large grates, and choosing bridge spans over culvert designs, which raise elevations and allow for more light to enter.

All ecopassages should include roadway barriers to discourage wildlife from crossing over the roadways and direct animals towards the ecopassage underpass. These walls, fences and landscaping can be designed in various ways suitable to the local conditions, and should extend from both sides of the ecopassage entrance to some natural landscape feature which serves as a natural wildlife movement feature, such as a wetland edge, rise in elevation, or edge of a development. The length and type of barrier is landscape and design specific, and local conditions should be evaluated by a wildlife biologist familiar with the local wildlife species and their habitat preferences and typical movement patterns. For aquatic species (fishes, turtles), in-stream barriers should be assessed in design, such that high flows and stream bed structures do not act as barriers. Backwater pools where small fishes can rest can be designed where flows become more rapid by constraining the stream channel size or increasing the slope.

Ecopassages at stream crossings should be designed to first accommodate the stream flow, and second provide a dry shoreline pathway at a higher elevation that has additional cover for wildlife. The dry shelf will attract a greater diversity of wildlife into the ecopassage, and can be designed to be occasionally inundated during flood events. In such cases, structure and vegetation should be designed to withstand expected flood flows. The pathways (instream and upland) must be free of barriers to movement, such as vertical steps or large rock beds that are difficult to traverse.

Dry ecopassages are recommended on the Sunset-to-County X and Pebble Creek West/Far West alternatives. Should the Sunset-to-County X alternative be pursued, in addition to ecopassages the stream crossing, dry ecopassages are recommended at the wetland edges as shown in Figure 3. This will improve habitat connectivity and genetic exchange for snakes, frogs, turtles and small mammals across the roadway. Roadway barriers should be installed along the new highway from County X to the Wisconsin Southern Railroad to keep wildlife off the roadway and direct it into the ecopassages.

Should the Pebble Creek West/Far West alternative be pursued, in addition to ecopassages at all stream crossings, two ecopassages are recommended between West Sunset Drive and Highway 59 to reduce fragmentation of the environmental corridor and maintain habitat connectivity (Figure 3). For the southern passage a span is recommended, with elevation sufficient to allow for deer passage through the spanned ravine. For the northern ecopassage a box culvert design is recommended, allowing for a minimum 3 foot clearance. Roadway barriers should be installed on both sides of the new highway from West Sunset Drive and Highway 59 to keep wildlife off the roadway and direct it into the ecopassages.

Example Ecopassages. For more examples and design criteria see Finch (2011) and Beckmann et al. (2010).









5.2 Habitat Avoidance

For habitat avoidance, the Golf Course East alternative is the preferred alternative, followed by Pebble Creek West/Far West, and least preferred is Sunset-to-County X. The Golf Course East alternative already avoids most habitat, but could avoid more habitat if it continued straight north from just south of Sunset Drive, instead of curving east then west and thereby cutting into the primary environmental corridor habitat south of Sunset Drive. Habitat avoidance on the Pebble Creek West/Far West and Sunset-to-County X alternatives has already been maximized to the extent practical by keeping these alternatives as far west as possible to minimize encroachment into the existing primary environmental corridor.

Habitat avoidance may have been confused with avoiding "take" (defined as killing individual animals) in Millmann (2005). These are not the same. In certain instances, life history features of certain species can be exploited so that habitat can be impacted without risk of direct animal mortality. An example is developing critical nesting habitat when birds are overwintering in South America, or developing upland nesting habitats when turtles are in wetland hibernating sites (and assuming that hatchlings do not overwinter at nesting areas). However, destroying habitat still kills animals, the effects are simply delayed to when the animals return to use the habitat and have no where to go. The ongoing declines in neotropical migrants underscore this reality. Therefore, "habitat avoidance", as addressed here, means physically avoiding impacts to existing suitable habitat. If existing habitat is lost, it will reduce the population of the animals utilizing it unless it is replaced through mitigation. Therefore, the statement "The best way to avoid affects to the snakes is to work during their dormant period, which is November 1 through March 15." is not entirely accurate – in such a scenario impacts to snakes would not be entirely avoided. Moreover, numerous instances of upland hibernating sites are now documented for Butler's gartersnakes, so the assertion that certain habitats are only temporarily occupied in a predictable manner is tenuous and not recommended as a basis for regulatory decisions based on sound science. Wherever loss of suitable occupied Butler's gartersnake habitat is proposed, an Incidental Take Authorization is recommended to recognize that mortality is likely to occur. The proper conservation response is to mitigate the mortality so that population viability is preserved. Under the Pebble Creek West/Far West and Sunset-to-County X alternatives suitable habitat for the two listed reptiles, and other species of conservation concern, will be impacted, so an Incidental Take Authorization is recommended for final design, which should address mitigation for habitat loss.

5.3 Exclusion Barriers

Prior to and during construction phases, snake and turtle removal surveys with exclusion barriers can be used to minimize movement into work areas, and move animals out of work areas, to reduce (but not entirely eliminate) mortality. This measure does not avoid "take" (mortality) because both turtles and snakes trespass (cross) fences to some degree, and it is almost impossible to catch and remove every individual. It does, however, significantly minimize "take", and is a worthwhile mitigation measure. For this strategy to achieve value,

suitable habitat areas must be fenced off with trenched in silt fence before work begins, and sufficient time allowed for removal surveys to be conducted, typically by visual searches, trapping and cover object surveys to increase catch. Typically, fence barriers are installed in March, and removal surveys are conducted into early July, then fence barriers are maintained until construction ends. Barrier maintenance can be coordinated with the active seasons of the target species, with turtles and snakes inactive from approximately November 5 through March 15. During inactive periods animals cannot be successfully removed from work areas. Removal areas can be identified when limits of work are defined, and should include all suitable habitat areas to be impacted. The limits of work must include construction staging and access areas.

5.4 Habitat Management

A habitat restoration and management plan should be developed for the preferred alternative which addresses impacted habitat for all listed species and communities of conservation concern. This plan should include seeding and planting of graded areas to appropriate native plant communities (WisDOT should coordinate with WDNR on the appropriate seed mix to use on the highway side slopes), and have a minimum 5-year adaptive monitoring and management plan to ensure that intended plant communities are actually established and not compromised by invasive weeds. Typically, this involves annual weed control measures until native species are established.

For Blanding's turtle habitat management, careful attention should be given to the design of storm water basins, as these often attract turtles, and can be detrimental if turtles are thereby exposed to contaminated runoff. Storm water planning should consider stepped filtration systems, where contaminants are filtered in gravel beds without standing water (can be underground), then cleaner water is released to a vegetated basin suitable for turtle occupancy, before final release into the landscape, preferably through infiltration. In the Pebble Creek valley, care should be taken not to contaminate ground water in storm water filtration designs, as protected species utilize underground retreats flush with groundwater for portions of their life cycles (i.e. prairie crayfish, Blanding's turtle, Butler's gartersnake). Therefore, siting of facilities should take care to avoid sand or gravel lenses connected to groundwater flow.

For Butler's gartersnake habitat management, avoiding changes to hydrology where current high quality habitat supports both burrowing crayfish and snakes (i.e. the Pebble Creek valley) is important. Therefore, site grading analyses should take care to address sand or gravel lenses connected to groundwater flow. Habitat management should include removal of invasive woody shrubs to foster a diverse grass and forb layer.

5.5 Monitoring

The success of the project cannot be properly evaluated without comparing baseline preconstruction conditions with final post-construction conditions, which assessment depends upon reliable monitoring data at both points. Existing baseline conditions should be well described before work begins, including plant and animal inventories (including in-stream fish and macroinvertebrate communities), and photo documentation. After construction ends, a 10-year monitoring plan is recommended to periodically sample restored plant and animal communities to ensure that target focal species are being maintained. These focal species should include both listed species and species of conservation concern (i.e. amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals, crayfish, mussels, plants, etc.). For Butler's gartersnake, cover object surveys can identify active use areas, and mark-recapture studies are necessary to evaluate population level changes (McDiarmid et al. 2012).

Since work on the south end of the project is still some years out, and there is very little actual data on Blanding's turtles in the corridor, it would be very useful to collect data between 2012-2014 for final fine-tuning of the alignment and mitigation measures. Turtles can be captured by hoop net trapping and visual searches, and then radio telemetry with GPS logging used to identify high use areas, movement patterns and critical habitat areas such as nesting sites (McDiarmid et al. 2012). Radio telemetry studies can be accomplished more cheaply and thoroughly than in the past by using GPS logging devices to automate recording of movements, producing accurate maps of turtle movement patterns and pinpointing critical habitat areas such as nesting and overwintering sites. These data could then be used to improve planning for protections or enhancements when the south end of the project is finalized.

Similarly, there is ample time to perform additional biotic survey to confirm the identity of the suspected prairie crayfish (trapping is feasible in early 2013), and any of the other Special Concern species or Species of Greatest Conservation Need mentioned in Table 2, to determine if species are present or not. These data would then be very useful in finalizing plans.

Ecopassage use should also be monitored post-construction for success through various trapping methods (funnel traps, sand traps, camera traps).

5.6 Light and Noise Pollution

Light and noise pollution are emerging concerns as evidence mounts that both factors upset innate behaviors essential to successful animal life cycles, and can induce harmful stress in many animals, including humans (Jaeger and Hailman 1973, Baker 1990, Gerhardt and Huber 2002, Mazerolle et al. 2005, Longcore 2006, Baker and Richardson 2006). For example, birds and frogs may alter calling behaviors and timing, singing louder and during lull periods of human activity, to try to mitigate noise, and normally nocturnal animals alter behaviors in regions of perpetual light. Currently no feasible mechanism exists to control noise on roadways except for local ordinances (such as restricting and enforcing engine braking and decibel levels on motorcycles). Light pollution regulation is in its infancy, but can be addressed by following design recommendations such as those provide by the Dark Sky Society (http://www.darksky.org/).

5.7 Habitat Mitigation Opportunities

Opportunities for mitigation exist for all project alternatives. Habitat losses can be partially mitigated through habitat enhancements as follows.

- A. <u>Habitat Enhancements</u>. Removal of woody invasive shrubs in the Pebble Creek corridor between Hwy 59 and MacArthur Road is recommended to improve wildlife habitat conditions.
- B. Wetland Restoration. The highest value habitat loss mitigation opportunity available is the potential restoration of wetlands currently in agriculture between Sunset Drive and the Wisconsin-Southern Railroad. This wetland restoration should include both ephemeral wetlands which can support amphibians, and a deeper semi-permanent pond attractive to Blanding's turtles. This mitigation is recommended independent of any wetland loss mitigation, although it could potentially serve both purposes. It would be especially beneficial to Blanding's turtles and waterfowl, owing to a lack of existing deep pond habitat in this landscape.
- C. Removal and Restoration of Sunset Drive. Under the Pebble Creek West/Far West alternative, the new roadway will provide alternative traffic routes, and may afford an opportunity to restore the Pebble Creek Wetlands Natural Area by removing Sunset Drive where it bisects these wetlands. A removal design could include a trail on the old roadbed, providing sufficient breaks in the bed are achieved to restore hydrology. The removal of this barrier currently bisecting the Natural Area would be one of the most effective mitigation measures and should be given careful consideration.
- D. <u>Sunset Drive Ecopassages</u>. Under the Pebble Creek West/Far West alternative, if removal and restoration of Sunset Drive is not feasible, then the ecopassages recommended above (5.1.1) for Sunset Drive should still be considered for implementation as a mitigation measure for habitat loss.
- Habitat Management: Active management of the Pebble Creek Natural Area for E. maintaining and improving habitat quality would serve to some degree as an offset to the habitat acreage losses and increased movement barriers imposed by the Pebble Creek West/Far West or Sunset-to-County X alternatives. While habitat patch size and connectivity are important, habitat quality also affects species richness. If invasive species such as reed canary grass become dominant in the Pebble Creek Natural Area and corridor, its value as a natural area and as habitat supporting the species of conservation concern impacted by the highway project will be substantially reduced. Therefore, actively managing this complex would be a legitimate mitigation measure and is recommended. To achieve this, a management plan would need to be produced, initial funding provided (perhaps with an initial establishment budget, including writing the management plan, and an endowment for management in perpetuity), and a party or partners would need to become responsible for the management. Potential partners in a management plan could include the Retzer Nature Center, Waukesha County, the City of Waukesha, the WisDOT, and the Waukesha County Land Conservancy. Any of these entities could pursue additional

funding sources independent of the proposed highway project.

6. Incidental Take Authorization

As discussed above, appropriate documentation for an Incidental Take Authorization (ITA) should be prepared after a preferred alternative is chosen, and if consultations with WDNR conclude that an ITA is needed. Final design should allow for detailed mitigation measures to be developed where needed.

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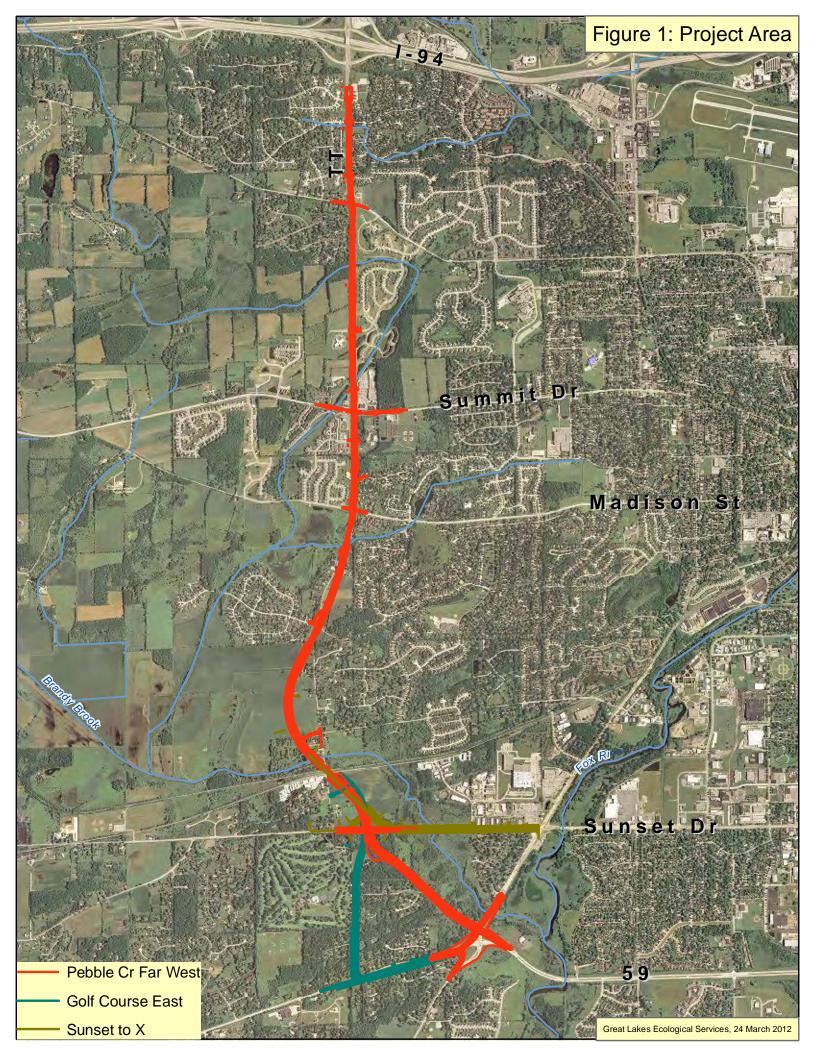
8. Figures

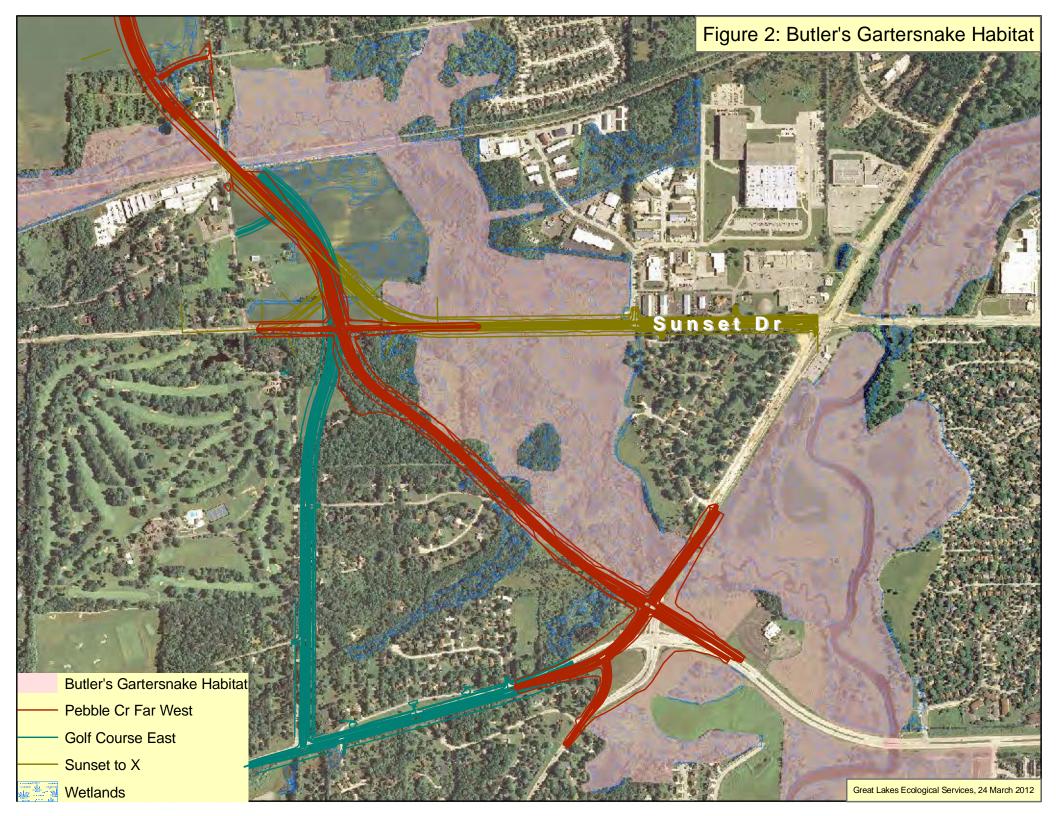
Figure 1: Study Area with Preliminary Alternatives Figure 2: Existing Butler's gartersnake habitat

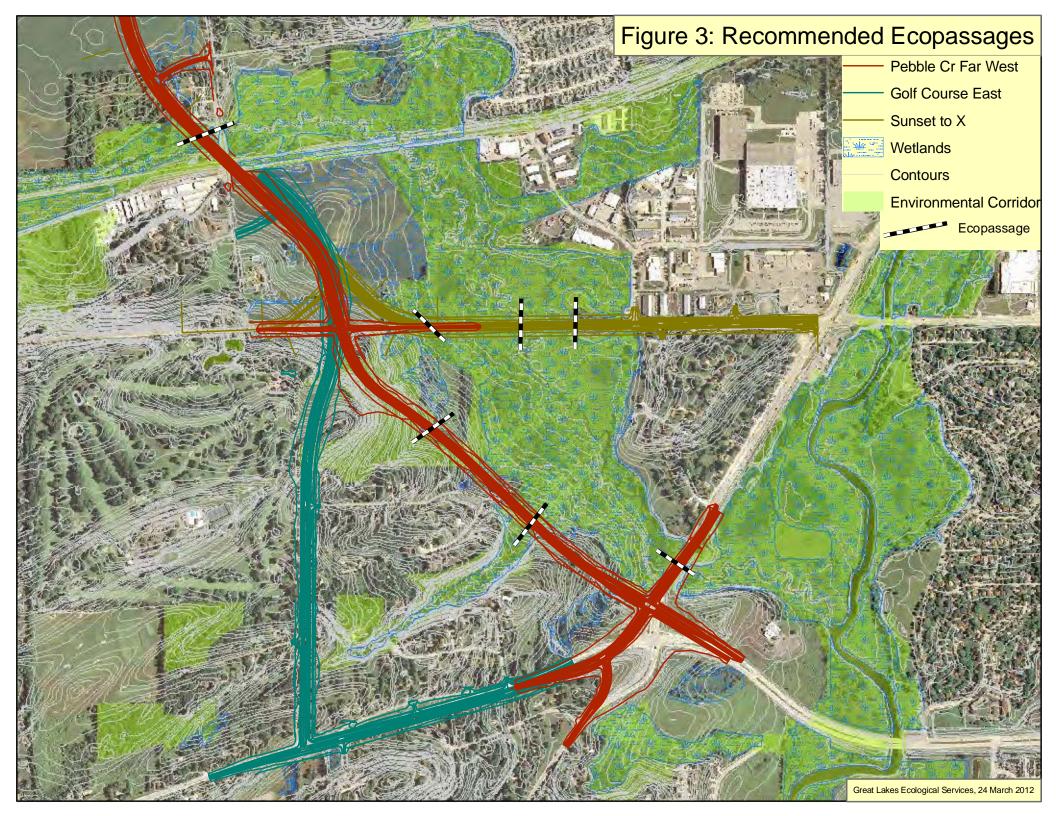
Figure 3: Recommended Ecopassages

9. Appendices

Appendix A: Natural Heritage Inventory Results







Appendix A: Elements by Townrange for Waukesha County

The Natural Heritage Inventory (NHI) database contains recent and historic element (rare species and natural community) observations. A generalized version of the NHI database is provided below as a general reference and should not be used as a substitute for a WI Dept of Natural Resources NHI review of a specific project area. The NHI database is dynamic, records are continually being added and/or updated. The following data are current as of 11/04/2011:

Town Range		0	Fodoral	Ctata	Clabal	
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
Asclepias lanuginosa	Woolly Milkweed	THR		S1	G4?	Plant
Asclepias purpurascens	Purple Milkweed	END		S3	G5?	Plant
Cirsium hillii	Hill's Thistle	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		S4	G4	Plant
Polytaenia nuttallii	Prairie Parsley	THR		S2	G5	Plant
Stenelmis douglasensis	Douglas Stenelmis Riffle Beetle	SC/N		S1S2	G1G3	Beetle~
Tofieldia glutinosa	Sticky False-asphodel	THR		S2S3	G4G5	Plant~
003N023E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
004N015E						
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Oporornis formosus	Kentucky Warbler	THR		S1S2?B	G5	Bird
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
004N016E						
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Oporornis formosus	Kentucky Warbler	THR		S1S2?B	G5	Bird
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
004N017E						
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		S 3	G4	Plant~
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Oak opening	Oak Opening	NA		S1	G1	Community
Shrub-carr	Shrub-carr	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Triglochin palustris	Slender Bog Arrow-grass	SC		\$3	G5	Plant~
004N018E						
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
004N019E						
Lepomis megalotis	Longear Sunfish	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
004N020E						
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		\$3	G3	Plant
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
004N021E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~

Town Range				.		
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
004N022E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
004N023E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
005N016E						
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Oporornis formosus	Kentucky Warbler	THR		S1S2?B	G5	Bird
Thamnophis proximus	Western Ribbonsnake	END		S1	G5	Snake~
Wet-mesic prairie	Wet-mesic Prairie	NA		S2	G2	Community~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
005N017E						
Acris crepitans	Northern Cricket Frog	END		S1	G5	Frog~
Aflexia rubranura	Red-tailed Prairie Leafhopper	END		S2?	G2	Leafhopper
Agalinis auriculata	Earleaf Foxglove	SC		S 1	G3	Plant
Agrimonia parviflora	Swamp Agrimony	SC		S1S2	G5	Plant~
Ammodramus henslowii	Henslow's Sparrow	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Asclepias purpurascens	Purple Milkweed	END		\$3	G5?	Plant
Asclepias sullivantii	Prairie Milkweed	THR		S2S3	G5	Plant
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		\$3	G3	Plant
Bartramia longicauda	Upland Sandpiper	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		\$3	G3	Plant
Buteo lineatus	Red-shouldered Hawk	THR		S3S4B,S1N	G5	Bird~
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian-Plantain	THR		\$3	G4G5	Plant
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		\$3	G3	Community~
Calephelis muticum	Swamp Metalmark	END		S1	G3	Butterfly~
Carex sychnocephala	Many-headed Sedge	SC		S2	G4	Plant~
Cedar glade	Cedar Glade	NA		S4	GNR	Community
Chlidonias niger	Black Tern	SC/M		S2B	G4	Bird~
Copelatus chevrolati	A Predaceous Diving Beetle	SC/N		S1S2	GNR	Beetle~
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		\$3	G4	Plant~
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Eleocharis compressa	Flat-stemmed Spike-rush	SC		S2	G4	Plant~
Eleocharis flavescens var.	Capitate Spike-rush	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
olivacea						
Eleocharis rostellata	Beaked Spike-rush	THR		S2	G5	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S 3	G5	Fish~
Erynnis lucilius	Columbine Dusky Wing	SC/N		S2S3	G4	Butterfly
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		S 3	G5	Fish~
Flexamia prairiana	A Leafhopper	SC/N		S1	GNR	Leafhopper
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		S4	G4	Plant
Hemileuca nevadensis ssp. 3	Midwestern Fen Buckmoth	SC/N		S3	G5T3T4	Moth~
Icteria virens	Yellow-breasted Chat	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird
Liatris spicata	Marsh Blazing Star	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Lithobates palustris	Pickerel Frog	SC/H		S3?	G5	Frog~

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
Memnonia panzeri	A Leafhopper	SC/N		S2S3	GNR	Leafhopper
Mesic prairie	Mesic Prairie	NA		S1	G2	Community
Oak opening	Oak Opening	NA		S 1	G1	Community
Oak woodland	Oak Woodland	NA		S1?	GNR	Community
Oarisma powesheik	Powesheik Skipperling	END	С	S 1	G2G3	Butterfly~
Papaipema beeriana	Liatris Borer Moth	SC/N		S2S3	G2G3	Moth~
Papaipema silphii	Silphium Borer Moth	END		S2S3	G3G4	Moth~
Platanthera leucophaea	Prairie White-fringed Orchid	END	LT	S2	G2G3	Plant~
Podiceps grisegena	Red-necked Grebe	END		S1B	G5	Bird~
Polystichum acrostichoides	Christmas Fern	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Polytaenia nuttallii	Prairie Parsley	THR		S2	G5	Plant
Prenanthes aspera	Rough Rattlesnake-root	END		S1	G4?	Plant
Rallus elegans	King Rail	SC/M		S1B	G4	Bird~
Regina septemvittata	Queensnake	END		S 1	G5	Snake~
Sand prairie	Sand Prairie	NA		S2	GNR	Community
Scleria triglomerata	Whip Nutrush	SC		S2S3	G5	Plant~
Scleria verticillata	Low Nutrush	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
Shrub-carr	Shrub-carr	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Southern dry forest	Southern Dry Forest	NA		\$3	G4	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		\$3	G4	Community
Southern sedge meadow	Southern Sedge Meadow	NA		\$3	G4?	Community~
Spermophilus franklinii	Franklin's Ground Squirrel	SC/N		S2	G5	Mammal
Thamnophis proximus	Western Ribbonsnake	END		S1	G5	Snake~
Tofieldia glutinosa	Sticky False-asphodel	THR		S2S3	G4G5	Plant~
Triglochin palustris	Slender Bog Arrow-grass	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
Vireo bellii	Bell's Vireo	THR		S2B	G5	Bird
Wet-mesic prairie	Wet-mesic Prairie	NA		S2	G2	Community~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
Zigadenus elegans var. glaucus	White Camas	SC		S2S3	G5T4T5	Plant
005N018E	winte danias	30		3233	031413	Hant
Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	SC/P		S3	G4	Mussel~
Alasmidonta viridis	Slippershell Mussel	THR		S2	G4G5	Mussel~
Asclepias purpurascens	Purple Milkweed	END		S3	G5?	Plant
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian-Plantain	THR		S3	G4G5	Plant
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Chlidonias niger	Black Tern	SC/M		S2B	G4	Bird~
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		S3	G4	Plant~
Eleocharis rostellata	Beaked Spike-rush	THR		S2	G5	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Enallagma basidens	Double-striped Bluet	SC/N		S2?	G5	Dragonfly~
Epilobium strictum	Downy Willow-herb	SC		S2S3	G5?	Plant~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Fundulus dispar	Starhead Topminnow	END		S2	G4	Fish~
Haliplus canadensis	A Crawling Water Beetle	SC/N		S2?	GNR	Beetle~

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State	Federal	State	Global	Group
harbonahar autta	Locat Dittoria	Status	Status	Rank	Rank	Name
Ixobrychus exilis	Least Bittern	SC/M		S2S3B	G5	Bird~
Laccobius agilis	A Water Scavenger Beetle	SC/N		S2S3	GNR	Beetle~
Lepomis megalotis	Longear Sunfish	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Liatris spicata	Marsh Blazing Star	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Mesic prairie	Mesic Prairie	NA		S1	G2	Community
Moxostoma valenciennesi	Greater Redhorse	THR		S3	G4	Fish~
Notropis anogenus	Pugnose Shiner	THR		S2	G3	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Opsopoeodus emiliae	Pugnose Minnow	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Scleria verticillata	Low Nutrush	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
Southern sedge meadow	Southern Sedge Meadow	NA		S3	G4?	Community~
Spermophilus franklinii	Franklin's Ground Squirrel	SC/N		S2	G5	Mammal
Tamarack (rich) swamp	Tamarack (Rich) Swamp	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Thaspium trifoliatum var. flavum	Purple Meadow-parsnip	SC		S2	G5T5	Plant
Tofieldia glutinosa	Sticky False-asphodel	THR		S2S3	G4G5	Plant~
Triglochin palustris	Slender Bog Arrow-grass	SC		S 3	G5	Plant~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
Villosa iris	Rainbow Shell	END		S1	G5Q	Mussel~
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	Yellow-headed Blackbird	SC/M		\$3	G5	Bird
005N019E						. .
Agrimonia parviflora	Swamp Agrimony	SC		S1S2	G5	Plant~
Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	SC/P		S3	G4	Mussel~
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Carex gracilescens	Slender Sedge	SC		SH	G5?	Plant
Chlidonias niger	Black Tern	SC/M		S2B	G4	Bird~
Conioselinum chinense	Hemlock Parsley	END		SX	G5	Plant~
Deschampsia cespitosa	Tufted Hairgrass	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
Floodplain forest	Floodplain Forest	NA		\$3	G3?	Community~
Fraxinus quadrangulata	Blue Ash	THR		S1	G5	Plant
Fundulus dispar	Starhead Topminnow	END		S2	G4	Fish~
Gymnocladus dioicus	Kentucky Coffee-tree	SC		S2	G5	Plant
lxobrychus exilis	Least Bittern	SC/M		S2S3B	G5	Bird~
Jeffersonia diphylla	Twinleaf	SC SC		S3	G5	Plant
Lepomis megalotis	Longear Sunfish	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Notropis anogenus	Pugnose Shiner	THR		S2	G3	Fish~
Oecetis nocturna	A Long-horned Casemaker Caddisfly	SC/N		S1S3	G5	Caddisfly~
Ptelea trifoliata	Wafer-ash	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Southern dry forest	Southern Dry Forest	NA		\$3	G4	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Southern hardwood swamp	Southern Hardwood Swamp	NA		S2	G4?	Community~
Southern mesic forest	Southern Mesic Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G3:	Snake~
Tofieldia glutinosa	Sticky False-asphodel	THR		S2S3	G4G5	Plant~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		5233 \$3	G4G5	Mussel~
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	Yellow-headed Blackbird	SC/M		53 \$3	G5	Bird
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Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
005N020E						
Asclepias purpurascens	Purple Milkweed	END		\$3	G5?	Plant
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		\$3	G3	Plant
Aythya americana	Redhead	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird~
Carex crus-corvi	Ravenfoot Sedge	END		S1	G5	Plant~
Chlidonias niger	Black Tern	SC/M		S2B	G4	Bird~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Floodplain forest	Floodplain Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community~
Fraxinus quadrangulata	Blue Ash	THR		S1	G5	Plant
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	SC/P		S4B,S4N	G5	Bird~
Ixobrychus exilis	Least Bittern	SC/M		S2S3B	G5	Bird~
Mesic prairie	Mesic Prairie	NA		S1	G2	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Sterna forsteri	Forster's Tern	END		S1B	G5	Bird~
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	Yellow-headed Blackbird	SC/M		\$3	G5	Bird
005N021E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
005N022E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
006N015E						
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
006N016E						
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
006N017E						
Ammodramus henslowii	Henslow's Sparrow	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Argia plana	Highland Dancer	SC/N		S2S3	G5	Dragonfly~
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Bartramia longicauda	Upland Sandpiper	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S 3	G3	Plant
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Buteo lineatus	Red-shouldered Hawk	THR		S3S4B,S1N	G5	Bird~
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		S 3	G3	Community~
Carex sychnocephala	Many-headed Sedge	SC		S2	G4	Plant~
Carex torreyi	Torrey's Sedge	SC		S1	G4	Plant
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		S3	G4	Plant~
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Dichanthelium wilcoxianum	Wilcox's Panic Grass	SC		S1	G5	Plant
Dry prairie	Dry Prairie	NA		S3	G3	Community
Eleocharis quinqueflora	Few-flowered Spike-rush	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
Eleocharis rostellata	Beaked Spike-rush	THR		S2	G5	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Ephemeral pond	Ephemeral Pond	NA		SU	GNRQ	Community~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		S4	G4	Plant

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
Helmitheros vermivorus	Worm-eating Warbler	END		S1B	G5	Bird~
Hemileuca nevadensis ssp. 3	Midwestern Fen Buckmoth	SC/N		S3	G5T3T4	Moth~
Juncus marginatus	Grassleaf Rush	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
Lakedeep, hard, drainage	LakeDeep, Hard, Drainage	NA		S3	GNR	Community~
Lithobates palustris	Pickerel Frog	SC/H		S3?	G5	Frog~
Notropis nubilus	Ozark Minnow	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Open bog	Open Bog	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Oporornis formosus	Kentucky Warbler	THR		S1S2?B	G5	Bird
Sand prairie	Sand Prairie	NA		S2	GNR	Community
Shrub-carr	Shrub-carr	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Southern dry forest	Southern Dry Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Triglochin palustris	Slender Bog Arrow-grass	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
006N018E						
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Cacalia tuberosa	Prairie Indian-Plantain	THR		S3	G4G5	Plant
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		\$3	G3	Community~
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		\$3	G4	Plant~
Deschampsia cespitosa	Tufted Hairgrass	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Dry-mesic prairie	Dry-mesic Prairie	NA		S2	G3	Community
Eleocharis rostellata	Beaked Spike-rush	THR		S2	G5	Plant~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		S4	G4	Plant
Lepomis megalotis	Longear Sunfish	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Liatris spicata	Marsh Blazing Star	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Oak opening	Oak Opening	NA		S1	G1	Community
Papaipema beeriana	Liatris Borer Moth	SC/N		S2S3	G2G3	Moth~
Papaipema silphii	Silphium Borer Moth	END		S2S3	G3G4	Moth~
Penstemon hirsutus	Hairy Beardtongue	SC		S1	G4	Plant
Springs and spring runs, hard	Springs and Spring Runs, Hard	NA		S4	GNR	Community~
Streamfast, hard, cold	StreamFast, Hard, Cold	NA		S4	GNR	Community~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
Thaspium trifoliatum var. flavum	Purple Meadow-parsnip	SC		S2	G5T5	Plant
Tofieldia glutinosa	Sticky False-asphodel	THR		S2S3	G4G5	Plant~
Valeriana sitchensis ssp. uliginosa	Marsh Valerian	THR		S2	G4Q	Plant~
Wet-mesic prairie	Wet-mesic Prairie	NA		S2	G2	Community~
006N019E						
Acris crepitans	Northern Cricket Frog	END		S1	G5	Frog~
Agrimonia parviflora	Swamp Agrimony	SC		S1S2	G5	Plant~
Alasmidonta marginata	Elktoe	SC/P		\$3	G4	Mussel~
Alasmidonta viridis	Slippershell Mussel	THR		S2	G4G5	Mussel~
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		S3	G3	Plant

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State	Federal	State	Global	Group
		Status	Status	Rank	Rank	Name
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Calylophus serrulatus	Yellow Evening Primrose	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		S3	G4	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		\$4	G4	Plant
Luxilus chrysocephalus	Striped Shiner	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Mesic prairie	Mesic Prairie	NA		S1	G2	Community
Opsopoeodus emiliae	Pugnose Minnow	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
Prenanthes aspera	Rough Rattlesnake-root	END		S1	G4?	Plant
Ptelea trifoliata	Wafer-ash	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Southern dry forest	Southern Dry Forest	NA		\$3	G4	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		\$3	G4	Community
Southern mesic forest	Southern Mesic Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
Villosa iris	Rainbow Shell	END		S1	G5Q	Mussel~
006N020E						
Calamagrostis stricta	Slim-stem Small Reed Grass	SC		S3	G5	Plant~
Carex lupuliformis	False Hop Sedge	END		S2	G4	Plant~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4	Turtle~
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Scutellaria ovata ssp. ovata	Heart-leaved Skullcap	SC		S3	G5T5	Plant
Thalictrum revolutum	Waxleaf Meadowrue	SC		S2	G5	Plant~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
006N021E						
Lythrurus umbratilis	Redfin Shiner	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
007N017E						
Acris crepitans	Northern Cricket Frog	END		S1	G5	Frog~
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Bog relict	Bog Relict	NA		S3	G3	Community~
_	Glade Fern	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Diplazium pycnocarpon		NA		S4	G3 G4	
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	THR			G4 G4	Community~ Turtle~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle			S3S4		
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Hardwood swamp	Hardwood Swamp	NA		S3	G4	Community~
Libellula incesta	Slaty Skimmer	SC/N		S2S3	G5	Dragonfly~
Moxostoma valenciennesi	Greater Redhorse	THR		S3	G4	Fish~
Notropis anogenus	Pugnose Shiner	THR		S2	G3	Fish~
Notropis nubilus	Ozark Minnow	THR		S2	G5	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Simpsonaias ambigua	Salamander Mussel	THR		S2	G3	Mussel~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~

007N018E

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
Acris crepitans	Northern Cricket Frog	END		S1	G5	Frog~
Aeshna clepsydra	Mottled Darner	SC/N		S2S3	G4	Dragonfly~
Besseya bullii	Kitten Tails	THR		\$3	G3	Plant
Calcareous fen	Calcareous Fen	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Calylophus serrulatus	Yellow Evening Primrose	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Eleocharis rostellata	Beaked Spike-rush	THR		S2	G5	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G3 G4	Community~
Emydoidea blandingii	Blanding's Turtle	THR		S3S4	G4 G4	Turtle~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Gentiana alba	Yellow Gentian	THR		55 S4	G3 G4	Plant
Mesic prairie	Mesic Prairie	NA		S1	G2	Community
Notropis anogenus	Pugnose Shiner	THR		S2	G3	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Nycticorax nycticorax	Black-crowned Night-Heron	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird~
Open bog	Open Bog	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Platanthera leucophaea	Prairie White-fringed Orchid	END	LT	S2	G2G3	Plant~
Shrub-carr	Shrub-carr	NA		S4	G5	Community~
Southern dry forest	Southern Dry Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
007N019E						
Acris crepitans	Northern Cricket Frog	END		S1	G5	Frog~
Cypripedium candidum	Small White Lady's-slipper	THR		S3	G4	Plant~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
007N020E						
Ardea alba	Great Egret	THR		S2B	G5	Bird~
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Carex crus-corvi	Ravenfoot Sedge	END		S1	G5	Plant~
Carex lupuliformis	False Hop Sedge	END		S2	G4	Plant~
lxobrychus exilis	Least Bittern	SC/M		S2S3B	G5	Bird~
Platanthera leucophaea	Prairie White-fringed Orchid	END	LT	S2	G2G3	Plant~
Procambarus gracilis	Prairie Crayfish	SC/N		S2?	G5	Crustacean~
Scutellaria ovata ssp. ovata	Heart-leaved Skullcap	SC		S3	G5T5	Plant
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Southern mesic forest	Southern Mesic Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community
Southern sedge meadow	Southern Sedge Meadow	NA		S3	G4?	Community~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
008N017E						
Alasmidonta viridis	Slippershell Mussel	THR		S2	G4G5	Mussel~
Anguilla rostrata	American Eel	SC/N		S2	G4	Fish~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		\$3 \$3	G5	Fish~
Notropis anogenus	Pugnose Shiner	THR		S2	G3	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
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Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State Status	Federal Status	State Rank	Global Rank	Group Name
Nycticorax nycticorax	Black-crowned Night-Heron	SC/M		S2B	G5	Bird~
Simpsonaias ambigua	Salamander Mussel	THR		S2	G3	Mussel~
Tamarack (rich) swamp	Tamarack (Rich) Swamp	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
Villosa iris	Rainbow Shell	END		S1	G5Q	Mussel~
008N018E						
Alasmidonta viridis	Slippershell Mussel	THR		S2	G4G5	Mussel~
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Bird Rookery	Bird Rookery	SC		SU	G5	Other~
Buteo lineatus	Red-shouldered Hawk	THR		S3S4B,S1N	G5	Bird~
Dendroica cerulea	Cerulean Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G4	Bird
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	SC/P		S4B,S4N	G5	Bird~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Penstemon hirsutus	Hairy Beardtongue	SC		S1	G4	Plant
Platanthera flava var. herbiola	Pale Green Orchid	THR		S2	G4T4Q	Plant
Platanthera hookeri	Hooker's Orchid	SC		\$2	G4	Plant
Ptelea trifoliata	Wafer-ash	SC		\$2	G5	Plant
Regina septemvittata	Queensnake	END		S1	G5	Snake~
Seiurus motacilla	Louisiana Waterthrush	SC/M		S3B	G5	Bird~
Southern dry-mesic forest	Southern Dry-mesic Forest	NA		S3	G4	Community
Tyto alba	Barn Owl	END		SNA	G5	Bird
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		\$3	G4	Mussel~
Wilsonia citrina	Hooded Warbler	THR		S2S3B	G5	Bird
008N019E	Flooded Walblel	11110		3233B	00	Bild
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		\$3	G5	Fish~
						Butterfly~
Lycaena dione Ptelea trifoliata	Gray Copper Wafer-ash	SC/N SC		S2? S2	G5	Plant
					G5	
Southern hardwood swamp	Southern Hardwood Swamp	NA		S2	G4?	Community~
Thamnophis butleri 008N020E	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
Alder thicket	Alder Thicket	NA		S4	G4	Community~
						,
Archilestes grandis	Great Spreadwing	SC/N		S2S3	G5	Dragonfly~
Aster furcatus	Forked Aster	THR		S3	G3	Plant
Carex formosa	Handsome Sedge	THR		S2	G4	Plant
Carex Iupuliformis	False Hop Sedge	END		S2	G4	Plant~
Emergent marsh	Emergent Marsh	NA		S4	G4	Community~
Erigenia bulbosa	Harbinger-of-spring	END		S1	G5	Plant
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Floodplain forest	Floodplain Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community~
Gymnocladus dioicus	Kentucky Coffee-tree	SC		S2	G5	Plant
Ixobrychus exilis	Least Bittern	SC/M		S2S3B	G5	Bird~
Jeffersonia diphylla	Twinleaf	SC		S3	G5	Plant
Procambarus gracilis	Prairie Crayfish	SC/N		S2?	G5	Crustacean~
Quercus muehlenbergii	Chinquapin Oak	SC		S1S2	G5	Plant

Town Range						
Scientific Name	Common Name	State	Federal	State	Global	Group
		Status	Status	Rank	Rank	Name
Shrub-carr	Shrub-carr	NA		\$4	G5	Community~
Southern hardwood swamp	Southern Hardwood Swamp	NA		S2	G4?	Community~
Southern mesic forest	Southern Mesic Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community
Southern sedge meadow	Southern Sedge Meadow	NA		S3	G4?	Community~
Tamarack (rich) swamp	Tamarack (Rich) Swamp	NA		S3	G3	Community~
Thamnophis butleri	Butler's Gartersnake	THR		S3S4	G4	Snake~
Trillium nivale	Snow Trillium	THR		S3	G4	Plant
008N021E						
Floodplain forest	Floodplain Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community~
Southern mesic forest	Southern Mesic Forest	NA		S3	G3?	Community
009N017E						
Alasmidonta viridis	Slippershell Mussel	THR		S2	G4G5	Mussel~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
009N018E						
Empidonax virescens	Acadian Flycatcher	THR		S3B	G5	Bird
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S1	G5	Fish~
Regina septemvittata	Queensnake	END		S1	G5	Snake~
Venustaconcha ellipsiformis	Ellipse	THR		S3	G4	Mussel~
009N019E						
Erimyzon sucetta	Lake Chubsucker	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Etheostoma microperca	Least Darter	SC/N		S3	G5	Fish~
Noturus exilis	Slender Madtom	END		S 1	G5	Fish~
Regina septemvittata	Queensnake	END		S 1	G5	Snake~

This report lists locations for all elements occurring in Waukesha County, since many element occurrences cross county boundaries, it may also list townships from additional counties.



910 West Wingra Drive Madison, WI 53715 (P) 608-251-4843 (F) 608-251-8655

October 5, 2011

Mr. Douglas Cain Wisconsin Department of Transportation, Southeast Region 141 NW Barstow Street Waukesha, WI 53187

Re: West Waukesha Bypass Road Safety Audit

Dear Mr. Cain:

Enclosed is the West Waukesha Bypass Road Safety Audit report. Please call with any questions.

Sincerely,

STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.®

Jeffrey S. Held, P.E., PTOE

Enclosure: Report

c/enc: Gary Evans, Waukesha County Department of Public Works

Charlie Webb, CH2M Hill

Report for Wisconsin Department of Transportation

West Waukesha Bypass Road Safety Audit



Prepared by:

STRAND ASSOCIATES, INC.® 910 West Wingra Drive Madison, WI 53715 www.strand.com

October 2011



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APPENDICES

APPENDIX A-SITE VISIT PHOTOLOG APPENDIX B-CRASH RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHOP APPENDIX C-HISAFE INPUT AND OUTPUT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Road Safety Audit (RSA) includes observations from site visits to the West Waukesha Bypass (WWB) corridor, a one-day Crash Risk Assessment Workshop (CRAW), and analysis of the alternatives using the Highway Safety Manual (HSM) written by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Organizations (AASHTO). The study corridor includes portions of County X, County D, and County TT from WIS 59 to Rolling Ridge Drive on the west side of the City of Waukesha, Wisconsin. The alternatives include a No-Build as well as 2-lane and 4-lane Build Alternatives.

The following observations were made during the site visit. The land use is predominantly residential except for a commercial land use hub located adjacent to the County TT and US 18 intersection. Vehicular traffic congestion and queuing were apparent during the site visit, particularly during peak travel times. Steady platoons of vehicles were observed along most of the corridor. Within the existing 2-lane section south of Madison Street, several roadway elements are likely deficient. The shoulders tend to be narrow, there are steep vertical curves and tight horizontal curves, the vision triangles at some access points appear inadequate, and fixed objects appear to exist within the roadway clear zone. Pedestrian and bicycle activity along the corridor was minimal except on the Glacial Drumlin State Trail. At the trail crossing long crossing delays experienced by trail users were observed. It should be noted that the primary site visit occurred after school was out for the summer.

The CRAW brought professionals together not directly involved in the project but familiar with the corridor. After an introduction to the corridor and the ongoing environmental documentation, the group discussed the purpose and goals of the workshop. The goals of the workshop included providing a review of the existing corridor and proposed alternatives followed by a qualitative discussion that resulted in a quantitative risk scoring of the No-Build and Build Alternatives. The risk scoring indicates the CRAW participants thought the No-Build and 2-Lane On-Alignment Alternatives have a higher risk of crashes than the higher Build Alternatives. The 2-lane and 4-lane Off-Alignment Alternatives scored similarly.

The final analysis used the Predictive Method outlined in the Highway Safety Manual (HSM). Throughout the corridor, the HSM predicts the No-Build Alternative has the highest crash rate. It also indicates that for each alignment option, the 4-lane alternatives will have lower crash rates than the 2-lane alternatives.

INTRODUCTION

Road Safety Audits (RSAs) are performed by an independent team of professionals to qualitatively identify crash trends, access and mobility needs, and potential improvements for existing or proposed roads and intersections. The goals are to effectively evaluate roadway deficiencies and reduce overall corridor lifecycle costs by reducing the number and severity of crashes, promoting awareness of standard design practices, integrating multimodal needs, and taking human factors into consideration during the design.

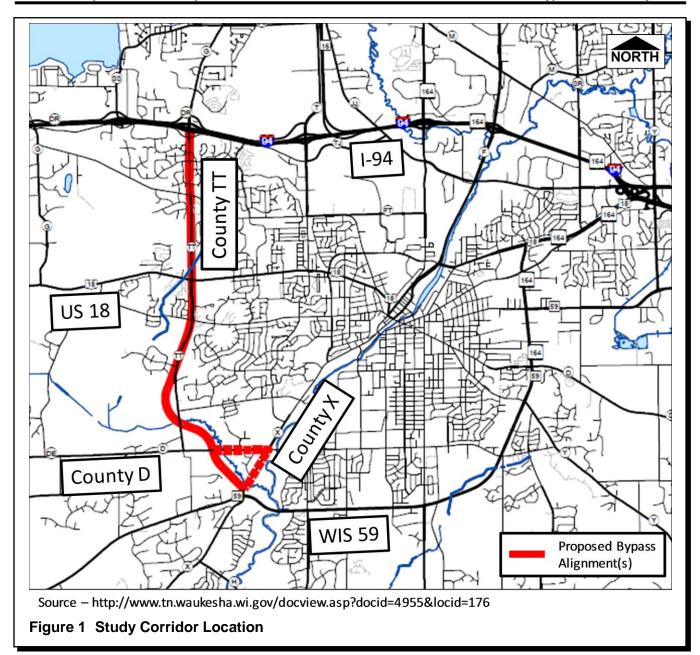
This RSA is intended to evaluate the improvement alternatives as well as the No-Build condition for the proposed West Waukesha Bypass (WWB) corridor. Each of the Build Alternatives should address crash trends, with improvements such as updating to current WisDOT and/or County design standards, relieving traffic congestion, and the addition/enhancement of pedestrian and bicycle facilities along and across the corridor.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) has created guidelines for the preparation of RSAs. It is important to note that these guidelines specifically state that an RSA is not a method of rating one design option over another. This RSA, therefore, does not provide a recommendation to the design team regarding whether the No-Build or one of the improvement alternatives should be selected. Rather, this RSA independently evaluates each alternative on a planning level and includes the following items:

- 1. Brief summary of the site visit reviews.
- 2. Summary of the Crash Risk Assessment Workshop and findings.
- 3. Highway Safety Manual (HSM) Predictive Method output.

A. Study Corridor

At the request of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), the following planning-level RSA was completed for the current project alternatives for the WWB in Waukesha County. A workshop was held to discuss planning-level design elements and a crash risk assessment exercise for the improvement alternatives. The Predictive Method, documented in the HSM written by AASHTO, was applied to the improvement alternatives including No-Build. The study corridor is located along County X, County D, and County TT from WIS 59 to Rolling Ridge Drive in central Waukesha County as shown in Figure 1.



B. Background of the WWB

The study area is located on the west side of the City of Waukesha in Waukesha County. Planning for the bypass began in the early 1950s. According to the environmental document being prepared by Waukesha County and its consultant CH2M Hill, "the purpose of the West Waukesha Bypass is to provide a safe and efficient north-south arterial roadway on the west side of the City of Waukesha to complete the long-planned circumferential route around Waukesha; to accommodate growing traffic volumes along the corridor; and to improve roadway deficiencies that include tight curves, steep hills, narrow lanes, and lack of shoulders."

The CH2M Hill document cites the following needs for the project:

- 1. *Project History* that dates to 1951 indicates increasing problems.
- Transportation and Land Use Planning documents consistently recommend completion of the circumferential route.
- 3. *Traffic Demand* because of forecasted increases from about 20 to more than 50 percent in the next 25 years.
- 4. Truck Traffic on the existing route is about 6 to 8 percent.
- 5. *Highway Capacity* analysis indicates that portions of the existing facility will operate unacceptably in 2035. Some of the signalized intersections and nearly every stop-controlled side street or driveway will also fail if no changes are made.
- 6. Safety analysis indicates 4 out of 5 portions of the existing route had crash rates that exceeded statewide averages for similar facilities during the 3-year period of 2007 to 2009.
- 7. Roadway Characteristics and Deficiencies include the vertical alignment, stopping sight distance, intersection sight distance, and system linkage.

C. WWB Alternatives Evaluated

For the purposes of this RSA, the corridor was divided into three sections. The north section is from US 18 to Rolling Ridge Drive, the Center section is from the Wisconsin & Southern Railroad Tracks/Glacial Drumlin Trail (GDT) to US 18, and the south section is from County X/WIS 59 to the GDT. The following general corridor alternatives were considered and are summarized in Figure 2:

No-Build

This scenario makes <u>no</u> improvements to the County TT-County D-County X corridor between Rolling Ridge Drive and WIS 59 other than routine maintenance.

2. Reconstructed 2-lane on Existing TT Alignment (20N)

This scenario reconstructs the 2-lane corridor on the existing alignment. It does not provide a grade separation of the GDT/Wisconsin & Southern railroad tracks north of County D. It would include addressing design deficiencies, changes in intersection control, and other features to reduce crashes.

3. Reconstructed 2-lane on TT2 using County D to County X (2-TT2-DX)

This scenario reconstructs the 2-lane corridor while also providing an off-alignment grade-separated crossing of the GDT/railroad tracks north of County D along the proposed TT2 alignment from the environmental document. It would connect to WIS 59 using County D and County X.

4. Reconstructed 2-lane on TT2 using Pebble Creek (West) Corridor (2-TT2-PC)

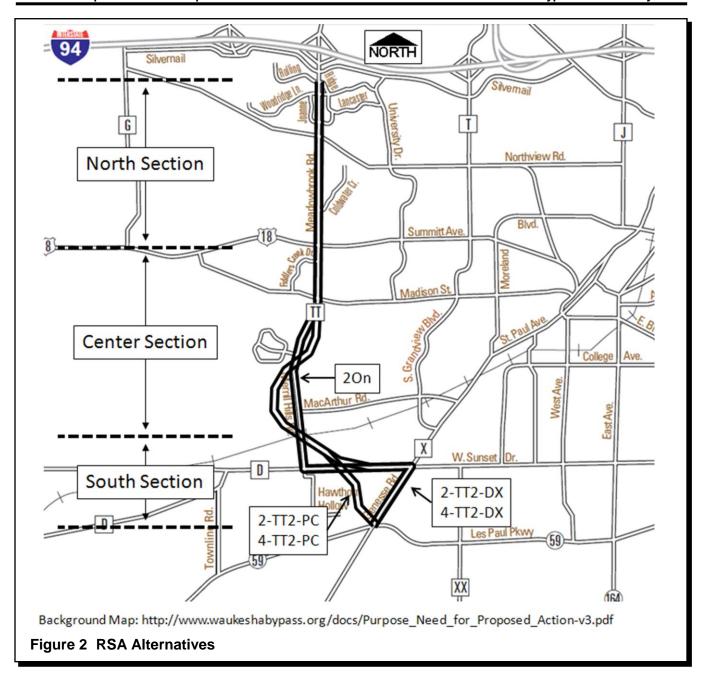
This scenario reconstructs the 2-lane corridor while also providing an off-alignment grade-separated crossing of the GDT/railroad tracks north of County D along the TT2 alignment. It would connect to WIS 59 using a new alignment west of Pebble Creek.

5. 4-lane on TT2 using County D to County X (4-TT2-DX)

This scenario constructs a 4-lane corridor including an off-alignment grade-separated crossing of the GDT/railroad tracks north of County D along the TT2 alignment. It would connect to WIS 59 using County D and County X.

6. 4-lane on TT2 using West Pebble Creek (West) Corridor (4-TT2-PC)

This scenario would construct a 4-lane corridor including an off-alignment grade-separated crossing of the GDT/railroad tracks north of County D along the TT2 alignment. It would connect to WIS 59 using a new alignment west of Pebble Creek.



The CRAW participants and study team for this RSA consisted of the following individuals:

- 1. Rebecca Szymkowski–WisDOT Statewide Traffic Safety Engineer (A.M. only)
- 2. Stacey Pierce–WisDOT Southeast Region
- 3. Eric Perea–WisDOT Southeast Region
- 4. Mike Grulke–Waukesha County Department of Public Works
- 5. Peter Chladil–Waukesha County Department of Public Works
- 6. Cheryl Shook–City of Waukesha
- 7. Charlotte Brunner-City of Waukesha
- 8. Steve Kraus–City of Waukesha Police Department
- 9. Lieutenant Bryan Ulm-Waukesha County Sheriff's Office
- 10. Jeff Held–Strand Associates, Inc.®
- 11. Cara Abts–Strand Associates, Inc.®
- 12. Matt Tronnes–Strand Associates, Inc.®
- 13. Joe Urban–Strand Associates, Inc.®

D. RSA Limitations

This RSA draws upon the collective expertise of the participants and uses information available at the time of the study. It is impossible to accurately predict a road or intersection's crash performance. Some of the findings in this report may be deemed prudent and feasible while others may not.

ROAD SAFETY AUDIT FINDINGS

A. Site Visits

Strand visited the site on the following dates during the following times:

- 1. April 25, 2011, from noon to 1 P.M.
- 2. June 6, 2011, from 1 to 2 P.M.
- 3. June 9, 2011, from 7 A.M. to 1 P.M. and from 2:30 to 4:30 P.M.

Figure 3 shows signs along the route for existing land uses. The land use is predominantly residential. A notable newer development is the Lodge apartment complex located southwest of the Coldwater Creek intersection, which includes four large multiunit buildings and appeared to be only partially occupied at the time of the site visits. The full impact of this development on traffic in the area is not yet known.

The area adjacent to the US 18 intersection is the largest commercial land use hub along the corridor including a gas station/convenience store, restaurant, shopping mall, office building, and other similar land uses. Agricultural/rural land uses also remain along existing County TT, specifically west of the corridor, indicating that the highway's role in local and regional travel will continue to evolve as the nearby land uses change.

Vehicular traffic congestion and queuing were observed during the site visit during peak travel times. Steady platoons of vehicles were observed along most of the corridor. On June 9 at approximately 10 A.M., a delay of more than one minute (which represents Level of Service F) was observed for an eastbound through movement exiting the gas station/convenience market located northwest of the US 18 intersection. Figure 4 shows a northbound vehicle platoon passing this access point, located in the right foreground of the photo. Left turns and through movements from other side streets were also difficult to complete at times.



Figure 3 Signs for Existing Land Uses



Figure 4 Northbound Vehicle Platoon on County TT

Within the existing 2-lane section south of Madison Street, several roadway elements are likely deficient. The shoulders tend to be narrow, there are steep vertical curves and tight horizontal curves, the vision triangles at some access points appear inadequate, and fixed objects appear to exist within the roadway clear zone. Figure 5 shows one of these fixed objects; in this case, a tree appears to have been struck in a previous crash.

The primary site visit on June 9, 2011, occurred just after school was out for the summer. Pedestrian and bicycle activity



Figure 5 A Roadside Fixed Object on County TT

along the corridor was minimal, except on the Glacial Drumlin State Trail. Long crossing delays experienced by trail users were observed at the crossing. More than once, sufficient gaps from both directions of traffic did not occur until one or more vehicles yielded to the crossing pedestrians/bicyclists.

Photos taken during the site visit are included in Appendix A.

Audit Finding 1: If 4-TT2-DX or 4-TT2-PC alternative is selected, the section from Northview Road to Rolling Ridge Drive will be constructed within existing right of way. Most of the existing west sidewalk is located so that it can remain, and the additional travel lanes will be constructed between the west sidewalk and the existing travel lanes. Based on a site visit and stopping behind the existing west sidewalk, it appears that improvements to the existing vision corners for eastbound vehicles at Woodridge Lane and Joanne Drive may be necessary. Figure 6 shows the view for an eastbound vehicle at approximately the future stop bar location facing north at Joanne Drive.



Figure 6 Facing North at Joanne Drive

B. <u>Crash Risk Assessment Workshop (CRAW)</u>

The CRAW was conducted on June 23, 2011. The CRAW brought individuals together not directly involved in the project but familiar with the corridor. After an introduction to the corridor and the ongoing environmental documentation from Gary Evans, Engineering Services Director for the Waukesha County Department of Public Works, the CRAW participants discussed the purpose and goals of the workshop.

The goals of the CRAW included providing a review of the existing corridor and proposed alternatives, followed by a qualitative discussion that resulted in a quantitative scoring of the No-Build and Build Alternatives. The group reviewed the existing corridor and intersection crash history before discussing how it operates with respect to cars, trucks, bicycles, and pedestrians. Exhibits of each improvement alternative and the No-Build conditions were also reviewed.

Audit Finding 2: The group discussed the appropriate typical section for the WWB 4-lane alternatives knowing that the proposed typical section for most of the route would be similar to the existing bypass corridor along WIS 59 east of County X. This would include a raised center median, two travel lanes, a wide shoulder, and ditches for stormwater management on each side. This is a reasonable approach for many reasons, including maintaining route consistency and meeting driver expectations.

Based on WisDOT field data, the existing bypass has an 85th percentile speed of 55 miles per hour (mph) in one location, despite the posted speed limit of 45 mph. It is reasonable to expect that the proposed WWB corridor could experience similar speeds where the same rural-type typical section is used. Considering the proposed 45 mph posted speed in these sections, and the existing and anticipated residential land uses near the corridor, the design team could consider additional investigation of using a fully urban section, continuous street lighting, and/or other treatments to convey a more urban/suburban context with the goal of achieving 85th percentile speeds within 5 mph of the proposed 45 mph speed limit.

Audit Finding 3: The group discussed the strengths and weaknesses of a 2-lane versus a 4-lane corridor. The team assumed that if a 2-lane Build Alternative were selected, the intersections may ultimately need to be expanded to provide 4 through lanes to meet operations criteria. The result would be a corridor that frequently expands from 2 lanes to 4 lanes only to taper back to 2 lanes again. The frequent tapers and route inconsistency could increase the risk of crashes compared to a consistent 4 lane corridor, particularly for unfamiliar drivers.

Crash Risk Ranking Exercise Overview

A crash risk rating procedure, employed by other RSA studies performed for WisDOT, was used for this project. Tables 1, 2, and 3 show the components of the procedure.

Potential crash risks associated with one or more of the alternatives were discussed. Each risk was assigned a frequency and severity rating. The two taken together result in the crash risk rating shown in Table 1. Crash risks range from A (low frequency and severity anticipated) to F (high frequency and severity anticipated).

FREQUENCY	SEVERITY RATING					
RATING	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme		
Frequent	С	D	E	F		
Occasional	В	С	D	E		
Infrequent	Α	В	C	D		
Rare	Α	Α	В	C		

Table 1 Crash Risk Rating

ESTIMATED		EXPECTED CRASH FREQUENCY	FREQUENCY	
EXPOSURE	PROBABILITY	(Per Audit Item)	RATING	
High	High	10	Frequent	
Medium	High	10 or more crashes per year	Frequent	
High	Medium		Occasional	
Medium	Medium	1 to 9 crashes per year		
Low	High			
High	Low	Less than 1 crash per year, and more	Infrequent	
Low	Medium	than 1 crash every 5 years		
Medium	Low	Loss than 1 grash over 5 years	Para	
Low	Low	Less than 1 crash every 5 years	Rare	

Table 2 Crash Frequency Rating

TYPICAL CRASHES EXPECTED (Per Audit Item)	EXPECTED CRASH SEVERITY	SEVERITY RATING
Crashes involving high speeds, heavy vehicles, pedestrians, or bicycles	Probable fatality or incapacitating injury	Extreme
Crashes involving medium to high speed, head-on, crossing, or run-off-road crashes	Moderate to severe injury	High
Crashes involving low to medium speeds, left-turn, and right-turn crashes	Minor to moderate injury	Moderate
Crashes involving low to medium speeds, rear-end, and sideswipe crashes	Property damage only or minor injury	Low

Table 3 Crash Severity Rating

The actual crash frequency and severity of the anticipated risks is difficult to forecast. It is more appropriate to consider the letter rankings A through F as a means to compare risks among the alternatives than as a prediction of actual long-term crash frequency and severity on the WWB if the risks cannot be mitigated.

The full list of risks and rankings is included in Appendix B. This list represents the risks the workshop participants identified and evaluated on June 23; additional risks do and will exist. A scoring system was used based on the Abbreviated Injury Scale (AIS) developed by the United States Department of Transportation. The AIS assigns monetary values to crashes based on severity. The scale in 2011 dollars follows.

0.	No Injury	\$3,300
1.	Minor	\$18,600
2.	Moderate	\$291,400
3.	Serious	\$651,000
4.	Severe	\$1,649,200
5.	Critical	\$3,676,600
6.	Fatal	\$6,200,000

We assigned the following points to the individual crash risk ratings.

Crash Risk A =	0+1/100,000	=	0.22
Crash Risk B =	2/100,000	=	2.91
Crash Risk C =	3/100,000	=	6.51
Crash Risk D =	4/100,000	=	16.50
Crash Risk E =	5/100,000	=	36.76
Crash Risk F =	6/100,000	=	62.00

Table 4 summarizes the results of the ranking exercise for the No-Build and each Build Alternative.

Alternative	Number of Risks Identified	Range of Risks	Total Score Based on Risks Identified
No-Build	26	A to E	256
2ON	27	A to E	157
2-TT2-DX	24	A to D	111
2-TT2-PC	23	A to D	105
4-TT2-DX	23	A to D	108
4-TT2-PC	22	A to D	101

Table 4 Crash Risk Scoring (Lower Score Preferred)

The risk scoring indicates the CRAW participants felt the No-Build and 2ON alternatives have a higher risk of crashes than the higher Build Alternatives. The 2-TT2-DX, 2-TT2-PC, 4-TT2-DX, and 4-TT2-PC alternatives all scored very similar.

The following discussion summarizes the crash risks for each of the alternatives considered. Any risks that ranked C, but would be mitigated by a higher Build Alternative, and all of the crash risks that were ranked D or E are discussed. None of the risks were ranked F by the CRAW participants.

2. No-Build Crash Risk Rankings

Several crash risks cited by CRAW participants would not be mitigated by the No-Build Alternative. Most of these risks exist today but may be exacerbated if future traffic volumes grow. The risks that the group felt are of the highest concern include the following:

a. Substandard Vertical Profile (Risk Rating E)

The existing facility includes several substandard vertical curves that exceed recommended longitudinal grade values and/or do not provide adequate sight distance. These deficiencies increase the risk of crashes, particularly rear-end crashes when traffic slows or stops unexpectedly.

Audit Finding 4: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the vertical profile will not be improved. Alternative funding sources such as Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) funds could be investigated to use as a means to mitigate the highest priority locations based on crash history.

b. Intersection Crashes at the County TT and County D Intersection (Risk Rating E)

This existing signalized intersection was cited by the CRAW participants as an area that may benefit from improvement, and the crash data from the environmental document indicates it has the highest crash rate of the intersections studied in detail. Of the 27 crashes that occurred from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 5: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the intersection of County TT and County D will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated for mitigating the intersection crashes.

c. Deficient Shoulders (Risk Rating D)

The existing facility includes substandard shoulder widths, particularly south of the Madison Street intersection. Narrow shoulders can increase the risk of run-off-the-road crashes and increase the potential for secondary crashes to occur during incident mitigation.

Audit Finding 6: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the deficient shoulders will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for mitigating the highest priority locations based on crash history.

d. Roadside Hazards Such as Fixed Objects Within the Clear Zone (Risk Rating D)

The existing facility includes fixed objects within the clear zone, one of which is shown in Figure 4. Fixed objects and other roadside hazards can increase the possibility of injuries when crashes occur.

Audit Finding 7: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the roadside hazards will not be mitigated. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for mitigating the highest priority objects based on crash history

e. Left Turns Out of 2-Way Stop-controlled Intersections (Risk Rating D)

Left turns out from stop-controlled side streets are often the most problematic movement on a highway facility. The angle crashes involving high speed differentials that tend to occur at these locations can have high severity.

Audit Finding 8: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the left turns out of 2-way stop-controlled intersections will not be altered.

Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for mitigating the highest priority locations based on crash history.

f. Permitted-Only Left-Turn Signal Phasing at the US 18 Intersection (Risk Rating D)

Some CRAW participants observed the signal phasing at the US 18 intersection should be changed from permitted-only to protected-permitted operation. This change could reduce angle crashes associated with left-turning traffic misjudging the gap in oncoming traffic.

Audit Finding 9: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the phasing changes will not be investigated. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for evaluating the signal phasing.

g. Vision Triangle at MacArthur Road (Risk Rating D)

Vision for westbound vehicles at MacArthur Road is limited because of objects located within the vision triangles. This can make it difficult to identify the presence of cross traffic and increase the crash risk.

Audit Finding 10: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the vision triangles at MacArthur Road will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for improving the vision triangles.

h. Pavement Condition of Southbound Lane South of Madison Street (Risk Rating C)

South of Madison Street, the southbound lane on County TT was observed to be in poor condition. It is a maintenance issue for the County requiring frequent repaving as a result of settlement. The poor riding surface can increase the risk of run-off-the-road crashes.

Audit Finding 11: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the pavement condition will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for improving the areas with the poorest pavement.

i. GDT At-Grade Crossing (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants discussed the at-grade crossing of the GDT. During heavy periods of traffic, sufficient crossing gaps from both directions of travel are rare. Long delays could increase the chance of unsafe crossing behavior. Also, if a driver stops to allow a trail user to cross, there could be in an increased risk of rear-end crashes.

Audit Finding 12: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the GDT crossing will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for improving the at-grade trail crossing.

j. Wisconsin & Southern Railroad Crossing (Risk Rating C)

An at-grade railroad crossing of the Wisconsin and Southern tracks exists near the GDT north of County D. CRAW participants agreed that crashes involving trains are rare but can be severe if they occur.

Audit Finding 13: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the railroad crossing will not be improved. Alternative funding sources could be investigated to use for improving the at-grade railroad crossing.

 Additional Intersection Turns Associated with County D–County X Route (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants felt that the alternatives using County D and County X to connect to WIS 59 would have a higher risk of crashes because of the additional intersection turns required. Southbound vehicles would make a left turn at County D, a right turn at County X, and a left turn at WIS 59. Vehicles traveling the other direction would make a right-left-right combination of turns. The Pebble Creek alignment alternatives eliminate these three intersection turning movements.

Audit Finding 14: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the additional turning movements associated with traveling along the bypass route may increase the number of crashes compared to the Pebble Creek alignment alternatives. Alternative funding sources for mitigation measures such as protected-only turning movement signal phasing could be investigated.

I. Head-On Collisions with 2-Lane Alternatives (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants agreed that head-on collisions may be slightly more common on the 2-lane alternatives compared to the 4-lane divided highway alternatives.

Audit Finding 15: If the No-Build Alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative there may be a slightly higher risk of head-on collisions compared to the 4-lane alternatives. alternative funding sources for mitigation measures such as centerline rumble strips, enhanced markings and signage could be investigated.

3. 2ON Crash Risks

a. Intersection Crashes at County TT and County D (Risk Rating E)

This signalized intersection has the highest intersection crash rate for the entire corridor. Of 27 crashes that occurred at this intersection from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 16: If the 2ON option is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the design team may consider adding enhanced safety measures to a

reconstructed signal or providing a roundabout at the County TT and County D intersection to address the high crash rate.

b. GDT (Risk Rating C)

The audit team discussed the at-grade crossing of the GDT. During heavy periods of traffic, sufficient crossing gaps from both directions of travel are rare. Long delays could increase the chance of unsafe crossing behavior. Also, if a driver stops to allow a trail user to cross, there could be in an increased risk of rear-end crashes. The 2ON alternative does not grade separate the crossing.

Audit Finding 17: If the 2ON alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative improvements to the GDT at-grade crossing such as enhanced markings and signage, and construction of a center refuge area could be investigated.

c. Wisconsin & Southern Railroad Crossing (Risk Rating C)

An at-grade railroad crossing of the Wisconsin and Southern tracks exists near the GDT north of County D. CRAW participants agreed that crashes involving trains are rare but can be severe if they occur. The 2ON alternative does not improve the crossing.

Audit Finding 18: If the 2ON alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, improvements to the at-grade railroad crossing such as advance beacons and enhanced signage and marking could be investigated.

d. Additional Intersection Turns Associated with County D–County X Route (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants felt the alternatives using County D and County X to connect to WIS 59 would have a higher risk of crashes because of the additional intersection turns required. Southbound vehicles would make a left turn at County D, a right turn at County X, and a left turn at WIS 59. Vehicles traveling the other direction would make a right-left-right combination of turns. The Pebble Creek alignment alternatives eliminate these three intersection turning movements.

Audit Finding 19: If the 2ON alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the additional turning movements associated with traveling along the bypass route may increase the number of crashes compared to the Pebble Creek alignment alternatives. Mitigation measures such as protected-only turning movement signal phasing could be investigated.

e. Head-On Collisions with 2-Lane Alternatives (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants agreed that head-on collisions may be slightly more common on the 2-lane alternatives compared to the 4-lane divided highway alternatives.

Audit Finding 20: If the 2ON alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, there may be a slightly higher risk of head-on collisions compared to the 4-lane alternatives. Mitigation measures such as centerline rumble strips and enhanced markings and signage could be investigated.

4. 2-TT2-DX Crash Risks

a. Intersection Crashes at County TT and County D (Risk Rating D)

This signalized intersection has the highest intersection crash rate for the entire corridor. Of 27 crashes that occurred from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 21: If the 2-TT2-DX option is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the design team may consider adding enhanced safety measures to a reconstructed signal or providing a roundabout at the County TT and County D intersection to address the high crash rate.

 Additional Intersection Turns Associated with County D–County X Route (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants felt the alternatives using County D and County X to connect to WIS 59 would have a higher risk of crashes because of the additional intersection turns required. Southbound vehicles would make a left turn at County D, a right turn at County X, and a left turn at WIS 59. Vehicles traveling the other direction would make a right-left-right combination of turns. The Pebble Creek alignment alternatives eliminate these three intersection turning movements.

Audit Finding 22: If the 2-TT2-DX alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, the additional turning movements associated with traveling along the bypass route may increase the number of crashes compared to the Pebble Creek alignment alternatives. Mitigation measures such as protected-only turning movement signal phasing could be investigated.

c. Head-On Collisions with 2-Lane Alternatives (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants agreed that head-on collisions may be slightly more common on the 2-lane alternatives compared to the 4-lane divided highway alternatives.

Audit Finding 23: If the 2-TT2-DX alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, there may be a slightly higher risk of head-on collisions compared to the 4-lane alternatives. Mitigation measures such as centerline rumble strips, enhanced markings and signage, or others could be investigated.

5. 2-TT2-PC Crash Risks

a. Intersection Crashes at County TT and County D (Risk Rating D)

This signalized intersection has the highest intersection crash rate for the entire corridor. Of 27 crashes that occurred at this intersection from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 24: If the 2-TT2-PC option is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the design team may consider adding an improved signal or providing a roundabout at the County TT and County D intersection to address the high crash rate.

b. Head-On Collisions with 2-Lane Alternatives (Risk Rating C)

The CRAW participants agreed that head-on collisions may be slightly more common on the 2-lane alternatives compared to the 4-lane divided highway alternatives.

Audit Finding 25: If the 2-TT2-DX alternative is chosen as the preferred alternative, there may be a slightly higher risk of head-on collisions compared to the 4-lane alternatives. Mitigation measures such as centerline rumble strips, enhanced markings and signage, or others could be investigated.

6. 4-TT2-DX Crash Risks

a. Left Turns Out of Stop-Controlled Side Street Intersections (Risk Rating D)

The CRAW participants discussed this potential crash risk and future conditions with 2035 traffic volumes and the different bypass alternatives in place. Based on higher traffic volumes with a 4-lane facility and increased conflict points, this was the only category where the CRAW participants' estimated Risk Rating is higher for a 4-lane divided facility than for an improved 2-lane facility.

Audit Finding 26: Left turns out from stop-controlled side streets are often the most problematic movement on a highway facility. If option 4-TT2-DX is the preferred alternative, the design team could evaluate prohibiting this movement from certain stop-controlled side streets and allowing downstream U-turns or other alternate means to complete a left-out movement. This could be particularly important at intersections where proximity to an adjacent signal or other concerns will preclude future signalization or roundabout control.

Intersection Crashes at County TT and County D (Risk Rating D)

This signalized intersection has the highest intersection crash rate for the entire corridor. Of 27 crashes that occurred at this intersection from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 27: If the 4-TT2-DX option is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the design team may consider adding an improved signal or providing a roundabout at the County TT and County D intersection to address the high crash rate.

7. 4-TT2-PC Crash Risks

a. Left Turns Out of Stop-Controlled Side Street Intersections (Risk Rating D)

The CRAW participants spent considerable time discussing this potential crash risk and future conditions with 2035 traffic volumes and the different bypass alternatives in place. Based on higher traffic volumes with a 4-lane facility and increased conflict points, the study team felt this was the only category where the Risk Rating would be higher for a 4-lane divided facility than for a 2-lane facility.

Audit Finding 28: Left turns out from stop-controlled side streets are often the most problematic movement on a highway facility. If option 4-TT2-DX is the preferred alternative, the design team could evaluate prohibiting this movement from certain stop-controlled side streets and allowing downstream U-turns or other alternate means to complete a left-out movement. This could be particularly important at intersections where proximity to an adjacent signal or other concerns will preclude future signalization or roundabout control.

b. Intersection Crashes at County TT and County D (Risk Rating D)

This signalized intersection has the highest intersection crash rate for the entire corridor. Of 27 crashes that occurred at this intersection from 2007 to 2009, more than one half involved injuries.

Audit Finding 29: If the 4-TT2-PC option is chosen as the preferred alternative for the corridor, the design team may consider adding an improved reconstructed signal or providing a roundabout at the County TT and County D intersection to address the high crash rate.

D. <u>HSM Predictive Method Results</u>

According to the HSM 2010, "The Highway Safety Manual predictive method provides a quantitative measure of expected average crash frequency under both existing and future conditions. This allows proposed roadway conditions to be quantitatively assessed along with other considerations such as community needs, capacity, delay, cost, right-of-way, and environmental considerations."

For this study, Hi-Safe software was used to employ the Predictive Method procedures that are documented in the HSM. It is important to note that the HSM and Hi-Safe software are new tools, and as such, care should be taken in drawing conclusions based solely on the results. However, it is reasonable to begin using these new tools combined with more traditional analysis and decision-making tools to aid in the evaluation of alternatives.

The direct output from the Hi-Safe software is shown in Appendix C along with detailed input and output reports. The HSM methodology results in a total number of crashes based on the number of lanes, lane widths, shoulder widths, and the number of access points. The result also appears to be very dependent on the forecasted traffic volume under the different conditions. The WWB study contains travel demand modeling for many combinations of improvements. In other words, there is not just a single traffic forecast for the route. Rather, there are many scenarios depending on which alternatives are selected.

For this reason, corridor crash rates were calculated from the Hi-Safe predicted number of crashes. This allows for a relative comparison of the likelihood that crashes will occur with the different alternatives. Crash rates are typically used in crash studies because they allow for comparison of corridors that have different lengths and traffic volumes. Table 4 summarizes the crash frequency output from Hi-Safe converted to crash rates.

		On Existing Alignment					Off Existing Alignment					
Section	2035 Alternative	2035 Average	Length (mi)	Crash Rate (crashes/HMVMT)				2035 Average		Crash Rate (crashes/HMVMT)		
		Annual Weekday Traffic ^A		Injury and Fatal	Property Damage Only	Total	2035 Alternative	Annual Weekday Traffic ^A	Length (mi)	Injury and Fatal	Property Damage Only	Total
North	NB	18,670 ⁸	1.66	74	146	220						
	2ON 2-TT2-DX 2-TT2-PC			67	137	204	2DX 2-TT2-PC	22,660 ^c	1.66	71	142	213
	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC			60	118	178	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC	26,660 ^c		64	122	187
Center	NB	15,070 ^B		67	131	197						
	2ON	15,070	1.96	51	104	155						
	2ON 2-TT2-DX	17,160 ^c	1.90	52	107	159	2-TT2-PC	17,160 ^c	2.10	40	88	128
							4-TT2-PC	22,190 ^c		34	72	106
South	NB	B	2.20	73	147	220						
	20N	20,800 ^B		71	143	214	2-TT2-DX	24,500 ^c	2.10	59	119	177
							4-TT2-DX	27,000 ^c	2.10	48	97	146
							2-TT2-PC	14,000 ^c	1.20	48	108	157
							4-TT2-PC	18,000 ^c	1.20	40	88	128

NOTE: Rates should not be directly compared to existing crash rates on the corridor, or statewide averages

- A Weighted AWDT used
- B No Build Volumes used
- C Build (with Bypass) Volumes used

Average Yearly Crash Rate = (# Crashes/# years*100,000,000)/(ADT*365*Length), Units = Crashes/Hundred Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (HMVMT) Note: Crash Rate calculations Include Intersection Crashes

Table 5 HSM Predictive Method Equivalent Crash Rates (Updated September 2012)

The actual crash rates experienced on the corridor will vary from those predicted and may or may not be close to these values. It is also important to note that these crash rates should not be compared against existing crash rates or the statewide crash rates that WisDOT calculates each year. The rates in Table 5 converted from the Hi-Safe software include predicted crashes on each leg of the intersections, whereas the statewide rates typically are based on crashes along a specific route only (they do not include crashes on the side-street approaches at intersections along the subject route). Also, the actual number of crashes along a corridor is influenced by thousands of variables while the

HSM considers only a handful. So, direct comparison against existing or historic rates is also not appropriate. However, the HSM-based rates are a useful component for comparing the study alternatives amongst one another.

In each of the three sections, the HSM predicts that the No-Build Alternative has the highest crash rate as shown in Table 5. It also shows that for each alignment option, the 4-lane alternatives will have lower crash rates than the 2-lane alternatives.

RSA SUMMARY

The following observations were made during the site visit. The land use is predominantly residential except for a commercial land use hub located adjacent to the County TT and US 18 intersection. Vehicular traffic congestion and queuing was apparent during the site visit, particularly during peak travel times. Steady platoons of vehicles were observed along most of the corridor. Within the existing 2-lane section south of Madison Street several roadway elements are likely deficient. The shoulders tend to be narrow, there are steep vertical curves and tight horizontal curves, the vision triangles at some access points appear inadequate, and fixed objects exist within the roadway clear zone. Pedestrian and bicycle activity along the corridor was minimal except on the GDT. At the trail crossing long crossing delays experienced by trail users were observed.

The CRAW brought professionals together not directly involved in the project but familiar with the corridor. After an introduction to the corridor and the ongoing environmental documentation, the group discussed the purpose and goals of the workshop. The goals of the workshop included providing a review of the existing corridor and proposed alternatives followed by a qualitative discussion that resulted in a quantitative risk scoring of the No-Build and Build Alternatives. The risk scoring indicates the CRAW participants thought the No-Build and 2-Lane On-Alignment Alternatives have a higher risk of crashes than the higher Build Alternatives. The 2-Lane and 4-Lane Off-Alignment Alternatives scored similarly.

The final analysis used the Predictive Method outlined in the HSM. Throughout the corridor, the HSM predicts the No-Build Alternative will have the highest crash rate. It also indicates that for each alignment option, the 4-Lane Alternatives will have lower crash rates than the 2-Lane Alternatives.



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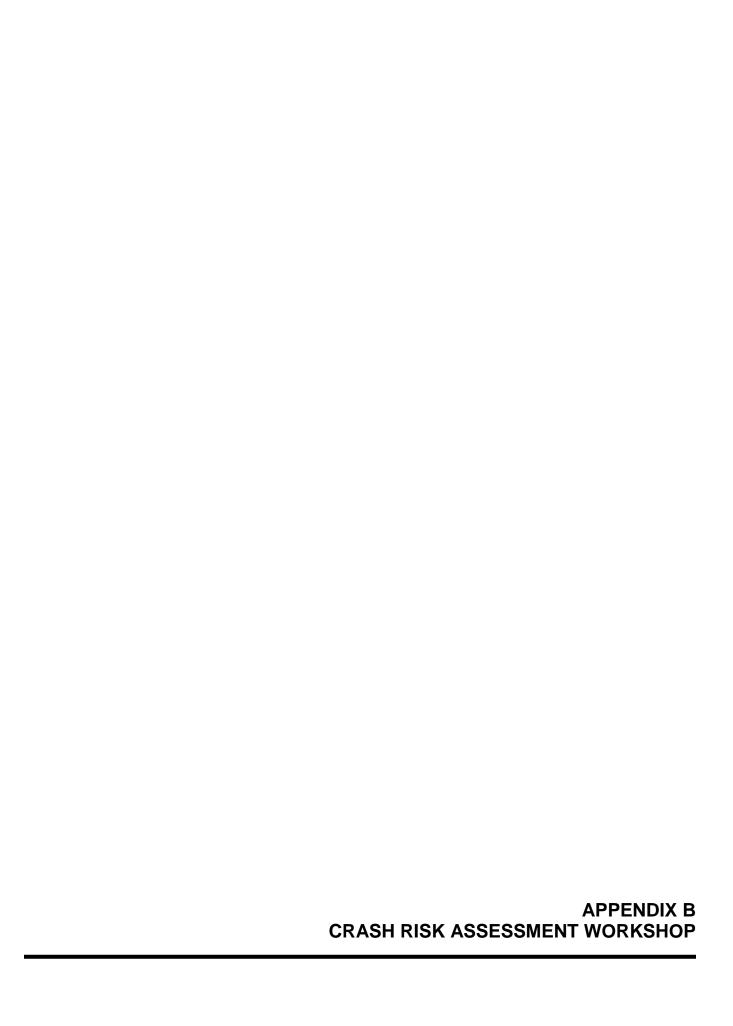




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West Waukesha Bypass - Design Road Safety Audit

Summary of Crash Risk Assessment Workshop Findings held June 23, 2011 July 6, 2011, Strand Associates, Inc.

CARS		No Bui	ild (2NB)		2-I r	On-Align	ment (2	ON)	2-I n C	ff-Alignm	ent (2-T	T2-DX)	2-I n (Off-Alignm	ent (2-T	T2-PC)	l-I n Cour	ity D to C	ounty X i	4-TT2-DX	4-I n	Pebble Cr	eek (4-T1	72-PC)
Existing Concerns	Frea	Sever	Risk	Score	Freq	Sever	Risk	Score	Z LII C	AII Aligiliii	ciic (2 i	12 DAJ	Freq	Sever	Risk	Score	Frea	Sever	Risk	Score	Frea	Sever	Risk	Score
Poor shoulders (no shoulders in many locations)	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	RARE	MOD	A	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	A	0.22	RARE	MOD	A	0.22	RARE	MOD	A	0.22
Roadside hazards (objects in clear zones) are an issue	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	INF	HIGH	c	6.51	INF	HIGH	c	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51
Left-turns out of driveways	RARE	HIGH	B	2.91	RARE	HIGH	B	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	B	2.91
Left-turns out of two-way stop controlled intersections	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	INF	HIGH	c	6.51	INF	HIGH	c	6.51	INF	HIGH	c	6.51	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49
US 18 to I-94: Speed limits altered north and south of Northview - 35 mph north, 45 mph																								
south. Design allows 55 mph. Carryover from north section to south.	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51
County TT & Rolling Ridge - heavy SB traffic. Has been mention of moving signal south to																								ı
Woodridge.	INF	LOW	Α	0.22	INF	LOW	Α	0.22	INF	LOW	Α	0.22	INF	LOW	Α	0.22	INF	LOW	Α	0.22	INF	LOW	Α	0.22
Profile at Northview is a concern (assumes permanent signal installed, profile fixed)	INF	MOD	В	2.91	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22
County TT & Coldwater Intersection is a concern - particularly with additional growth																								
anticipated. Warrants should be investigated.	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51
County TT & Gas Station/Sentry access will be a concern in the future - may need change in																								l
intersection control	occ	MOD	С	6.51	occ	MOD	С	6.51	occ	MOD	С	6.51	occ	MOD	С	6.51	occ	MOD	С	6.51	occ	MOD	С	6.51
US 18 & County TT signal - two phase signal results in a lot of delay for left turns. May																								
warrant reinvestigation of protected left-turns	occ	HIGH	D	16.49	INF	HIGH	C	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	INF	HIGH	C	6.51
Substandard Vertical Profile (south of US 18)	FREQ	HIGH	E	36.76	INF	MOD	В	2.91	INF	MOD	В	2.91	INF	MOD	В	2.91	INF	MOD	В	2.91	INF	MOD	В	2.91
Pavement in Poor Shape: South of Madison, Pavement in souhbound lanes is poor, repaved					2425			0.22	0.05			0.22	2425			0.00	0.405			0.22				
often due to constant settlement	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22
Christian Academy is major concern	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0
MacArthur Sight Distance	occ	HIGH	D	16.49	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91
Glaciel Drumlin Trail Crossing - drivers don't yield	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	C	6.51	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0
At-Grade Railroad Crossing	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	-	0
Green Lane Sight Distance	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22
County TT & County D - County would likely need to make improvements if bypass project	5050		_	26.76	5050		_	26.76	0.00		_	45.40	000		_	46.40	000		_	46.40	000		_	
falls through	FREQ	HIGH	E	36.76	FREQ	HIGH	E	36.76	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	occ	HIGH	D	16.49	occ	HIGH	D	16.49	occ	HIGH	D	16.49
Transit Garage on County D @ Badger - future bypass may require signal/RAB at that	0.405		_	2.04	2425		_	2.04	0.405		_	2.04			_	2.04	2425		_	2.04	2425		_	2.04
location.	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91
Left-Right-Left Of County D to County X alternative may increase crash risks. SBL to WIS	occ	MOD		C F4	осс	MOD	c	C F4	occ	MOD	c	C 54				0	occ	MOD	c	6.51				n
59 is problematic.	OCC	MOD		6.51	OCC	MOD	C	6.51	OCC	IVIOD	C	6.51	-	-	-	U	OCC	MOD	C	6.51	-	-	-	U
Head-on collisions - risk associated with two-lane alternatives	INF	HIGH	С	6.51	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	OCC	HIGH	D	16.49	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91	RARE	HIGH	В	2.91
	RARE	MOD	Δ	0.22				0				0				0				0				0
South of US 18, cross streets don't have sufficient radii to accommodate trucks	NAKE	IVIOD	A	0.22	_	-	-	U	_	-	-	U	_	-	-	U	_	_	-	U	_		-	U
Approach to County D/Sunset intersection (grade) is an issue for heavy vehicles. Also at	INF	MOD	B	2.01	RARE	MOD	Δ	0.22	RARE	MOD	Δ	0.22	RARE	MOD	٨	0.22	RARE	MOD	Δ	0.22	RARE	MOD	^	0.22
Madison Street.	IINF	IVIOD	В	2.91	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	A	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	A	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22
US 18 is truck route - but it's difficult for OS/OW loads to travel through downtown				0	RARE	MOD		0.22	RARE	MOD	А	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22	RARE	MOD	Α	0.22
Waukesha. Future bypass would be heavily used.	_	-	-	U	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22	KAKE	MOD	А	0.22
Significant problems at GDT crossing	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	0
Probably not a lot of cyclists due to existing facility	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	C	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51
Driveway/street crossings of proposed multi-use path	RARE	EXT	C	6.51	RARE	EXT	C	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51
Residents feel it's safe for children crossing to elementary school at Rolling Ridge signal.	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51	RARE	EXT	С	6.51
_																								
SCORE			FNB	256			20N	157			2DX	111			2PC	105			4DX	108			4PC	101

Academy not on County TT with off-alignment option
Off-alignment grade separates trail crossing and RR
Green Lane no longer on mainline with off-alignment alternatives
County TT & County D - improvements not shown for on-alignment, shown for offalignment
Risk associated with on-alignment route (through 3 intersections) vs. off-alignment which
makes bypass the through route

Note: Scoring assigns A = 0.22 B = 2.91 C = 6.51 D = 16.49 E = 36.76 F = 62.00

West Waukesha Bypass Design Road Safety Audit

Car Concerns from Workshop Findings July 6, 2011, Strand Associates, Inc.

CARS		No Build		2-Ln	On-Alignr	ment	2-Ln	Off-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	On-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	Off-Aligni	ment
Existing Concerns	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk
Poor shoulders (no shoulders in many locations)	OCC	HIGH	D	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α
Roadside hazards (objects in clear zones) are an issue	occ	HIGH	D	INF	HIGH	C	INF	HIGH	C	INF	HIGH	C	INF	HIGH	C
Left-turns out of driveways	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В
Left-turns out of two-way stop controlled intersections	occ	HIGH	D	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	OCC	HIGH	D	OCC	HIGH	D
US 18 to I-94: Speed limits altered north and south of Northview - 35 mph north, 45 mph	INIT	HIGH	С	INIT	HIGH	c	INIE	HIGH	С	INIT	HIGH	С	INIT	IIICII	
south. Design allows 55 mph. Carryover from north section to south.	INF	піоп		INF	пібп		INF	піоп	C	INF	пібп	C	INF	HIGH	C
County TT & Rolling Ridge - heavy SB traffic. Has been mention of moving signal south to Woodridge.	INF	LOW	Α	INF	LOW	Α	INF	LOW	Α	INF	LOW	Α	INF	LOW	Α
Profile at Northview is a concern (assumes permanent signal installed, profile fixed)	INF	MOD	В	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α
County TT & Coldwater Intersection is a concern - particularly with additional growth															
anticipated. Warrants should be investigated.	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	C	INF	HIGH	С
County TT & Gas Station/Sentry access will be a concern in the future - may need change in															
intersection control	occ	MOD	С	occ	MOD	С	occ	MOD	С	occ	MOD	С	occ	MOD	C
US 18 & County TT signal - two phase signal results in a lot of delay for left turns. May	000	c.i		1815			1815	IIICII		1815			1815		
warrant reinvestigation of protected left-turns	occ	HIGH	D	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С
Substandard Vertical Profile (south of US 18)	FREQ	HIGH	E	INF	MOD	В	INF	MOD	В	INF	MOD	В	INF	MOD	В
Pavement in Poor Shape: South of Madison, Pavement in southbound lanes is poor,	INIT	HIGH		RARE	MOD	Δ.	RARE	MOD	^	RARE	MOD	Δ.	RARE	MOD	Δ.
repaved often due to constant settlement	INF	нісн	С	KAKE	MOD	Α	KAKE	MOD	Α	KAKE	IVIOD	Α	KAKE	MOD	A
Christian Academy area is a major concern	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	-	-		-	-		-	-	
MacArthur Sight Distance	OCC	HIGH	D	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В
Glacial Drumlin Trail Crossing - drivers don't yield	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	-	-		-	-		-	-	
At-Grade Railroad Crossing	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	-	-		-	-	
Green Lane Sight Distance	INF	HIGH	C	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α
County TT & County D - County would likely need to make improvements if bypass project	FREQ	HIGH	Е	FREQ	HIGH	F	occ	HIGH	D	occ	HIGH	D	occ	HIGH	D
falls through	TILL	HIGH	-	TILL	IIIGII		occ	IIIGII		OCC	111011		occ	111011	
Transit Garage on County D @ Badger - future bypass may require signal/RAB at that	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	D	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	D
location.	IVAIL	HIGH	ь	IVAIL	111011		IVAIL	111011		IVAIL	111011		IVAIL	111011	
Left-Right-Left Of County D to County X alternative may increase crash risks. SBL to WIS	_	_		occ	MOD	С				occ	MOD	С			
59 is problematic.	_	-		occ	WIOD					OCC	WIOD				
Future Concerns															
Head-on collisions - risk associated with two-lane alternatives	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	INF	HIGH	С	RARE	HIGH	В	RARE	HIGH	В

Notes:

County TT & County D - improvements not shown for on-alignment, shown for offalignment

Risk associated with on-alignment route (through 3 intersections) vs. off-alignment which makes bypass the through route

Academy not on County TT with off-alignment option

2-lane off-alignment grade separates trail crossing

Green Lane no longer on mainline with off-alignment alternatives

West Waukesha Bypass Design Road Safety Audit

Truck Concerns from Workshop Findings July 6, 2011, Strand Associates, Inc.

TRUCKS		No Build		2-Ln	On-Aligni	ment	2-Ln	Off-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	On-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	Off-Aligni	ment
Existing Concerns	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk
South of US 18, cross streets don't have sufficient radii to accommodate trucks	RARE	MOD	Α	-	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Approach to County D/Sunset intersection (grade) is an issue for heavy vehicles. Also at Madison Street.	INF	MOD	В	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	A	RARE	MOD	A	RARE	MOD	A
Future Concerns US 18 is truck route - but it's difficult for OS/OW loads to travel through downtown Waukesha. Future bypass would be heavily used.	-	-		RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	Α	RARE	MOD	A

Bicycle Concerns from Workshop Findings

BICYCLES		No Build		2-Ln	On-Alignr	ment	2-Ln	Off-Aligni	ment	4-Ln	On-Alignr	nent	4-Ln (Off-Alignr	ment
Existing Concerns	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk
Significant problems at GDT crossing	RARE	EXT	С	RARE	EXT	C	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Probably not a lot of cyclists due to existing facility	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C
<u>Future Concerns</u>															
Driveway/street crossings of proposed multi-use path	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	C

Two-lane off-alignment grade separates

Pedestrian Concerns from Workshop Findings

PEDESTRIANS		No Build		2-Ln	On-Alignr	ment	2-Ln	Off-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	On-Alignr	nent	4-Ln	Off-Alignr	nent
Existing Concerns	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk	Freq	Sever	Risk
Residents feel it's unsafe for children crossing to elementary school at Rolling Ridge signal.	RARE	EXT	C	RARE	EXT	С	RARE	EXT	С	RARE	EXT	С	RARE	EXT	С

West Waukesha Bypass - Design Road Safety Audit

Workshop Findings

July 6, 2011, Strand Associates, Inc.

CRASH RISK ASSESSMENT WORKSHOP FINDINGS (JUNE 23, 2011)

No Build

Considering future neighborhood/school/sports complex land uses, no build is less favorable for peds and bikes.

Vertical profile is a concern

Intersection crashes at County TT & County D need to be addressed

No shoulders along County TT south of Madison Street

Trees and other objects near roadway are a problem

Left-turns on to County TT are difficult

Left-turns at US 18 signal can be a problem

Sight distance from many side roads is inadequate

Existing pavement is in poor shape in some locations

The Glacial Drumlin Trail crossing is a concern

The railroad crossing is a problem

The indirect route following County D and County X to connect to WIS 59 may cause more intersection crashes

Two-Lane on-alignment/off-alignment

Should consider improving US 18 (east-west) at County TT

Will Badger be signalized?

Verify improvements at County D/County TT add sufficient capacity

Improve northview (permanent signal, profile, etc.)

Investigate warrants at Coldwater

Consider prohibiting left-out from Sentry/Gas Station, allowing u-turn at US 18 signal, accommodating u-turn at Coldwater (may require widening)

Minimize access points

Off-alignment provides better opportunity to limit direct access

Consider treatments needed for off-street multi-use path at driveways and intersections including special signage, blankout signs, etc.

Consistent bike/ped facilities

Ped/Bike crossings should include median refuge (mid-block, stop-control and signalized)

Pebble Creek alignment far west intersection with County D option - soften sharp curves or provide signage for curves approaching signal

Two-lane on-alignment - provide left-turn lanes on County D at Badger & adjacent intersection to avoid confusion over lane usage

Provide neutral or positive left-turn lanes

Improve proposed throat depth at Kame Terrace

Consider providing corridor & unsignalized intersection lighting

Consider high-visibility pedestrian crossing signs, etc., at Rolling Ridge

Four-Lane on-/off-alignment

Should consider improving US 18 (east-west) at County TT

Will Badger be signalized?

Investigate warrants at Coldwater

Consider prohibiting left-out from Sentry/Gas Station, allowing u-turn at US 18 signal, accommodating u-turn at Coldwater (may require widening)

Minimize access points

Consider prohibiting left-out from sidestreets and allowing u-turn/j-turn configuration

Consider treatments needed for off-street multi-use path at driveways and intersections including special signage, blankout signs, etc.

Consistent bike/ped facilities

Ped/Bike crossings should include median refuge (mid-block, stop-control and signalized)

North section - need to clean up vision triangles on west side in areas where ROW is already purchased.

Pebble Creek alignment far west intersection with County D option - soften sharp curves or provide signage for curves approaching signal

Provide neutral or positive left-turn lanes

Provide monotubes at signalized intersections

Improve proposed throat depth at Kame Terrace

Consider providing corridor & unsignalized intersection lighting

Consider high-visibility pedestrian crossing signs, etc., at Rolling Ridge

Other Concerns

Design team should coordinate with the City of Waukesha to determine solutions for pedestrian concerns at Rolling Ridge

West Waukesha Bypass - Design Road Safety Audit

Workshop Notes

July 6, 2011, Strand Associates, Inc.

Cars:

US 18 to County D: Scary section of road. No build or on-alignment rebuild would require a lot of changes.

Responding to crash/incident SB south of Madison Street; "taking your life in your hands" Fatality at US 18 & Meadowbrook(County TT) ~2005, 2006.

US 18 & County TT needs capacity, other improvements. If bypass doesn't happen, HSIP improvements are likely.

Managing accidents is "problematic to nightmarish". Crash that would typically require 1-2 squads will require 3-4.

County D from County TT to County X - corridor not major concern, intersections are where crashes occur.

County D and County X: If County D to X is selected, concerns regarding EBR and NBL volumes. Enforcement - locations to sit. North of US 18 it's not a problem. South of US 18 its really enforcement by presence.

South of US 18 - speeds are lower due to hazardous alignment/no shoulders/objects near roadway. People don't tend to slow down as much in inclement weather - results in higher crashes. Nowhere to go in slippery weather.

If four-lane is selected, a uniform speed limit should be posted.

Future Car Concerns

Future four-lane may encourage higher speed due to wide section, shoulders, etc. Consider altering cross section? Maybe only where driveways exist?

WIS 59 the 85th percentile speed is 55 mph. Enforcement confirms higher speeds on WIS 59. Cleveland & Pearl are on 5% list.

East portion of WIS 59 - fully access controlled, only public street intersections.

Consider consistent cross-section with curb & gutter inside and outside from US 18 to the north. Could bypass draw higher volumes to County TT and therefore increase congestion in the I-94 EB weave between County SS and County TT?

Trucks:

Existing County TT sees quite a bit of truck traffic. County D & County TT frequently knocking signals down until radius was improved recently.

Future Truck Concerns

More direct alternatives (Pebble Creek) may actually attract additional truck traffic compared to County D - County X alts.

Bypass in general may attract trucks traveling between I-94 and communities to the South/West of Waukesha

** Look at truck %'s for existing and future facility

Current OS/OW route is WIS 59 to east bypass - some routes may use west bypass

** Designers must coordinate with State OS/OW routes

Bikes:

Sunset Park used as trailhead GDT

Future Bike Concerns

Should have consistent facilities on E/W side of road

Pedestrians:

Future Pedestrian Concerns

Ped crossings E-W at Northview Road and other public streets

Should have consistent facilities on each side of the road

All crossings should be designed to accommodate peds within medians



Alternatives List

NB Future No Build, two-lanes 2ON On-Alignment, two-lanes

2-TT2-DX County D to County X Alignment, two-lanes
4-TT2-DX County D to County X Alignment, four-lanes
2-TT2-PC West Pebble Creek Alignment, two-lanes
4-TT2-PC West Pebble Creek Alignment, four-lanes

		On	Existing A	Alignmen	nt		Off Existi	ng Alignn	nent	
		2035 Average	Crash Fr	equency (cro	ashes/year)		2035 Average	Crash Fre	equency (cras	hes/year)
Section	2035 Alternative	Annual Weekday Traffic ^A	Injury and Fatal	Property Damage Only	Total	2035 Alternative	Annual Weekday Traffic ^A	Injury and Fatal	Property Damage Only	Total
	NB		8.33	16.55	24.88					
North	2ON 2-TT2-DX 2-TT2-PC	20,000 ^B	7.61	15.45	23.06	2DX 2-TT2-PC	26,000 ^c	9.74	19.52	29.26
	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC		6.76	13.33	20.09	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC	30,000 ^c	10.39	19.77	30.15
	NB	16,000 ^B	7.20	14.07	21.26					
	2ON	16,000	5.49	11.23	16.72					
Center	2ON 2-TT2-DX	18,000 ^C	6.41	13.14	19.55	2-TT2-PC	18,000 ^c	5.27	11.56	16.83
						4-TT2-PC	23,500 ^c	5.71	12.26	17.97
	NB	4.0.000B	12.16	24.59	36.75					
	2ON	18,000 ^B	11.83	23.95	35.78	2-TT2-DX	18,000 ^B	11.01	22.26	33.27
South						4-TT2-DX	18,000 ^B	9.99	20.11	30.13
						2-TT2-PC	14,000 ^C	3.01	6.63	9.64
						4-TT2-PC	18,000 ^C	3.16	6.92	10.08

NOTE: Frequency should not be directly compared to existing number of crashes per year on the corridor

A Maximum AWDT used

B No Build Volumes used

C Build (with Bypass) Volumes used

Crash Frequency = # Crashes/# years

Note: Crash Frequency calculations Include Intersection Crashes

Alternatives List

NB Future No Build, two-lanes 2ON On-Alignment, two-lanes

2-TT2-DX County D to County X Alignment, two-lanes
4-TT2-DX County D to County X Alignment, four-lanes
2-TT2-PC West Pebble Creek Alignment, two-lanes
4-TT2-PC West Pebble Creek Alignment, four-lanes

_			On Exis	ting Alia	gnment			Off Ex	isting A	lignmer	nt	
		2035 Average		Crash R	ate (crashes	S/HMVMT)		2035 Average		Crash R	ate (crashes/	'HMVMT)
Section	2035	Annual	Length	Injury	Property		2035	Annual	Length	Injury	Property	
Section	Alternative	Weekday	(mi)	and	Damage	Total	Alternative	Weekday	(mi)	and	Damage	Total
		Traffic ^A		Fatal	Only			Traffic ^A		Fatal	Only	
	NB			74	146	220						
North	2ON 2-TT2-DX 2-TT2-PC	18,670 ^B	1.66	67	137	204	2DX 2-TT2-PC	22,660 ^c	1.66	71	142	213
	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC			60	118	178	4-TT2-DX 4-TT2-PC	26,660 ^c		64	122	187
	NB	45.070 ^B		67	131	197						
	2ON	15,070 ^B	1.96	51	104	155						
Center	2ON 2-TT2-DX	17,160 ^c	1.90	52	107	159	2-TT2-PC	17,160 ^c	2.10	40	88	128
							4-TT2-PC	22,190 ^C		34	72	106
	NB	aa aaa ^B	2.20	73	147	220						
	2ON	20,800 ^B	2.20	71	143	214	2-TT2-DX	20,800 ^B	2.10	69	140	209
South							4-TT2-DX	20,800 ^B	2.10	63	126	189
							2-TT2-PC	14,000 ^c	1.20	49	108	157
							4-TT2-PC	18,000 ^C	1.20	40	88	128

NOTE: Rates should not be directly compared to existing crash rates on the corridor, or statewide averages

- A Weighted AWDT used
- B No Build Volumes used
- C Build (with Bypass) Volumes used

Average Yearly Crash Rate = (# Crashes/# years*100,000,000)/(ADT*365*Length), Units = Crashes/Hundred Million Vehicle Miles Traveled (HMVMT)

Note: Crash Rate calculations Include Intersection Crashes

Waukesha Bypass DRSA - Weighted ADT Calcs for Crash Rates Updated September 11, 2012

		Segment L	ength (mi)				Average	Annual Weekday Traffic (A	AWDT)	
Segment	No E	Build	Вур	oass	No I	Build	2-Lane	Bypass	4-Lane (E	Bypass)
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.11		0.11			Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.29	0.55	0.29	0.55	18,000		24,000		28,000	
Lancaster to Northview	0.15		0.15							
Northview to Cold Water Creek	0.67		0.67			18,670		22,660		26,660
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.32	1.11	0.32	1.11	19,000		22,000		26,000	
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.12		0.12							

		Segment L	ength (mi)				Average	Annual Weekday Traffic (AWDT)	
Segment	No E	Build	Вур	oass	No I	Build	2-Lane	Bypass	4-Lane (E	Bypass)
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.15		0.15			Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
Fiddler's Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.21	0.53	0.21	0.53	16,000		18,000		23,500	
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.17		0.17							
Madison to Merril Hills	0.33		0.66			1				
Merril Hills to Kame	0.31		0.00			15.070		17,160		22 100
Kame to Shananagi	0.22	1.23		1.37	15,000	15,070	17,000	17,160	22,000	22,190
Shananagi to Road	0.24		0.71							
Road to MacArthur	0.13									
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	13,000		16,000	1	20,000	

		Segment L	ength (mi)					Average	Annual Wee	kday Traffic (AWDT)	
Segment	No E	Build	Вур	ass	No E	Build	2 Lane D t	o X Bypass	4 Lane D t	o X Bypass	2-Lane Pebble Bypass	4-Lane (Bypass)
Glacial Drumlin Trail to Green	0.14	0.32	D to X	Pebble	13,000	Weighted	D to X	Weighted	D to X	Weighted		
Green to Sunset	0.18	0.32	1.05		13,000		19,000		22,000			
Sunset to Badger	0.73		1.03				19,000		22,000			
Badger to Ridge View	0.05	1.10			18,000						14,000	18,000
Ridgeview to Genesee Rd	0.32			1.20		20,800		24,500		27,000	14,000	18,000
Genessee to N. Frontage	0.15		1.05				30,000		32,000			
N. Frontage to S. Frontage	0.25	0.68			29,000							
S. Frontage to Wis 59	0.28											

Waukesha Bypass DRSA - HiSafe Road Side Fixed Objects Calculations $_{\rm July\,6,\,2011}$

Note: Fixed objects data were determined using a combination of Google Earth and Photologs from June 2011 **Object List**

UP Utility Pole
Tr Tree
Cont Continuous
FH Fire Hydrant

North Section (Rolling Ridge to US 18)

Segment	Segment Length (mi)	Object	Longitudinal Distance (ft)	Number	Distance to Traveled way (ft)	Fixed Object density	Average Distance
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.11						
		UP		1	6		
		UP		1	10		
		UP		1	10		
		UP		1	6		
		UP		1	6		
						45.5	7.6
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.29						
		UP		1	15		
		UP		1	15		
		UP		1	15		
		UP		1	15		
		UP		1	10		
		UP		1	15		
		UP		1	10		
		UP		1	11		
						27.6	13.3
Lancaster to Northview	0.15						
		Tree		1	27		
		Tree		1	29		
		UP		1	10		
		UP		1	5		
						26.7	17.8
Northview to Cold Water Creek	0.67						
		Tree		1	27		
						1.5	27.0
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.32						
						1.0	30.0
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.12						
						1.0	30.0

Waukesha Bypass DRSA - HiSafe Road Side Fixed Objects Calculations ${\it July\,6,\,2011}$

Note: Fixed objects data were determined using a combination of Google Earth and Photologs from June 2011

Object List

Utility Pole Tree Continuous Fire Hydrant

Center Section (US 18 to Glacial Drumlin Trail)

Segment	Segment Length (mi)	Object	Longitudinal Distance (ft)	Number	Distance to Traveled way (ft)	# * Distance	Fixed Object density	Average Distance
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.15	UP		1	15			
		UP		1	15			
		UP		1	15			
		UP		1	8			
							26.7	13.3
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.21	UP+trees		1	6	6		
		3 Trees		1	16	16		
		UP+trees		1	7	7		
		Cont	750'	11	10	110		
		FH+trees		1	11	11		
		Trees		1	15	15		
		FH		1	14	14		
		UP		1	14	14		
		UP		1	20	20	22.5	44.0
Viada a Hill da Madissa							90.5	11.2
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.17	UP		1	23	23		
		Tree		1	30	30		
		UP+trees	2001	1	10	10		
		Cont	300'	4	12 17	48 17		
		Tree		1	17	17	47.1	16.0
Madison to Merril Hills	0.33						47.1	16.0
sb	0.33	2 Trees		1	24	24		
SD		Tree		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	7	7		
		Trees	390	6	9	, 54		
nb		UP+trees	390	1	8	8		
110		UP		1	8	8		
		UP+trees		1	8	8		
		Ups+Trees	300	4	10	40		
		UP+Tree	300	1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
							60.6	9.6
Merril Hills to Kame	0.31							
sb		Tree		1	6	6		
		Tree		1	15	15		
		Tree		1	10	10		
		Trees	310	4	14	56		
nb		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
		Tree		1	14	14		
							51.6	10.3

Waukesha Bypass DRSA - HiSafe Road Side Fixed Objects Calculations ${\it July\,6,\,2011}$

Note: Fixed objects data were determined using a combination of Google Earth and Photologs from June 2011

Object List

Utility Pole Tree Continuous Fire Hydrant

Center Section (US 18 to Glacial Drumlin Trail)

Segment	Segment Length (mi)	Object	Longitudinal Distance (ft)	Number	Distance to Traveled way (ft)	# * Distance	Fixed Object density	Average Distance
Kame to Shananagi	0.22							
sb		2 Trees		1	10	10		
		2 Trees		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	12	12		
		Tree		1	15	15		
nb		UP		1	15	15		
		UP+Trees	560	8	8	64		
		2 Trees		1	8	8		
		UP		1	8	8		
							68.2	9.5
Shananagi to Road	0.24							
sb		Trees	350	5	15	75		
		Tree		1	17	17		
		UP		1	10	10		
		UP		1	10	10		
		UP		1	10	10		
ıb		UP		1	10	10		
		UP		1	10	10		
		UP+Trees	240	3	9	27		
		Trees		1	15	15		
		UP		1	21	21		
		UP+Trees	240	3	10	30		
							79.2	12.4
Road to MacArthur	0.13							
sb		UP		1	11	11		
		UP		1	11	11		
		UP		1	11	11		
		UP		1	11	11		
nb		UP's Trees	620	9	10	90		
							100.0	10.3
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.2							
sb		UP		1	12	12		
		UP		1	12	12		
		UP		1	12	12		
		Wall	160	2	20	40		
nb								
		Tree		1	30	30		
		Trees	330	5	7	35		
							55.0	12.8

Waukesha Bypass DRSA - HiSafe Road Side Fixed Objects Calculations ${\it July\,6,\,2011}$

Note: Fixed objects data were determined using a combination of Google Earth and Photologs from June 2011

Object List

Utility Pole
Tree
nt Continuous
Fire Hydrant

South Section (Glacial Drumlin Trail to WIS 59 via County X)

	Journ Je			ii iiaii to	vis 55 via coc	ALLEY AL		
Segment	Segment Length (mi)	Object	Longitudinal Distance (ft)	Number of Objects	Distance to Traveled way (ft)	# * Distance	Fixed Object density	Average Distance
lacial Drumlin Trail to Green	0.14							
)		Trees		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	15	15		
		Trees		1	16	16		
b		UP		1	4	4		
		Tree		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	10	10		
reen to County D/Sunset	0.10						50.0	10.7
)	0.18	Tree		1	7	7		
,		Trees		1	13	13		
		Tree		1	20			
						20		
		Tree		1	8	8		
		Tree		1	9	9		
		Tree		1	23	23		
b		UP		1	9	9		
		Tree		1	9	9		
		Tree		1	10	10		
		Tree		1	25	25		
		UP+Trees		1	8	8		
		UP		1	11	11		
		UP		1	11	11		
ounty TT to Badger	0.73						72.2	12.5
b	0.75	Trees	2180'	31	20	620		
5		UP	2100	1	22	22		
		UP		1	23	23		
		UP		1	23	23		
		UP		1	23	23		
		UP		1	18	18		
		UP		1	14	14		
		UP		1	16	16		
b		Trees	660'	9	20	180	64.4	20.0
adger to Ridge Road	0.05						64.4	20.0
ouger to mage nodu		UP		1	16	16		
		UP		1	16	16		
							40.0	16.0
idge Road to County X	0.32							
b		UP		1	25	25		
		Tree		1	20	20		
b		UP		1	30	30		
		UP		1	20	20		
		UP		1	17	17		
ounty X to N. Frontage	0.15						15.6	22.4
,							1.0	30.0
I. Francisco de Divi.								
l. Frontage to Ridge Road	0.25						1.0	30.0



			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

7/6/2011

	Analysis Summary	Results	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	8.33	16.55	24.88
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	8.33	16.55	24.88
County TT/Rolling Ridge Drive	1.02	1.88	2.89
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.02	1.88	2.89
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.11	0.27	0.38
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.11	0.27	0.38
County TT/Woodridge Lane	0.78	1.17	1.95
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.78	1.17	1.95
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.41	1.08	1.49
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.41	1.08	1.49
County TT/Lancaster Drive	0.73	1.11	1.83
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.73	1.11	1.83
Lancaster to Northview	0.27	0.70	0.97
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.70	0.97
County TT/Northview Road	1.37	2.73	4.09
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.37	2.73	4.09

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 2

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Northview to Cold Water Creek	0.94	2.48	3.42
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.94	2.48	3.42
County TT/Cold Water Creek Drive	0.49	0.73	1.23
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.49	0.73	1.23
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.40	1.06	1.47
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.40	1.06	1.47
County TT/Sentry Entrance	0.69	0.96	1.65
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.69	0.96	1.65
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.13	0.35	0.49
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.35	0.49
County TT/US 18	1.01	2.02	3.03
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.01	2.02	3.03

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 2

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

	Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	7.61	15.45	23.06		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	7.61	15.45	23.06		
County TT/Rolling Ridge Drive	1.02	1.88	2.89		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.02	1.88	2.89		
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.13	0.33	0.45		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.33	0.45		
County TT/Woodridge Lane	0.42	0.63	1.05		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.42	0.63	1.05		
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.38	1.01	1.39		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.38	1.01	1.39		
County TT/Lancaster Drive	0.39	0.60	0.99		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.39	0.60	0.99		
Lancaster to Northview	0.26	0.68	0.93		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.26	0.68	0.93		
County TT/Northview Road	1.37	2.73	4.09		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.37	2.73	4.09		

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 2

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Northview to Cold Water Creek	0.94	2.48	3.42
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.94	2.48	3.42
County TT/Cold Water Creek Drive	0.49	0.73	1.23
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.49	0.73	1.23
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.40	1.06	1.47
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.40	1.06	1.47
County TT/Sentry Entrance	0.69	0.96	1.65
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.69	0.96	1.65
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.13	0.35	0.49
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.35	0.49
County TT/US 18	1.01	2.02	3.03
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.01	2.02	3.03

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 2

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	6.76	13.33	20.09	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	6.76	13.33	20.09	
County TT/Rolling Ridge Drive	0.99	1.88	2.87	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.99	1.88	2.87	
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.10	0.25	0.34	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.10	0.25	0.34	
County TT/Woodridge Lane	0.42	0.63	1.05	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.42	0.63	1.05	
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.28	0.73	1.02	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.28	0.73	1.02	
County TT/Lancaster Drive	0.39	0.60	0.99	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.39	0.60	0.99	
Lancaster to Northview	0.19	0.49	0.68	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.19	0.49	0.68	
County TT/Northview Road	1.11	2.21	3.32	

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 2

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.11	2.21	3.32
	2.22	4.00	0.40
Northview to Cold Water Creek	0.69	1.80	2.49
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.69	1.80	2.49
County TT/Cold Water Creek Drive	0.49	0.73	1.23
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.49	0.73	1.23
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.30	0.78	1.08
·			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.78	1.08
County TT/Sentry Entrance	0.69	0.96	1.65
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.69	0.96	1.65
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.10	0.26	0.36
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.10	0.26	0.36
,			
County TT/US 18	1.01	2.02	3.03
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.01	2.02	3.03

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 2

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	9.74	19.52	29.26	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	9.74	19.52	29.26	
County TT/Rolling Ridge Drive	1.44	2.62	4.06	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.44	2.62	4.06	
Rolling Ridge to Woodridge	0.19	0.50	0.69	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.19	0.50	0.69	
County TT/Woodridge Lane	0.57	0.81	1.38	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.57	0.81	1.38	
Woodridge to Lancaster	0.58	1.53	2.11	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.58	1.53	2.11	
County TT/Lancaster Drive	0.53	0.77	1.30	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.53	0.77	1.30	
Lancaster to Northview	0.39	1.02	1.41	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.39	1.02	1.41	
County TT/Northview Road	1.66	3.24	4.90	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.66	3.24	4.90	

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 2

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Northview to Cold Water Creek	1.16	3.07	4.23
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.16	3.07	4.23
County TT/Cold Water Creek Drive	0.60	0.86	1.45
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.60	0.86	1.45
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.50	1.32	1.81
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.50	1.32	1.81
County TT/Sentry Entrance	0.83	1.12	1.95
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.83	1.12	1.95
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.17	0.44	0.60
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.17	0.44	0.60
County TT/US 18	1.14	2.24	3.37
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.14	2.24	3.37
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.14	2.24	3.37

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 2

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Predicted Crash Frequency					
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
10.39	19.77	30.15			
10.39	19.77	30.15			
1.72	3.15	4.87			
1.72	3.15	4.87			
0.16	0.41	0.58			
0.16	0.41	0.58			
0.68	0.94	1.62			
0.68	0.94	1.62			
0.49	1.27	1.76			
0.49	1.27	1.76			
0.63	0.89	1.52			
0.63	0.89	1.52			
0.32	0.84	1.16			
0.32	0.84	1.16			
1.62	3.07	4.69			
	10.39 10.39 1.72 1.72 0.16 0.16 0.68 0.68 0.49 0.49 0.49 0.63 0.63 0.63 0.32 0.32	10.39 19.77 10.39 19.77 1.72 3.15 1.72 3.15 0.16 0.41 0.16 0.41 0.68 0.94 0.68 0.94 0.49 1.27 0.49 1.27 0.63 0.89 0.63 0.89 0.32 0.84 0.32 0.84			

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 2

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.62	3.07	4.69
	4.00	0.00	0.04
Northview to Cold Water Creek	1.02	2.62	3.64
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.02	2.62	3.64
County TT/Cold Water Creek Drive	0.72	1.00	1.72
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.72	1.00	1.72
Cold Water Creek to Sentry Entrance	0.44	1.14	1.57
·			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	1.14	1.57
County TT/Sentry Entrance	1.00	1.30	2.30
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.00	1.30	2.30
Total Troducted Gradines (Gradines Jour,			2.00
Sentry Entrance to US 18	0.15	0.38	0.53
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.15	0.38	0.53
County TT/US 18	1.44	2.77	4.21
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.44	2.77	4.21

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 2

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	7.20	14.07	21.26	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	7.20	14.07	21.26	
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.22	0.59	0.81	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.22	0.59	0.81	
County TT/Fiddlers Creek Drive	0.67	1.03	1.70	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.67	1.03	1.70	
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.35	0.90	1.25	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.35	0.90	1.25	
County TT/Kisdon Hill Drive	0.27	0.36	0.64	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.36	0.64	
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.23	0.62	0.86	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.23	0.62	0.86	
County TT/Madison Street	1.14	1.63	2.78	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.14	1.63	2.78	
Madison to Merril Hills	0.37	0.97	1.33	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.37	0.97	1.33	

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 3

Analysis Summary Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
County TT/Merril Hills Court	0.44	0.77	1.20
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	0.77	1.20
Merril Hills to Kame	0.39	1.00	1.39
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.39	1.00	1.39
County TT/Kame Terrace	0.58	0.97	1.54
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.58	0.97	1.54
Kame to Shananagi	0.26	0.68	0.93
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.26	0.68	0.93
County TT/Shananagi Lane	0.51	0.89	1.40
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.51	0.89	1.40
Shananagi to Road	0.30	0.76	1.06
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.76	1.06
County TT/Road	0.27	0.26	0.52
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.26	0.52
Road to MacArthur	0.15	0.40	0.55
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.15	0.40	0.55
County TT/MacArthur Road	0.86	1.70	2.56
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.86	1.70	2.56
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.21	0.54	0.75

HiSAFE v1.0 2 of 3

Analysis	C	Dogulto
Anaivsis	Summarv	Results

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.21	0.54	0.75

HiSAFE v1.0 3 of 3

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results						
		Predicted Crash Frequency				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	5.49	11.23	16.72			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	5.49	11.23	16.72			
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.21	0.56	0.76			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.21	0.56	0.76			
County TT/Fiddlers Creek Drive	0.49	0.76	1.24			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.49	0.76	1.24			
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.25	0.65	0.91			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.65	0.91			
County TT/Kisdon Hill Drive	0.27	0.36	0.64			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.36	0.64			
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.21	0.56	0.76			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.21	0.56	0.76			
County TT/Madison Street	0.77	1.53	2.29			
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.77	1.53	2.29			
Madison to Merril Hills	0.29	0.78	1.07			

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 3

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.29	0.78	1.07
County TT/Merril Hills Court	0.44	0.77	1.20
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	0.77	1.20
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	0.77	1.20
Merril Hills to Kame	0.32	0.83	1.15
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.32	0.83	1.15
County TT/Kame Terrace	0.39	0.65	1.04
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.39	0.65	1.04
Kame to Shananagi	0.19	0.51	0.70
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.19	0.51	0.70
County TT/Shananagi Lane	0.44	0.77	1.20
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	0.77	1.20
Shananagi to Road	0.23	0.58	0.81
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.23	0.58	0.81
County TT/Road	0.23	0.22	0.45
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.23	0.22	0.45
Road to MacArthur	0.10	0.28	0.38
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.10	0.28	0.38
County TT/MacArthur Road	0.50	0.99	1.48
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.50	0.99	1.48
Total Fredicted Crashes (Crashes/year)	0.50	0.33	1.40

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		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.18	0.46	0.63
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.18	0.46	0.63

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results			
		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	6.41	13.14	19.55
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	6.41	13.14	19.55
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.25	0.66	0.90
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.90
County TT/Fiddlers Creek Drive	0.56	0.84	1.40
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.56	0.84	1.40
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.30	0.76	1.06
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.76	1.06
County TT/Kisdon Hill Drive	0.32	0.43	0.75
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.32	0.43	0.75
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.25	0.66	0.90
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.90
County TT/Madison Street	0.84	1.65	2.49
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.84	1.65	2.49
Madison to Merril Hills	0.35	0.92	1.27

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.35	0.92	1.27
County TT/Merril Hills Court	0.50	0.85	1.35
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.50	0.85	1.35
Merril Hills to Kame	0.38	0.98	1.36
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.38	0.98	1.36
County TT/Kame Terrace	0.45	0.79	1.24
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.45	0.79	1.24
Kame to Shananagi	0.23	0.60	0.83
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.23	0.60	0.83
County TT/Shananagi Lane	0.50	0.85	1.35
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.50	0.85	1.35
Shananagi to Road	0.27	0.69	0.95
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.69	0.95
County TT/Road	0.26	0.27	0.53
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.26	0.27	0.53
Road to MacArthur	0.13	0.33	0.45
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.33	0.45
County TT/MacArthur Road	0.61	1.26	1.86
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.61	1.26	1.86

Analy	/sis S	Summary	Results
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		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.23	0.60	0.83
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.23	0.60	0.83

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
	Predicted Crash Frequency			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	5.27	11.56	16.83	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	5.27	11.56	16.83	
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.25	0.66	0.90	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.90	
County TT/Fiddlers Creek Drive	0.56	0.84	1.40	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.56	0.84	1.40	
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.30	0.76	1.06	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.76	1.06	
County TT/Kisdon Hill Drive	0.32	0.43	0.75	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.32	0.43	0.75	
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.25	0.66	0.90	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.90	
County TT/Madison Street	0.84	1.65	2.49	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.84	1.65	2.49	
Madison to Kame	0.70	1.84	2.54	

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.70	1.84	2.54
County TT/Kame Terrace	0.45	0.79	1.24
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.45	0.79	1.24
Kame to MacArthur	0.80	2.12	2.92
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.80	2.12	2.92
County TT/MacArthur Road	0.61	1.26	1.86
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.61	1.26	1.86
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.21	0.56	0.76
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.21	0.56	0.76

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results					
	Predicted Crash Frequency				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	5.71	12.26	17.97		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	5.71	12.26	17.97		
US 18 to Fiddlers Creek	0.26	0.67	0.93		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.26	0.67	0.93		
County TT/Fiddlers Creek Drive	0.55	0.79	1.35		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.55	0.79	1.35		
Fiddlers Creek to Kisdon Hill	0.27	0.70	0.98		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.70	0.98		
County TT/Kisdon Hill Drive	0.46	0.65	1.11		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.46	0.65	1.11		
Kisdon Hill to Madison	0.26	0.67	0.93		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.26	0.67	0.93		
County TT/Madison Street	0.68	1.24	1.92		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.68	1.24	1.92		
Madison to Kame	0.72	1.86	2.58		
Madison to Kame	0.72	1.86	2.58		

	Predicted Crash Frequency			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.72	1.86	2.58	
County TT/Kame Terrace	0.64	1.16	1.80	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.64	1.16	1.80	
Kame to MacArthur	0.84	2.16	3.00	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.84	2.16	3.00	
County TT/MacArthur Road	0.83	1.79	2.62	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.83	1.79	2.62	
MacArthur to Glacial Drumlin Trail	0.21	0.55	0.76	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.21	0.55	0.76	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	12.16	24.59	36.75	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	12.16	24.59	36.75	
Glacial Drumlin Trail to Green	0.14	0.34	0.47	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.14	0.34	0.47	
County TT/Green Lane	0.38	0.51	0.89	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.38	0.51	0.89	
Green to County D	0.22	0.56	0.78	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.22	0.56	0.78	
County D/County TT	1.63	3.26	4.89	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.63	3.26	4.89	
County TT to Badger	1.01	2.68	3.69	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.01	2.68	3.69	
County D/Badger Drive	0.42	0.73	1.15	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.42	0.73	1.15	
Badger to Ridge	0.14	0.37	0.52	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.14	0.37	0.52	

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
County D/Ridge Road	0.53	0.71	1.24
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.53	0.71	1.24
Ridge to Shopping Center	0.29	0.75	1.04
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.29	0.75	1.04
County D/Shopping Center	0.70	1.20	1.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.70	1.20	1.91
Shopping Center to County X	0.30	0.76	1.06
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.76	1.06
County X/County D	1.64	3.12	4.77
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.64	3.12	4.77
County D to N. Frontage	0.25	0.66	0.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.91
County X/North Frontage Road	0.30	0.30	0.60
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.30	0.30	0.60
N. Frontage to Ridge	0.76	1.98	2.74
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.76	1.98	2.74
County X/Ridge Road	0.74	0.99	1.73
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.74	0.99	1.73
Ridge to WIS 59	0.78	2.02	2.80

Analysis Summary Resul

	Predicted Crash Frequency			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.78	2.02	2.80	
County X/WIS 59	1.93	3.65	5.58	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.93	3.65	5.58	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	11.83	23.95	35.78	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	11.83	23.95	35.78	
Glacial Drumlin Trail to Green	0.11	0.27	0.37	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.11	0.27	0.37	
County TT/Green Lane	0.22	0.30	0.52	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.22	0.30	0.52	
Green to County D	0.17	0.45	0.62	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.17	0.45	0.62	
County D/County TT	1.55	3.10	4.65	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.55	3.10	4.65	
County TT to Badger	0.87	2.31	3.18	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.87	2.31	3.18	
County D/Badger Drive	0.42	0.73	1.15	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.42	0.73	1.15	
Badger to Ridge	0.13	0.34	0.47	

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.34	0.47
County D/Ridge Road	0.46	0.61	1.06
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.46	0.61	1.06
Ridge to Shopping Center	0.29	0.75	1.04
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.29	0.75	1.04
County D/Shopping Center	0.70	1.20	1.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.70	1.20	1.91
Shopping Center to County X	0.27	0.70	0.96
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.70	0.96
County X/County D	1.64	3.12	4.77
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.64	3.12	4.77
County D to N. Frontage	0.25	0.66	0.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.91
County X/North Frontage Road	0.53	0.78	1.32
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.53	0.78	1.32
N. Frontage to Ridge	0.76	1.98	2.74
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.76	1.98	2.74
County X/Ridge Road	0.74	0.99	1.73
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.74	0.99	1.73

Analysis Summary Results	
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	Predicted Crash Frequency			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Ridge to WIS 59	0.78	2.02	2.80	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.78	2.02	2.80	
County X/WIS 59	1.93	3.65	5.58	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.93	3.65	5.58	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

	Analysis Summary	Results	
		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	11.01	22.26	33.27
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	11.01	22.26	33.27
Glacial Drumlin Trail to County TT	0.32	0.84	1.15
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.32	0.84	1.15
County TT/County D	0.90	1.79	2.69
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.90	1.79	2.69
County D to Badger	0.62	1.64	2.26
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.62	1.64	2.26
County D/Badger Drive	0.70	1.20	1.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.70	1.20	1.91
Badger to Ridge	0.13	0.34	0.47
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.13	0.34	0.47
County D/Ridge Road	0.46	0.61	1.06
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.46	0.61	1.06
Ridge to Shopping Center	0.29	0.74	1.02
Ridge to Shopping Center	0.29	0.74	1.02

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.29	0.74	1.02
County D/Shopping Center	0.70	1.20	1.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.70	1.20	1.91
Shopping Center to County X	0.27	0.70	0.96
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.27	0.70	0.96
County X/County D	1.65	3.12	4.77
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.65	3.12	4.77
County D to N. Frontage	0.25	0.66	0.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.91
County X/North Frontage Road	0.53	0.78	1.32
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.53	0.78	1.32
N. Frontage to Ridge	0.76	1.98	2.74
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.76	1.98	2.74
County X/Ridge Road	0.74	0.99	1.73
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.74	0.99	1.73
Ridge to WIS 59	0.78	2.02	2.80
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.78	2.02	2.80
County X/WIS 59	1.93	3.65	5.58
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.93	3.65	5.58

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Analysis Summary Results				
		Predicted Crash Frequency		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	9.99	20.14	30.13	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	9.99	20.14	30.13	
Glacial Drumlin Trail to County D	0.25	0.67	0.92	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.67	0.92	
County TT/County D	0.90	1.79	2.69	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.90	1.79	2.69	
County D to Badger	0.47	1.22	1.68	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.47	1.22	1.68	
County D/Badger Drive	0.47	0.81	1.28	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.47	0.81	1.28	
Badger to Ridge	0.10	0.24	0.34	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.10	0.24	0.34	
County D/Ridge Road	0.31	0.41	0.72	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.31	0.41	0.72	
Ridge to Shopping Center	0.19	0.50	0.69	
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.19	0.50	0.69	

		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
County D/Shopping Center	0.47	0.81	1.28
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.47	0.81	1.28
Shopping Center to County X	0.19	0.49	0.68
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.19	0.49	0.68
County X/County D	1.65	3.12	4.77
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.65	3.12	4.77
County D to N. Frontage	0.25	0.66	0.91
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.25	0.66	0.91
County X/North Frontage Road	0.53	0.78	1.32
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.53	0.78	1.32
N. Frontage to Ridge	0.76	1.98	2.74
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.76	1.98	2.74
County X/Ridge Road	0.74	0.99	1.73
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.74	0.99	1.73
Ridge to WIS 59	0.78	2.02	2.80
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.78	2.02	2.80
County X/WIS 59	1.93	3.65	5.58
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.93	3.65	5.58

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane Pebble Creek (2PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:29 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

	Analysis Summary	Results			
	Predicted Crash Frequency				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	3.01	6.63	9.64		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	3.01	6.63	9.64		
Glacial Drumlin Trail to County D	0.44	1.16	1.59		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.44	1.16	1.59		
County TT/County D	0.72	1.45	2.16		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.72	1.45	2.16		
County D to Wis 59	0.63	1.67	2.30		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.63	1.67	2.30		
WIS 59/County X/County TT	1.22	2.37	3.59		
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.22	2.37	3.59		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane Pebble Creek (4PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:47 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

	Analysis Summary	Results	
		Predicted Crash Frequency	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total Predicted Crashes (entire study period)	3.16	6.92	10.08
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	3.16	6.92	10.08
Glacial Drumlin Trail to County D	0.47	1.22	1.68
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.47	1.22	1.68
County TT/County D	0.93	1.82	2.75
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.93	1.82	2.75
County D to Wis 59	0.66	1.72	2.38
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	0.66	1.72	2.38
WIS 59/County X/County TT	1.10	2.17	3.27
Total Predicted Crashes (crashes/year)	1.10	2.17	3.27



			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	19000	Total	1.02	1.88	2.89
ADTminor	2500				
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
and activity of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.392	0.847	1.239
Oata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.043	0.053	0.096
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.303	0.428	0.731
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.086	0.056	0.142
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.048	0.370	0.418
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.872	1.754	2.626
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive				
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.108	0.141
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	400	Collision with other object	0.003	0.009	0.012
·		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	5	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.057		0.057
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Present	Collision with bicycle	0.042		0.042
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.143	0.124	0.267
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Total	1.015	1.878	2.893

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.11	0.27	0.38
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.7	3.8
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20 Not Present	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	0.074	0.440	0.040
hting		Rear-end collision	0.071	0.142	0.213
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.003	0.008	0.011
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.048	0.052
·	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.015	0.019
nor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.085	0.215	0.300
ijor residential driveways		Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
her driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.006	0.048	0.054
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	45	Other single-vehicle collision	0.006	0.006	0.012
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	8	Collision with pedestrian	0.007	2.2.2	0.007
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.002	0.059	0.002
		Total	0.106	0.274	0.380

		_	General Information		
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Input Data		-	Summary R	esults	
tersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.78	1.17	1.95
ADTminor	1260				
tersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.219	0.386	0.605
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.027	0.031	0.058
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.286	0.345	0.631
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.079	0.045	0.124
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.039	0.224	0.263
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.650	1.031	1.681
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
/pe of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.037	0.118	0.155
tersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.010	0.015
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.007	0.017
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.041		0.041
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.034		0.034
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.130	0.140	0.270
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.780	1.171	1.951

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
load type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.41	1.08	1.49
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.6	5.0
pe of on-street parking	None				
and use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
ırb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
edian width (ft)	20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
phting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.235	0.614	0.849
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.022	0.003	0.025
jor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.027	0.062	0.089
•	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.024	0.029
nor commercial driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024	0.043	0.067
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.009	0.042	0.051
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.335	0.816	1.151
ajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	2	Collision with animal	0.002	0.017	0.019
her driveways	0		0.044	0.201	0.245
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object			
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	28	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
fset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	13	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.043	0.058
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007
indiation racio, or		Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006
		Subtotal	0.075	0.264	0.339
		Total	0.410	1.080	1.490

			General Information		
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Input Data		Summary Results			
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.73	1.11	1.83
ADTminor	970				
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
rains atom taster, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.204	0.363	0.567
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.025	0.029	0.054
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.265	0.325	0.590
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.073	0.043	0.116
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.036	0.211	0.247
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.603	0.971	1.574
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive		0.035	0.114	0.149
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object			
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.005	0.009	0.014
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.007	0.016
chools within 1.000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.039		0.039
'		Collision with bicycle	0.032		0.032
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.123	0.135	0.258
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.726	1.106	1.832

			General Information		
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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
d type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
gth of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.27	0.70	0.97
DT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9
e of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	N. 4.11. 41	
d use	Residential/Other	O. Water T	Crash Severity I		7.4.1
o length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
lian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.153	0.300	0.551
ting	Not Present			0.398	
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.018	0.040	0.058
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.016	0.019
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.028	0.043
or industrial/institutional driveways	1	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.027	0.033
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.218	0.531	0.749
·	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
or residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
er driveways		Collision with fixed object	0.029	0.131	0.160
ed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	27	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.028	0.038
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	18	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.049	0.172	0.221
		Total	0.267	0.703	0.970

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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. ,					
Input Data			Summary R	tesults	
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	19000	Total	1.37	2.73	4.09
AADTminor	12000		Crash Severity I	Netribution	
Intersection Lighting	Present	Callinian Tons			T-4-1
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.551	1.228	1.779
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.060	0.076	0.136
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.425	0.620	1.045
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.121	0.081	0.202
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.067	0.537	0.604
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	1.224	2.542	3.766
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.162	0.214
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.013	0.018
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.006	0.016
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.013	0.000	0.013
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.060		0.060
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.143	0.185	0.328
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.143 1.367	0.185 2.727	0.328 4.094

			General Information			
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section	
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	0.94	2.48	3.42
ADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9
e of on-street parking	None		Curali Carravita I	Nie tuille esti e se	
nd use	Residential/Other	Collinion Type	Crash Severity I		Total
b length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.561	1.464	2.025
hting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.052	0.008	0.060
omated speed enforcement	Not Present		0.052	0.149	0.000
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision		0.058	0.214
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.012		
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.056	0.104	0.160
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.022	0.100	0.122
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.768	1.883	2.651
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.004	0.039	0.043
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.098	0.454	0.552
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.008	0.009
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	27	Other single-vehicle collision	0.033	0.097	0.130
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017
station i dottor, or		Collision with bicycle	0.014		0.014
		Subtotal	0.167	0.598	0.765
		Total	0.935	2.481	3.416

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	19000	Total	0.49	0.73	1.23
AADTminor	1470		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
ntersection Lighting	Not Present	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		<u> </u>	
		Rear-end collision	0.140	0.242	0.382
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.019	0.036
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.182	0.217	0.399
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.050	0.029	0.079
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.141	0.166
oata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.414	0.648	1.062
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.071	0.093
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.026	0.007	0.026
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.020		0.020
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.094	
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.080	0.084	0.164
•		Total	0.494	0.732	1.226

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.40	1.06	1.47	
ADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9	
pe of on-street parking	None					
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I			
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.240	0.628	0.868	
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.022	0.003	0.025	
	0	Angle collision	0.028	0.064	0.092	
ijor commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.025	0.030	
nor commercial driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024	0.044	0.068	
ijor industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.043	0.053	
nor industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.329	0.807	1.136	
ajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
nor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.017	0.019	
her driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.195	0.237	
peed Category	31	•		0.003	0.004	
padside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001			
fset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.042	0.056	
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007	
		Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006	
		Subtotal	0.072	0.257	0.329	
		Total	0.401	1.064	1.465	

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section	
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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	19000	Total	0.69	0.96	1.65
AADTminor	5020				
ntersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
and alon racer, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.197	0.322	0.519
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.024	0.026	0.050
imber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes imber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.257	0.288	0.545
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.071	0.038	0.109
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.035	0.187	0.222
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.584	0.861	1.445
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.083	0.109
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.005	0.003
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-		0.005	0.012
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.035		
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.101	0.099	0.200
idinaci di approadiles idi wilidi (CTOIC) s profilbited		Total	0.685	0.960	1.645

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section	
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data		Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.13	0.35	0.49	
AADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9	
Гуре of on-street parking	None					
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only	Total	
Curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Takai ana injary	Troporty Damage Only	Total	
fledian width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.080	0.209	0.289	
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.007	0.001	0.008	
outomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.009	0.021	0.030	
lajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010	
linor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.008	0.015	0.023	
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.014	0.017	
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.109	0.268	0.377	
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
linor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.006	0.006	
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.065	0.079	
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001	
loadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.014	0.019	
offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002	
		Subtotal	0.023	0.086	0.109	
		Total	0.132	0.354	0.486	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 1:58 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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ersection type 4SG DTmajor 17500 DTminor 16000 ersection Lighting Present libration factor, Ci 1.00 ta for unsignalized intersections only:	Collision Type Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision	Fatal and Injury 1.01 Crash Severity I Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only 2.02 Distribution Property Damage Only	Total 3.03
DTminor 16000 ersection Lighting Present libration factor, Ci 1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
ersection Lighting Present libration factor, Ci 1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	•		Total
libration factor, Ci 1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	•		Total
	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
				
ta for unsignalized intersections only:	Rear-end collision			
ta for unsignalized intersections only:		0.399	0.907	1.306
	Head-on collision	0.043	0.056	0.099
mber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0	Angle collision	0.308	0.458	0.766
mber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 0	Sideswipe	0.088	0.060	0.148
	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.049	0.396	0.445
ta for signalized intersections only:	Subtotal	0.887	1.877	2.764
mber of approaches with left-turn lanes 4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
mber of approaches with right-turn lanes 4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
mber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing 0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
pe of left-turn signal phasing Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.124	0.165
ersection red light cameras Not Present		0.004	0.010	0.014
m of all pedestrian crossing volumes 20	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
ximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian 4	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
mber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection 0	Collision with pedestrian	0.024	0.000	0.024
hools within 1,000ft of the intersection Not Present	·	0.044		0.024
mber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft 1-8	·		0.140	
mber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited 0	Subtotal Total	0.123 1.010	0.142 2.019	0.265 3.029

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
Input Data			Summary Results			
Intersection type		4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		19000	Total	1.02	1.88	2.89
AADTminor		2500	Cuash Savarity Distribution			
Intersection Lighting		Present	Crash Severity Distribution Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only Total			
Calibration factor, Ci		1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	ratai and injury	Property Damage Only	TOTAL
			Rear-end collision	0.392	0.847	1.239
Data for unsignalized intersections only:			Head-on collision	0.043	0.053	0.096
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		0	Angle collision	0.303	0.428	0.731
		2	Sideswipe	0.086	0.056	0.142
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.048	0.370	0.418
Data for signalized intersections only:			Subtotal	0.872	1.754	2.626
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes		2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes		2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing		Permissive Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.108	0.141
Intersection red light cameras			Collision with other object	0.003	0.009	0.012
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		400	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		5	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection		0	Collision with pedestrian	0.057		0.057
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection		Present	Collision with bicycle	0.042		0.042
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft		0	Subtotal	0.143	0.124	0.267
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited			Total	1.015	1.878	2.893
			I Otal	1.015	1.070	2.093

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Cumman, Dazulta				
Road type 2U		Summary Results				
2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury		Total		
0.1	Total	0.13	0.33	0.45		
18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.3	4.5		
None		Cuash Savarity	Diatribution			
Residential/Other	Callision Type	-		Total		
		r atai and injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
20		0.074	0.404	0.265		
Not Present						
Not Present				0.008		
0	Angle collision	0.009	0.019	0.028		
	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010		
	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.007	0.013	0.020		
	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.013	0.016		
	Subtotal	0.102	0.245	0.347		
	Single-Vehicle Collisions					
0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005		
0	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.063	0.077		
31	·			0.001		
1	•			0.018		
30	-		0.013	0.002		
1.00						
	•			0.002		
	Subtotal	0.023	0.082	0.105		
	Total	0.125	0.327	0.452		
	18000 None Residential/Other 20 Not Present Not Present 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 31 1 1 30	0.1 Total 18000 Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) None Residential/Other 20 Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision O Sideswipe, same direction O Sideswipe, opposite direction O Other multiple-vehicle collision Subtotal Single-Vehicle Collisions Collision with fixed object Collision with other object Other single-vehicle collision Collision with pedestrian Collision with bicycle Subtotal	0.1 Total 0.13 18000 Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) 1.3 None Crash Severity I Crash Severity I Collision Type Fatal and Injury Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision 0.074 Head-on collision 0.007 Angle collision 0.009 O Sideswipe, same direction 0.002 O Sideswipe, opposite direction 0.007 O Other multiple-vehicle collision 0.003 Subtotal 0.102 Single-Vehicle Collisions Collision with animal 0.000 Collision with fixed object 0.014 1 Collision with other object 0.000 1.00 Collision with pedestrian 0.002 Collision with bicycle 0.002 Subtotal 0.023	18000 Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) 1.3 3.3 3.3		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.42	0.63	1.05	
ADTminor	1260					
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I			
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.118	0.207	0.325	
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.014	0.017	0.031	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.153	0.186	0.339	
	2	Sideswipe	0.042	0.024	0.066	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.021	0.120	0.141	
Oata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.348	0.554	0.902	
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002	
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.020	0.064	0.084	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.005	0.008	
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002	
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.001	0.004	0.002	
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-		0.004		
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.022		0.022	
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.018		0.018	
	-	Subtotal	0.069	0.076	0.145	
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.417	0.630	1.047	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.38	1.01	1.39	
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.6	
e of on-street parking	None		0	State Manager		
d use	Residential/Other	Collinion Type	Crash Severity I		Total	
b length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	lotai	
lian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.220	0.573	0.793	
nting	Not Present					
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.020	0.003	0.023	
or commercial driveways	0 0 0	Angle collision	0.026	0.058	0.084	
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.023	0.028	
or industrial/institutional driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.022	0.041	0.063	
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.009	0.039	0.048	
·	0	Subtotal	0.314	0.763	1.077	
or residential driveways	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
or residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.016	0.017	
er driveways		Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.188	0.229	
ed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004	
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.040	0.054	
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007	
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006	
		Subtotal	0.070	0.247	0.317	
		Total	0.384	1.010	1.394	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.39	0.60	0.99	
ADTminor	970					
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.110	0.195	0.305	
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.013	0.016	0.029	
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.143	0.175	0.318	
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.039	0.023	0.062	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.113	0.132	
ata for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.324	0.522	0.846	
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002	
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.019	0.062	0.081	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007	
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		·			0.007	
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001		
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.004	0.009	
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.021		0.021	
,		Collision with bicycle	0.017		0.017	
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.065	0.074	0.139	
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.389	0.596	0.985	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.26	0.68	0.93
DT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7
pe of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	N. 4.11. 41	
nd use	Residential/Other	O-Pitting Toron	Crash Severity I		7.4.1
b length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15 Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.147	0.393	0.520
nting				0.382	0.529
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042
or industrial/institutional driveways	1	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.211	0.510	0.721
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
•	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
er driveways	31	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152
ed Category		Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211
		Total	0.257	0.675	0.932

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ADTmajor	19000	Total	1.37	2.73	4.09	
ADTminor	12000					
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution		
salibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.551	1.228	1.779	
eata for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.060	0.076	0.136	
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.425	0.620	1.045	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.121	0.081	0.202	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.067	0.537	0.604	
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.224	2.542	3.766	
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.162	0.214	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.013	0.018	
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007	
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.006	0.016	
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.013	0.000	0.013	
schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·			0.013	
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.060	0.405		
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.143	0.185	0.328	
The second of th		Total	1.367	2.727	4.094	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	0.94	2.48	3.42
ADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9
pe of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	N. 4.11. 41	
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.561	1.464	2.025
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.052	0.008	0.060
·	0	Angle collision	0.065	0.149	0.214
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.012	0.058	0.070
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.056	0.104	0.160
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.022	0.100	0.122
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.768	1.883	2.651
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
or residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.004	0.039	0.043
er driveways	0				
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.098	0.454	0.552
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.008	0.009
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.033	0.097	0.130
	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.014		0.014
		Subtotal	0.167	0.598	0.765
		Total	0.935	2.481	3.416

Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No B	uild volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary Re	esults	
ntersection type	е	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		19000	Total	0.49	0.73	1.23
AADTminor		1470		Cuanh Savanity D	intulbration	
ntersection Lig	hting	Not Present	O. W. Co. T	Crash Severity D		T = (- 1
Calibration factor	or, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
			Rear-end collision	0.140	0.242	0.382
	nalized intersections only:	2	Head-on collision	0.017	0.019	0.036
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes			Angle collision	0.182	0.217	0.399
		2	Sideswipe	0.050	0.029	0.079
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.141	0.166
Data for signal	ized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.414	0.648	1.062
Number of appr	oaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of appr	oaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of appr	oaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.071	0.093
ntersection red	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
um of all pede	strian crossing volumes		·			
laximum numb	per of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
lumber of bus	stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
	1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.026		0.026
	hol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.021		0.021
vuilibei oi alcoi	noi saic establistiments within 1,000tt	U	Subtotal	0.080	0.084	0.164

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0.494

0.732

1.226

Total

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
ad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.40	1.06	1.47
DT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
nting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.240	0.628	0.868
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.022	0.003	0.025
		Angle collision	0.028	0.064	0.092
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.025	0.030
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024	0.044	0.068
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.043	0.053
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.329	0.807	1.136
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	0.020	0.001	1.100
or residential driveways	0			0.047	2.242
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.017	0.019
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.195	0.237
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.042	0.056
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)		Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006
		Subtotal	0.072	0.257	0.329
		Total	0.401	1.064	1.465

Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection

Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft

Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited

Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection

0.035

0.028

0.200

1.645

			General Information				
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM		
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No B	uild volumes used	
State	Wisconsin	Highway					
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction					
	Input Data			Summary Re	esults		
Intersection type		4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor		19000	Total	0.69	0.96	1.65	
AADTminor		5020		Overh Over it is D			
Intersection Ligh	ting	Not Present	Crash Severity Distribution				
Calibration facto	r. Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
	.,		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
			Rear-end collision	0.197	0.322	0.519	
Data for unsign	alized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.024	0.026	0.050	
Number of major	r-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.257	0.288	0.545	
Number of major	r-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.071	0.038	0.109	
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.035	0.187	0.222	
Data for signali	zed intersections only:		Subtotal	0.584	0.861	1.445	
Number of appro	paches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of appro	paches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of appro	paches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003	
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.083	0.109	
Intersection red	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010	
Sum of all pedes	strian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Maximum numb	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.005	0.012	
N	to a continue d 000ft of the interesting	0	Origie-vernole noncomatori	0.007	0.000	0.012	

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Collision with pedestrian

Collision with bicycle

Subtotal

Total

0.035

0.028

0.101

0.685

0.099

0.960

0

Not Present

0

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.13	0.35	0.49
ADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.9
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only	Total
urb length with on-street parking	nontanona.	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ledian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.080	0.209	0.289
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.007	0.001	0.008
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.009	0.021	0.030
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010
inor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.008	0.015	0.023
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.014	0.017
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.109	0.268	0.377
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.006	0.006
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.065	0.079
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
oadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.014	0.019
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.023	0.086	0.109
		Total	0.132	0.354	0.486

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No B	uild volumes used
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary Ro	esults	
Intersection typ	е	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		17500	Total	1.01	2.02	3.03
AADTminor		16000				
Intersection Lig	hting	Present		Crash Severity D		
Calibration fact	or, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
			Rear-end collision	0.399	0.907	1.306
	nalized intersections only:	0	Head-on collision	0.043	0.056	0.099
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes		-	Angle collision	0.308	0.458	0.766
Number of majo	or-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.088	0.060	0.148
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.049	0.396	0.445
Data for signal	lized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.887	1.877	2.764
Number of appr	roaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of app	roaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of appr	roaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn	n signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.124	0.165
Intersection red	l light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010	0.014
Sum of all pede	estrian crossing volumes	20	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum numl	ber of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
Number of bus	stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	J		0.003	
Schools within	1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.024		0.024
Number of alco	hol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8	Collision with bicycle	0.044		0.044
Number of anni	roaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.123	0.142	0.265
		-	Total	1.010	2.019	3.029

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Ty
AADTmajor	19000	Total
AADTminor	2500	
Intersection Lighting	Present	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Ty
		Multiple-Ve
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Rear-end co
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Head-on col
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Angle collision
		Sideswipe
Data for circulized intersections only		Other multip
Data for signalized intersections only: Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Subtotal
	_	Single-Vehi
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision wit
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision wit
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive Protected	Collision wit
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision wit
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	120	Other single
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehic
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision wit
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Present	Collision wit
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	
		Total

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.99	1.88	2.87				

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.392	0.847	1.239			
Head-on collision	0.043	0.053	0.096			
Angle collision	0.303	0.428	0.731			
Sideswipe	0.086	0.056	0.142			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.048	0.370	0.418			
Subtotal	0.872	1.754	2.626			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.108	0.141			
Collision with other object	0.003	0.009	0.012			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010			
Collision with pedestrian	0.031		0.031			
Collision with bicycle	0.042		0.042			
Subtotal	0.117	0.124	0.241			
Total	0.989	1.878	2.867			

Other driveways

Speed Category

Calibration Factor, Cr

Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)

Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volume	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary Re	esults	
Road type		4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Length of segme	ent, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.10	0.25	0.34
AADT (veh/day)		18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.5	3.4
Type of on-stree	et parking	None				
Land use		Residential/Other		istribution		
Curh length with	on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
_		10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Median width (ft)	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.064	0.128	0.192
Lighting			Head-on collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Automated spee	ed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.003	0.007	0.010
Major commerci	al driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.043	0.047
Minor commerci	al driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001
Major industrial/i	institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/i	institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.014	0.018
Major residentia	•	0	Subtotal	0.078	0.193	0.271
	•	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Minor residentia	Turiveways	Ŭ	Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003

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Collision with fixed object

Collision with other object

Collision with pedestrian

Collision with bicycle

Subtotal

Total

Other single-vehicle collision

0.006

0.000

0.005

0.006

0.002

0.019

0.097

0.044

0.001

0.006

0.054

0.247

0.050

0.001

0.011

0.006

0.002

0.073

0.344

0

31

1

30

1.00

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.42	0.63	1.05
ADTminor	1260				
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.118	0.207	0.325
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.014	0.017	0.031
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.153	0.186	0.339
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.042	0.024	0.066
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.021	0.120	0.141
ata for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.348	0.554	0.902
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.020	0.064	0.084
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.005	0.008
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes					
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.004	0.009
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.022		0.022
		Collision with bicycle	0.018		0.018
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.069	0.076	0.145
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.417	0.630	1.047

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.28	0.73	1.02		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.4	3.4		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.188	0.377	0.565			
Head-on collision	0.005	0.004	0.009			
Angle collision	0.009	0.021	0.030			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.127	0.138			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.011	0.040	0.051			
Subtotal	0.228	0.575	0.803			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.010	0.010			
Collision with fixed object	0.016	0.128	0.144			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.017	0.032			
Collision with pedestrian	0.019		0.019			
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005			
Subtotal	0.056	0.158	0.214			
Total	0.284	0.733	1.017			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.39
AADTminor	970		
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury
	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
		Rear-end collision	0.110
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.013
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.143
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.039
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.324
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.019
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	-	0.002
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005
•	-	Collision with pedestrian	0.021
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.017
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.065
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.389

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.39	0.60	0.99	
	Crash Severity I	Distribution		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.110	0.195	0.305	
Head-on collision	0.013	0.016	0.029	
Angle collision	0.143	0.175	0.318	
Sideswipe	0.039	0.023	0.062	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.113	0.132	

Sideswipe	0.039	0.023	0.062
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.113	0.132
Subtotal	0.324	0.522	0.846
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Collision with fixed object	0.019	0.062	0.081
Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.004	0.009
Collision with pedestrian	0.021		0.021
Collision with bicycle	0.017		0.017
Subtotal	0.065	0.074	0.139
Total	0.389	0.596	0.985

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Road type	4D	Collision
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rat
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	0.000
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision
Median width (ft)	20	Multiple-
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle col
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswip
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswip
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	1	Other mu
Major residential driveways	0	Subtotal
Minor residential driveways	0	Single-V
Other driveways	0	Collision
Speed Category	31	Collision
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other sin
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision
Calibration (actor, Cr		Collision
		Subtotal

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.19	0.49	0.68		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.5	3.4		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
0.125	0.252	0.377			
0.003	0.003	0.006			
0.006	0.014	0.020			
0.008	0.085	0.093			
0.002	0.000	0.002			
0.007	0.027	0.034			
0.153	0.385	0.538			
0.000	0.007	0.007			
0.011	0.086	0.097			
0.001	0.002	0.003			
0.010	0.011	0.021			
0.013		0.013			
0.003		0.003			
0.038	0.106	0.144			
0.191	0.491	0.682			
	0.125 0.003 0.006 0.008 0.002 0.007 0.153 0.000 0.011 0.001 0.010 0.013 0.003 0.038	Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only 0.125 0.252 0.003 0.003 0.006 0.014 0.008 0.085 0.002 0.000 0.007 0.027 0.153 0.385 0.001 0.007 0.011 0.086 0.001 0.002 0.010 0.011 0.013 0.003 0.038 0.106			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	19000
AADTminor	12000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	10
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	1.11	2.21	3.32		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.446	0.994	1.440		
Head-on collision	0.049	0.062	0.111		
Angle collision	0.344	0.502	0.846		
Sideswipe	0.098	0.066	0.164		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.055	0.434	0.489		
Subtotal	0.992	2.058	3.050		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.131	0.173		
Collision with other object	0.004	0.011	0.015		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013		
Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013		
Collision with bicycle	0.049		0.049		
Subtotal	0.118	0.150	0.268		
Total	1.110	2.208	3.318		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Road type	4D	Collision 7
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total
AADT (veh/day)	19000	Crash rate
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision 1
Median width (ft)	30	Multiple-V
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end o
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on co
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle collis
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe,
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe,
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multi
Major residential driveways	0	Subtotal
Minor residential driveways	0	Single-Vel
•	0	Collision w
Other driveways	31	Collision w
Speed Category	1	Collision w
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	•	Other singl
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision w
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision w
		Subtotal

	Summary R	mary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.69	1.80	2.49			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.6	3.6			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.464	0.940	1.404		
Head-on collision	0.011	0.010	0.021		
Angle collision	0.022	0.051	0.073		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.028	0.317	0.345		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.006	0.001	0.007		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.027	0.101	0.128		
Subtotal	0.558	1.420	1.978		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.000	0.024	0.024		
Collision with fixed object	0.038	0.305	0.343		
Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.035	0.041	0.076		
Collision with pedestrian	0.046		0.046		
Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012		
Subtotal	0.133	0.376	0.509		
Total	0.691	1.796	2.487		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	19000	Total	0.49	0.73	1.23
AADTminor	1470			S. 4.11. 41	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.140	0.242	0.382
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.019	0.036
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.182	0.217	0.399
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.050	0.029	0.079
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.141	0.166
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.414	0.648	1.062
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.071	0.093
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		_	0.002	0.004	0.003
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.026	0.004	0.016
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian			
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.021		0.021
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.080	0.084	0.164
		Total	0.494	0.732	1.226

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	19000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.30	0.78	1.08			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.6	3.6			

	Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.201	0.407	0.608				
Head-on collision	0.005	0.004	0.009				
Angle collision	0.010	0.022	0.032				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.012	0.137	0.149				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.012	0.044	0.056				
Subtotal	0.242	0.615	0.857				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.010	0.010				
Collision with fixed object	0.017	0.132	0.149				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.016	0.017	0.033				
Collision with pedestrian	0.020		0.020				
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005				
Subtotal	0.059	0.162	0.221				
Total	0.301	0.777	1.078				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		_
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type
AADTmajor	19000	Total
AADTminor	5020	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present	O. III. 1 T
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions
		Rear-end collision
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Head-on collision
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Angle collision Sideswipe
		Other multiple-vehicle collision
Data for signalized intersections only:		•
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	_ Subtotal
	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Cabiotai

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.69	0.96	1.65	

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.197	0.322	0.519
Head-on collision	0.024	0.026	0.050
Angle collision	0.257	0.288	0.545
Sideswipe	0.071	0.038	0.109
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.035	0.187	0.222
Subtotal	0.584	0.861	1.445
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.083	0.109
Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
Collision with pedestrian	0.035		0.035
Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028
Subtotal	0.101	0.099	0.200
Total	0.685	0.960	1.645

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1
AADT (veh/day)	19000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Input Data

	Summary R	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.10	0.26	0.36	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.6	3.6	

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.067	0.136	0.203				
Head-on collision	0.002	0.001	0.003				
Angle collision	0.003	0.007	0.010				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.046	0.050				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.015	0.019				
Subtotal	0.081	0.205	0.286				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003				
Collision with fixed object	0.006	0.044	0.050				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.006	0.011				
Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007				
Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002				
Subtotal	0.020	0.054	0.074				
Total	0.101	0.259	0.360				

Total 3.03

Total

1.306 0.099 0.766 0.148 0.445 2.764

0.000 0.000 0.165 0.014 0.005 0.013 0.024 0.044 0.265 3.029

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		<u> </u>	Summary F	Results
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
AADTmajor	17500	Total	1.01	2.02
AADTminor	16000			
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity	Distribution
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Campitation factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.399	0.907
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.043	0.056
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.308	0.458
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.088	0.060
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.049	0.396
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.887	1.877
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.124
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	20	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	S .		
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.024	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8	Collision with bicycle	0.044	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.123	0.142
realists of approaches for which the orthopromoted	Ü	Total	1.010	2.019



			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	desults and the substitution of the substituti	
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	25000	Total	1.44	2.62	4.06
ADTminor	3160			N. 4 11 - 41	
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ampledon restor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.569	1.185	1.754
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.062	0.074	0.136
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.439	0.599	1.038
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.125	0.079	0.204
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.070	0.518	0.588
ata for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.265	2.455	3.720
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.039	0.142	0.181
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.011	0.015
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	400	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.004	0.006
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	5	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.006	0.013
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.062	0.000	0.062
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Present	Collision with bicycle	0.059		0.059
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	•		0.162	0.039
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal Total	0.173 1.438	0.163 2.618	4.056

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.19	0.50	0.69	
ADT (veh/day)	24000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.9	5.0	6.9	
e of on-street parking	None		Consta Constitut	Nie tuille esti e se		
nd use	Residential/Other	Collision Type	Crash Severity I Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
b length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatai and injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
dian width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.118	0.310	0.428	
nting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.428	
omated speed enforcement	Not Present					
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046	
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014	
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034	
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026	
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.162	0.399	0.561	
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008	
•	31	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.075	0.089	
eed Category	1	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001	
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.016	0.021	
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)		Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003	
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003	
		Subtotal	0.026	0.099	0.125	
		Total	0.188	0.498	0.686	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary Results				
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
ADTmajor	24000	Total	0.57	0.81	1.38		
ADTminor	1590		Crash Severity I	Distribution			
ntersection Lighting	Present	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		openy zamage zmy			
		Rear-end collision	0.163	0.272	0.435		
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.020	0.022	0.042		
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.213	0.244	0.457		
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.058	0.032	0.090		
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.029	0.158	0.187		
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.483	0.728	1.211		
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions					
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002		
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.072	0.094		
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009		
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003		
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		· ·	0.002	0.001	0.003		
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision		0.004			
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.029		0.029		
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.024		
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.086	0.085	0.171		
uniber of approaches for which it for is profibited		Total	0.569	0.813	1.382		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.58	1.53	2.11	
ADT (veh/day)	24000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.9	5.1	7.0	
pe of on-street parking	None					
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I			
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			4.005	
nting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.355	0.930	1.285	
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.033	0.005	0.038	
r commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.041	0.094	0.135	
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.007	0.037	0.044	
•	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.035	0.066	0.101	
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.014	0.063	0.077	
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.501	1.230	1.731	
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
or residential driveways	2	Collision with animal	0.002	0.020	0.022	
er driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.044	0.225	0.269	
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005	
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.048	0.063	
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	-		0.040		
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.010		0.010	
		Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008	
		Subtotal	0.080	0.297	0.377	
		Total	0.581	1.527	2.108	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			
Tegion/Tea	OE Region	bunsalotion			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	24000	Total	0.53	0.77	1.30
AADTminor	24000 1230 Present 1.00 2 2 2 0 0 Permissive Not Present		Consta Constitut	Dia fulla sati a sa	
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.152	0.257	0.409
Data for unsignalized intersections only:					
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Head-on collision	0.018	0.021	0.039
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		Angle collision	0.198	0.230	0.428
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.054	0.030	0.084
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.027	0.149	0.176
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.449	0.687	1.136
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes		Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Present 1.00 2 2 2 Permissive Not Present 0 Not Present 0	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.069	0.091
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.027		0.027
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.083	0.082	0.165
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.532	0.769	1.301
		· otal	0.002	0.700	1.001

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.39	1.02	1.41
ADT (veh/day)	24000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.9	5.1	7.1
pe of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. d	
nd use	Residential/Other	O. W. Co. T. Co.	Crash Severity I		7-1-1
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.236	0.622	0.858
nting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.236	0.003	0.025
omated speed enforcement	Not Present				
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.027	0.063	0.090
or commercial driveways	0 0 1	Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.025	0.030
or industrial/institutional driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024	0.044	0.068
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.009	0.042	0.051
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.335	0.824	1.159
nor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.013	0.014
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.030	0.150	0.180
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.000	0.003	0.003
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.032	0.042
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007
ioration ractor, or		Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006
		Subtotal	0.054	0.198	0.252
		Total	0.389	1.022	1.411

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	23000	Total	1.66	3.24	4.90
AADTminor	11000			S. 4.11. 41	
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
,		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.677	1.462	2.139
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.074	0.091	0.165
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.522	0.739	1.261
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.149	0.097	0.246
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.083	0.639	0.722
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.505	3.028	4.533
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.054	0.184	0.238
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.015	0.020
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.007	0.017
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.012	0.007	0.012
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.072		0.072
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.156	0.211	0.367
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	1.661	3.239	4.900
		TOTAL	1.00.1	3.238	4.900

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	1.16	3.07	4.23
ADT (veh/day)	22000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.7	4.4	6.0
pe of on-street parking	None Residential/Other				
nd use			Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.715	1.877	2.592
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.067	0.010	0.077
jor commercial driveways	Not Present 0 0 0 0	Angle collision	0.083	0.191	0.274
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.015	0.075	0.090
•		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.072	0.133	0.205
jor industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.128	0.156
nor industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.980	2.414	3.394
jor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.004	0.043	0.047
her driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.100	0.499	0.599
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.009	0.010
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.033	0.107	0.140
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.021	0.101	0.021
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	·			0.021
		Collision with bicycle	0.017	0.050	
		Subtotal	0.176	0.658	0.834
		Total	1.156	3.072	4.228

	·		General Information	·		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
Intersection type	9	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
	Input Data			Summary Ro	esults	
AADTmajor		22000	Total	0.60	0.86	1.45
AADTminor		1860				
Intersection Lighting Not Present			Crash Severity D	istribution		
J			Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration facto	or, Ci	1.00	-			

AADTminor	1860				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.171	0.286	0.457
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.021	0.023	0.044
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.223	0.256	0.479
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.061	0.034	0.095
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.030	0.166	0.196
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.506	0.765	1.271
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive		0.024	0.002	0.101
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object			
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
·		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.031		0.031
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.025		0.025
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.091	0.090	0.181
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Total	0.597	0.855	1.452

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.50	1.32	1.81
ADT (veh/day)	22000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.7	4.4	6.0
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
urb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.307	0.804	1.111
hting	Not Present Not Present	Head-on collision	0.029	0.004	0.033
tomated speed enforcement	Not Flesent	Angle collision	0.036	0.082	0.118
or commercial driveways	0 0 0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.006	0.032	0.038
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.031	0.057	0.088
jor industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.012	0.055	0.067
nor industrial/institutional driveways		•			
jor residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.421	1.034	1.455
nor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
·	0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.019	0.021
ner driveways		Collision with fixed object	0.043	0.213	0.256
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.046	0.060
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.009		0.009
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.007		0.007
		•		0.000	
		Subtotal	0.076	0.282	0.358
		Total	0.497	1.316	1.813

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	22000	Total	0.83	1.12	1.95
AADTminor	6340		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
ntersection Lighting	Not Present	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.241	0.379	0.620
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.029	0.030	0.059
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.314	0.340	0.654
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.086	0.045	0.131
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.043	0.220	0.263
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.713	1.014	1.727
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.028	0.089	0.117
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.007	0.011
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.041	0.000	0.012
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·			
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.034	0.465	0.034
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.116	0.105	0.221
		Total	0.829	1.119	1.948

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.17	0.44	0.60
AADT (veh/day)	22000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.7	4.4	6.0
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional		Crash Severity I		
Curb length with on-street parking	nstitutional	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
· ·	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Median width (ft)		Rear-end collision	0.102	0.268	0.370
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.010	0.001	0.011
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.012	0.027	0.039
lajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.011	0.013
linor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.010	0.019	0.029
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.018	0.022
finor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.140	0.344	0.484
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
flinor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.006	0.007
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.071	0.085
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.015	0.020
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.025	0.093	0.118
		Total	0.165	0.437	0.602

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 2:08 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data	Summary Results				
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	20000	Total	1.14	2.24	3.37
AADTminor	14000				
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		<u>·</u>		4 007	
		Rear-end collision	0.454	1.007	1.461
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	0	_ Head-on collision	0.049	0.063	0.112
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	-	Angle collision	0.350	0.509	0.859
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.100	0.067	0.167
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.055	0.440	0.495
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.008	2.086	3.094
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.132	0.174
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.011	0.015
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	20	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.021	0.000	0.013
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.050		0.050
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8	•		0.454	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.127	0.151	0.278
	-	Total	1.135	2.237	3.372

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	29000	Total	1.72	3.15	4.87
AADTminor	3680				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.701	1.428	2.129
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.076	0.089	0.165
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.540	0.722	1.262
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.154	0.095	0.249
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.086	0.624	0.710
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.557	2.958	4.515
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.043	0.165	0.208
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.013	0.017
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	120	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.004	0.006
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.006	0.014
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.035	0.000	0.035
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Present	Collision with bicycle	0.071		0.033
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	•		0.400	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.163	0.188	0.351
	-	Total	1.720	3.146	4.866

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1
AADT (veh/day)	28000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.16	0.41	0.58			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.6	4.1	5.7			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.111	0.232	0.343			
Head-on collision	0.003	0.002	0.005			
Angle collision	0.005	0.013	0.018			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.007	0.078	0.085			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.025	0.031			
Subtotal	0.133	0.350	0.483			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004			
Collision with fixed object	0.007	0.052	0.059			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.007	0.007	0.014			
Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.028	0.064	0.092			
Total	0.161	0.414	0.575			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	28000	Total	0.68	0.94	1.62
AADTminor	1860				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.197	0.317	0.514
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.024	0.025	0.049
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.256	0.284	0.540
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.070	0.037	0.107
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.035	0.184	0.219
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.582	0.847	1.429
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.024	0.077	0.101
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.034	0.004	0.034
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.000	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.097	0.090	0.187
•		Total	0.679	0.937	1.616

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	28000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.49	1.27	1.76				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.6	4.2	5.9				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.334	0.704	1.038				
Head-on collision	0.008	0.007	0.015				
Angle collision	0.016	0.038	0.054				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.020	0.237	0.257				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.004	0.001	0.005				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.076	0.095				
Subtotal	0.404	1.072	1.476				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.012	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.158	0.180				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.020	0.021	0.041				
Collision with pedestrian	0.033		0.033				
Collision with bicycle	0.009		0.009				
Subtotal	0.085	0.194	0.279				
Total	0.489	1.266	1.755				

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data		Summary Results			
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	28000	Total	0.63	0.89	1.52
AADTminor	1430				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.183	0.298	0.481
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.022	0.024	0.046
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.238	0.267	0.505
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.065	0.035	0.100
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.032	0.173	0.205
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.540	0.797	1.337
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.023	0.075	0.098
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.032		0.032
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.026		0.026
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.092	0.088	0.180
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
		Total	0.632	0.885	1.517

Total 1.16 5.8

Total

0.685 0.010 0.036 0.170 0.004 0.063 0.978

0.008 0.119 0.003 0.027 0.022 0.006 0.185 1.163

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	esults	
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.32	0.84	
AADT (veh/day)	28000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.6	4.2	
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	
Median width (ft)	20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.220	0.465	
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.005	0.005	
•	0	Angle collision	0.011	0.025	
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.013	0.157	
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.003	0.001	
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.013	0.050	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	1	Subtotal	0.268	0.710	
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.008	
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.105	
Speed Category	31	•			
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.013	0.014	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.022		
Campration 1 dotor, or		Collision with bicycle	0.006		
		Subtotal	0.056	0.129	
		Total	0.324	0.839	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data		Summary Results				
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor	27000	Total	1.62	3.07	4.69	
AADTminor	11000					
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity	Distribution		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Calibration factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.662	1.391	2.053	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.072	0.086	0.158	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.510	0.703	1.213	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.146	0.092	0.238	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.081	0.608	0.689	
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.471	2.880	4.351	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.048	0.169	0.217	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.014	0.019	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	_	0.009	0.007	0.007	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision		0.007		
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.069		0.069	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.147	0.194	0.341	
Talliage of approaches for which the order of the prombited		Total	1.618	3.074	4.692	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results					
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	1.02	2.62	3.64	
AADT (veh/day)	26000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.7	5.2	
Type of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	N. 4 11 41		
Land use	Residential/Other			Crash Severity Distribution		
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Median width (ft)	30	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.696	1.452	2.148	
	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.017	0.015	0.032	
Automated speed enforcement	Not i lesent	Angle collision	0.033	0.079	0.112	
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.042	0.489	0.531	
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.008	0.002	0.010	
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.040	0.156	0.196	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.836	2.193	3.029	
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	0.000	2.133	5.029	
Minor residential driveways	0			0.007		
Other driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.027	0.027	
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.047	0.349	0.396	
	1	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	'	Other single-vehicle collision	0.044	0.046	0.090	
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.067		0.067	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.018		0.018	
		Subtotal	0.179	0.429	0.608	
		Total	1.015	2.622	3.637	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	tesults	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	26000	Total	0.72	1.00	1.72
AADTminor	2170		0 10 "	N. 4.11. 41	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.208	0.337	0.545
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.025	0.027	0.052
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.271	0.302	0.573
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.074	0.040	0.114
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	0.195	0.232
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.615	0.901	1.516
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.083	0.109
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.036		0.036
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.030		0.030
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.104	0.099	0.203
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.719	1.000	1.719
		Total	0.719	1.000	1.713

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
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State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Road type	4D	Collision Type
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total
AADT (veh/day)	26000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/y
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	Callinian Trus
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisi
Median width (ft)	20	
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle collision
		Sideswipe, same direction
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite dire
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle co
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisio
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal
Other driveways	0	
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle colli
	1.00	Collision with pedestrian
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle
		Subtotal

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.44	1.14	1.57			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.2			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.301	0.628	0.929			
Head-on collision	0.007	0.007	0.014			
Angle collision	0.014	0.034	0.048			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.018	0.212	0.230			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.004	0.001	0.005			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.017	0.067	0.084			
Subtotal	0.361	0.949	1.310			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.012	0.012			
Collision with fixed object	0.021	0.151	0.172			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.019	0.020	0.039			
Collision with pedestrian	0.029		0.029			
Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008			
Subtotal	0.078	0.186	0.264			
Total	0.439	1.135	1.574			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
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Input Data		Summary F	Results		
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	26000	Total	1.00	1.30	2.30
AADTminor	7400				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.293	0.445	0.738
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.036	0.036	0.072
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.381	0.399	0.780
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.105	0.052	0.157
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.052	0.258	0.310
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.867	1.190	2.057
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.030	0.096	0.126
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.008	0.012
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.006	0.014
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.049	0.000	0.049
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.049		0.049
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	•		0.444	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.133	0.114	0.247
		Total	1.000	1.304	2.304

Total

0.53

5.3

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
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Input Data	Summary Results			
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.15	0.38
AADT (veh/day)	26000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity	Distribution Property Damage Only
Curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		. , , , ,
Median width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.101	0.210
Lighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.002	0.002
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.005	0.011
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.006	0.071
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.023
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.121	0.317
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.004
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.007	0.050
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.007	0.007
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.010	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003	
		Subtotal	0.027	0.062
		Total	0.148	0.379

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.101	0.210	0.311
Head-on collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Angle collision	0.005	0.011	0.016
Sideswipe, same direction	0.006	0.071	0.077
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.023	0.029
Subtotal	0.121	0.317	0.438
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
Collision with fixed object	0.007	0.050	0.057
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
Other single-vehicle collision	0.007	0.007	0.014
Collision with pedestrian	0.010		0.010
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003
Subtotal	0.027	0.062	0.089
Total	0.148	0.379	0.527

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on County TT alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/24/2011 11:05 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	North Section
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Input Data	Summary Results				
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	24750	Total	1.44	2.77	4.21
AADTminor	14000				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.584	1.250	1.834
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.064	0.078	0.142
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.450	0.631	1.081
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.128	0.083	0.211
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.071	0.546	0.617
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	1.297	2.588	3.885
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.156	0.202
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.013	0.017
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	20	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.004	0.006
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.021	0.000	0.021
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.062		0.062
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8	•		0.470	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.144	0.179	0.323
•		Total	1.441	2.767	4.208



			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.22	0.59	0.81	
AADT (veh/day)	16000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.9	4.1	
Type of on-street parking	None		Curali Caranita I	Natalia ati a a		
Land use	Residential/Other	Californ Tons	Crash Severity I		Tatal	
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Median width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.128	0.332	0.460	
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.012	0.002	0.014	
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.015	0.034	0.049	
		Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.013	0.016	
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.013	0.023	0.036	
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.023	0.028	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.176	0.427	0.603	
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012	
Other driveways	0					
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.028	0.123	0.151	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	27	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002	
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	13	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.026	0.035	
•	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003	
		Subtotal	0.045	0.162	0.207	
		Total	0.221	0.589	0.810	

ronnes	Analysis Name	No Duild	A	
	Allalysis Ivaille	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM
d Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
nsin	Highway			
egion	Jurisdiction			
١	nsin	nsin Highway	nsin Highway	nsin Highway

Input Data	Summary Results				
tersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	16000	Total	0.67	1.03	1.70
ADTminor	1030		Crack Soverity	Dinamihti.o.o.	
tersection Lighting	Present	 	Crash Severity I		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.186	0.337	0.523
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.023	0.027	0.050
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.242	0.302	0.544
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.067	0.040	0.107
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.033	0.195	0.228
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.551	0.901	1.452
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.111	0.146
tersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.009	0.014
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.036	2.232	0.036
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.117	0.130	0.247
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.668	1.031	1.699

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.35	0.90	1.25
ADT (veh/day)	16000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.8	4.5	6.3
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.166	0.433	0.599
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.016	0.002	0.018
	0	Angle collision	0.019	0.044	0.063
or commercial driveways	1	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.017	0.031	0.048
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.007	0.029	0.036
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.290	0.687	0.977
ior residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
or residential driveways	2	Collision with animal	0.001	0.014	0.015
ner driveways	2		0.037	0.160	0.197
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object			
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	90	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	11	Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.034	0.046
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.006		0.006
1874d011 7 43601, O1		Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005
		Subtotal	0.062	0.211	0.273
		Total	0.352	0.898	1.250

			General Information		
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results				
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor	16000	Total	0.27	0.36	0.64	
AADTminor	500	-	Crash Severity I	Diatribution		
ntersection Lighting	Not Present	O. Water T	-		T . (.)	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Rear-end collision	0.096	0.138	0.234	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.010	0.007	0.017	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.078	0.082	0.160	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.029	0.013	0.042	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.015	0.074	0.089	
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.228	0.314	0.542	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.017	0.041	0.058	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.013	0.001	0.013	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.010		0.010	
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.045	0.049	0.094	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.043	0.363	0.636	
		ı Otal	0.273	0.303	0.030	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.23	0.62	0.86
ADT (veh/day)	16000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.3
oe of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. d	
nd use	Residential/Other	O. Pictor T	Crash Severity I		T-1-1
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.135	0.351	0.486
nting	Not Present	Head-on collision		0.002	0.466
omated speed enforcement	Not Present		0.013 0.016	0.002	0.015
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision			
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.014	0.017
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.014	0.025	0.039
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.024	0.029
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.186	0.452	0.638
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
ed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.030	0.130	0.160
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	47	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	16	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.028	0.038
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004
bration racion, or		Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003
		Subtotal	0.048	0.171	0.219
		Total	0.234	0.623	0.857

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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	15500	Total	1.14	1.63	2.78
ADTminor	6000				
ntersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.327	0.545	0.872
Oata for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0	Head-on collision	0.040	0.044	0.084	
		Angle collision	0.425	0.488	0.913
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.117	0.064	0.181
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.058	0.316	0.374
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.967	1.457	2.424
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.047	0.150	0.197
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.006	0.012	0.018
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.004	0.001	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.012	0.009	0.021
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-		0.009	0.021
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.059		
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.048		0.048
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.176	0.177	0.353
tumber of approaches for which terrores profibiled		Total	1.143	1.634	2.777

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Input Data		Summary Results				
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.37	0.97	1.33	
ADT (veh/day)	15000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.2	4.4	
e of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. d		
d use	Residential/Other	O. W. Co. T. Co.	Crash Severity I		T -4-1	
b length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
dian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.203	0.527	0.730	
nting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.203	0.003	0.730	
omated speed enforcement	Not Present					
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.024	0.054	0.078	
r commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.021	0.025	
r industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.020	0.037	0.057	
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.036	0.044	
or residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.284	0.692	0.976	
or residential driveways	1	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.018	0.020	
ed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.209	0.259	
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	61	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005	
, , , , ,	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.017	0.045	0.062	
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007	
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005	
		Subtotal	0.082	0.276	0.358	
		Total	0.366	0.968	1.334	

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Intersection type 4ST Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage of AADTmajor 15000 Total 0.44 0.77 AADTminor 100 Intersection Lighting Not Present Calibration factor, Ci Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1 Summary Results Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision 0.116 0.240 Angle collision 0.014 0.019 Sideswipe 0.042 0.028	1.20
AADTmajor 15000 Total 0.44 0.77 AADTminor 100 Intersection Lighting Not Present Calibration factor, Ci Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1	1.20 P Only Total
AADTminor Intersection Lighting Calibration factor, Ci Not Present Calibration factor, Ci Not Present Calibration factor, Ci Not Present Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1	only Total
Intersection Lighting Calibration factor, Ci Not Present Calibration factor, Ci 1.00 Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Not Present Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision 0.116 0.240 Head-on collision 0.014 0.019 Angle collision 0.151 0.215	
Intersection Lighting Calibration factor, Ci Not Present Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes Not Present Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision 0.116 0.240 Head-on collision 0.014 0.019 Angle collision 0.151 0.215	
Calibration factor, Ci 1.00 Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision 0.116 0.240 Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Angle collision 0.151 0.215	
Rear-end collision 0.116 0.240 Data for unsignalized intersections only: Head-on collision 0.014 0.019 Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Angle collision 0.151 0.215 Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1	0.356
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes O Angle collision O.215 Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1 Angle collision 0.151 0.215	0.033
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 1	0.366
Sideswipe 0.042 0.028	0.070
Other multiple-vehicle collision 0.021 0.139	0.160
Data for signalized intersections only: Subtotal 0.344 0.641	0.985
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes 0 Collision with parked vehicle 0.000 0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing Collision with animal 0.000 0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing Permissive Collision with fixed object 0.033 0.106	0.139
Intersection red light cameras Not Present Collision with other object 0.004 0.009	0.013
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes Other single-vehicle collision 0.002 0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian Single-vehicle noncollision 0.009 0.006	0.015
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection 0 Collision with pedestrian 0.025	0.025
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection Not Present Collision with bicycle 0.021	0.021
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft 0 Subtotal 0.094 0.125	0.219
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited Total 0.438 0.766	1.204

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Input Data		Summary Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.39	1.00	1.39
AADT (veh/day)	15000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.3	4.6
Гуре of on-street parking	None				
and use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
fledian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	0.400	0.540	0.700
ighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.196	0.510	0.706
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.018	0.003	0.021
lajor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.023	0.052	0.075
inor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.020	0.024
·	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.020	0.036	0.056
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.035	0.043
linor industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.307	0.735	1.041
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	6	Collision with animal	0.002	0.018	0.020
ther driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.048	0.203	0.251
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
oadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	52	Other single-vehicle collision	0.016	0.043	0.059
ffset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	10	· ·		0.040	
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007
		Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005
		Subtotal	0.079	0.267	0.346
		Total	0.386	1.002	1.387

			General Information			
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	Input Data			Summary R	esults	
Intersection type		3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		15000	Total	0.58	0.97	1.54
AADTminor		1860				
Intersection Lighti	ing	Not Present		Crash Severity D		
Calibration factor,	Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			-	0.400	0.204	0.550
Data for unciona	dizad interceptions only:		Rear-end collision	0.192	0.364	0.556
Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes		0	Head-on collision	0.021	0.019	0.040
-	road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.156	0.217	0.373
Number of major-	Toad approaches with right-turn lanes	'	Sideswipe	0.057	0.033	0.090
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.030	0.194	0.224
	ed intersections only:		Subtotal	0.456	0.827	1.283
Number of approa	aches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approa	aches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approa	aches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn s	ignal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.049	0.118	0.167
Intersection red lig	ght cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.006	0.013	0.019
Sum of all pedesti	rian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number	r of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.004	0.011
Number of bus sto	ops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.007	0.004	0.031
Schools within 1,0	000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.031
Number of alcoho	I sale establishments within 1,000ft	0			0.444	
Number of approa	aches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.119	0.141	0.260
	·		Total	0.575	0.968	1.543

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Input Data		Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.26	0.68	0.93	
ADT (veh/day)	15000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7	
oe of on-street parking	None					
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I			
urb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
edian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.145	0.373	0.518	
hting	Not Present 0 0 0 0	Head-on collision	0.013	0.002	0.015	
tomated speed enforcement		Angle collision	0.017	0.038	0.055	
jor commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018	
nor commercial driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.014	0.026	0.040	
jor industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.025	0.031	
nor industrial/institutional driveways		•				
ajor residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.198	0.479	0.677	
nor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
·	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.013	0.014	
her driveways		Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.149	0.184	
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.003	0.003	
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	68	Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.032	0.044	
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	9	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005	
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	·				
		Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004	
		Subtotal	0.057	0.197	0.254	
		Total	0.255	0.676	0.931	

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Input Data		<u> </u>	Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	15000	Total	0.51	0.89	1.40
AADTminor	100	-	Crash Severity I	Diotalbution	
ntersection Lighting	Not Present	O. Water T	•		T . (.)
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.135	0.279	0.414
Not Present pration Lighting Proposition Factor, Ci 1.00 Propos		Head-on collision	0.016	0.022	0.038
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.176	0.250	0.426
	0	Sideswipe	0.048	0.033	0.081
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.162	0.186
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.399	0.746	1.145
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.038	0.123	0.161
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.010	0.015
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.007	0.017
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.030		0.030
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.024
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.110	0.145	0.255
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.509	0.891	1.400

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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.30	0.76	1.06
ADT (veh/day)	15000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.3
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	0.440	0.007	0.500
nting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.142	0.367	0.509
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.013	0.002	0.015
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.017	0.037	0.054
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018
r industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.014	0.026	0.040
•	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.025	0.031
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.240	0.565	0.805
or residential driveways		Single-Vehicle Collisions			
or residential driveways	5	Collision with animal	0.001	0.013	0.014
er driveways	1	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.146	0.181
ed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.003	0.003
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	79	Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.031	0.043
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)	12	Collision with pedestrian	0.005	0.001	0.005
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	·			
		Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.057	0.193	0.250
		Total	0.297	0.758	1.055

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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	15000	Total	0.27	0.26	0.52
AADTminor	100		Cuash Savanity I	Natulk, sia a	
ntersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.096	0.098	0.194
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		- Head-on collision	0.010	0.005	0.015
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.078	0.058	0.136
	0	Sideswipe	0.029	0.009	0.038
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.015	0.052	0.067
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.228	0.222	0.450
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.031	0.044
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.003	0.005
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
flaximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.003
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.037	0.037	0.074
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.265	0.259	0.524

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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.15	0.40	0.55
AADT (veh/day)	15000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	4.0	5.5
Гуре of on-street parking	None				
and use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
∕ledian width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
ighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.078	0.204	0.282
	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.007	0.001	0.008
utomated speed enforcement		Angle collision	0.009	0.021	0.030
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010
linor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.008	0.014	0.022
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.014	0.017
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.121	0.294	0.415
lajor residential driveways	0		0.121	0.254	0.410
linor residential driveways	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Other driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008
peed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.019	0.081	0.100
	100	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
oadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	10	Other single-vehicle collision	0.006	0.017	0.023
ffset to roadside fixed objects (ft)		Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.031	0.106	0.137
		Total	0.152	0.400	0.552
		· otal	5.102	0.100	3.332

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ersection type	Input Data		Summary Results				
**	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
DTmajor	14000	Total	0.86	1.70	2.56		
OTminor	5000		Crash Severity I	Distribution			
rsection Lighting	Not Present	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
ibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatai and injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
		Rear-end collision	0.271	0.629	0.900		
tion Lighting Not Present tion factor, Ci 1.00 Trunsignalized intersections only: Trof major-road approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Trof major-road approaches with right-turn lanes 0 Trof approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Trof approaches with left-turn lanes 0 Trof approaches with right-turn lanes 0 Trof approaches with right-turn lanes 0 Trof approaches with left-turn signal phasing Trof left-turn signal phasing		Head-on collision	0.029	0.033	0.062		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.221	0.375	0.596		
	0	Sideswipe	0.081	0.057	0.138		
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.336	0.378		
a for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.644	1.430	2.074		
nber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions					
nber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001		
nber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005		
e of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.092	0.225	0.317		
rsection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.011	0.025	0.036		
n of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.006	0.011		
kimum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.013	0.008	0.021		
mber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.052	0.000	0.052		
nools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.039		0.032		
nber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.212	0.270	0.482		
nber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal Total	0.212	1.700	2.556		

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	No Build	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:36 AM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.21	0.54	0.75
ADT (veh/day)	13000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.7	3.7
ype of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. d	
and use	Residential/Other	O-Biston Tons	Crash Severity I		T-4-1
urb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
edian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.101	0.262	0.363
ghting	Not Present				
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.009	0.001	0.010
ajor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.012	0.027	0.039
nor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.010	0.012
ijor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.010	0.019	0.029
nor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.018	0.022
ajor residential driveways	0	Subtotal	0.159	0.381	0.540
inor residential driveways	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
ther driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011
•	31	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.121	0.152
peed Category	55	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
padside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	13	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.026	0.036
fset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003
		Subtotal	0.049	0.159	0.208
		Total	0.208	0.540	0.748

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	18000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.66	0.90			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5			

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.202	0.491	0.693				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.045	0.165	0.210				
Total	0.247	0.656	0.903				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results					
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.56	0.84	1.40	
AADTminor	1160		0 10 "	N. 4 11 - 41		
Intersection Lighting	Present					
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.157	0.277	0.434	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.019	0.022	0.041	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.204	0.248	0.452	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.056	0.033	0.089	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.161	0.189	
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.464	0.741	1.205	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	Permissive Not Present	Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003	
Type of left-turn signal phasing		Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.086	0.112	
Intersection red light cameras		Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.030	0.000	0.030	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.024	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.400		
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.092	0.102	0.194	
		Total	0.556	0.843	1.399	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
ighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
<i>l</i> lajor commercial driveways	0
/linor commercial driveways	1
flajor industrial/institutional driveways	0
/linor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Aajor residential driveways	0
ninor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	2
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.30	0.76	1.06			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.3			

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.253	0.598	0.851				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211				
Total	0.299	0.763	1.062				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.32	0.43	0.75
AADTminor	560				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.112	0.167	0.279
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.012	0.009	0.021
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.092	0.100	0.192
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.034	0.015	0.049
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.017	0.089	0.106
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.267	0.380	0.647
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.044	0.062
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian					
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.002	0.005
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.015		0.015
,	0	Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	U	Subtotal	0.051	0.053	0.104
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.318	0.433	0.751

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.66	0.90			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5			

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.202	0.491	0.693				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.045	0.165	0.210				
Total	0.247	0.656	0.903				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		_	Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17500	Total	0.84	1.65	2.49
AADTminor	5000				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Cambration factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.335	0.743	1.078
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.036	0.046	0.082
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.258	0.375	0.633
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.074	0.049	0.123
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.041	0.325	0.366
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.744	1.538	2.282
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.098	0.129
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.008	0.011
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.019	0.004	0.019
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·			
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.037		0.037
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.098	0.113	0.211
Trainibor of approaches for which the Ort is prohibited	· ·	Total	0.842	1.651	2.493

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.6
AADT (veh/day)	17000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.70	1.84	2.54				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.2				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.401	1.039	1.440				
Head-on collision	0.037	0.005	0.042				
Angle collision	0.047	0.106	0.153				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.008	0.041	0.049				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.040	0.073	0.113				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.016	0.071	0.087				
Subtotal	0.561	1.359	1.920				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.003	0.032	0.035				
Collision with fixed object	0.081	0.364	0.445				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.006	0.007				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.027	0.078	0.105				
Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013				
Collision with bicycle	0.010		0.010				
Subtotal	0.135	0.480	0.615				
Total	0.696	1.839	2.535				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.45	0.79	1.24
AADTminor	2100				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.153	0.300	0.453
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.016	0.016	0.032
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.125	0.179	0.304
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.046	0.027	0.073
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.160	0.184
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.364	0.682	1.046
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.087	0.122
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010	0.014
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.025	5,555	0.025
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.019		0.019
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.090	0.104	0.194
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.454	0.786	1.240

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7				
AADT (veh/day)	17000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.80	2.12	2.92				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	3.0	4.2				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.467	1.213	1.680				
Head-on collision	0.044	0.006	0.050				
Angle collision	0.054	0.123	0.177				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.048	0.058				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.047	0.086	0.133				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.083	0.102				
Subtotal	0.641	1.559	2.200				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.003	0.037	0.040				
Collision with fixed object	0.095	0.424	0.519				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.007	0.008				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.032	0.090	0.122				
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014				
Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012				
Subtotal	0.157	0.558	0.715				
Total	0.798	2.117	2.915				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	tesults	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	16500	Total	0.61	1.26	1.86
AADTminor	5900				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.196	0.475	0.671
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.021	0.025	0.046
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.159	0.283	0.442
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.059	0.043	0.102
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.030	0.254	0.284
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.465	1.080	1.545
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.059	0.146	0.205
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.007	0.016	0.023
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.038		0.038
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.144	0.175	0.319
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.609	1.255	1.864

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	16000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.21	0.56	0.76			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.8	3.8			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434		
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013		
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026		
Subtotal	0.164	0.403	0.567		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011		
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034		
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004		
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003		
Subtotal	0.044	0.153	0.197		
Total	0.208	0.556	0.764		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	16000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.21	0.56	0.76		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.8	3.8		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434		
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013		
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014		
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Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034		
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004		
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003		
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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4ST
AADTmajor	16000
AADTminor	1030
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.49	0.76	1.24		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.136	0.246	0.382			
Head-on collision	0.016	0.020	0.036			
Angle collision	0.177	0.221	0.398			
Sideswipe	0.049	0.029	0.078			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.143	0.167			
Subtotal	0.402	0.659	1.061			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Collision with fixed object	0.025	0.081	0.106			
Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012			
Collision with pedestrian	0.026		0.026			
Collision with bicycle	0.021		0.021			
Subtotal	0.084	0.096	0.180			
Total	0.486	0.755	1.241			

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data				
Road type	2U			
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2			
AADT (veh/day)	16000			
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Residential/Other			
Curb length with on-street parking				
Median width (ft)	15			
Lighting	Not Present			
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present			
Major commercial driveways	0			
Minor commercial driveways	1			
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Major residential driveways	0			
Minor residential driveways	2			
Other driveways	2			
Speed Category	31			
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1			
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30			
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00			

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.65	0.91			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.3	4.5			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434			
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013			
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026			
Subtotal	0.209	0.498	0.707			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034			
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004			
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004			
Subtotal	0.045	0.153	0.198			
Total	0.254	0.651	0.905			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	16000	Total	0.27	0.36	0.64
AADTminor	500				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.096	0.138	0.234
Data for unsignalized intersections only:					
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Head-on collision	0.010	0.007	0.017
		Angle collision	0.078	0.082	0.160
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.029	0.013	0.042
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.015	0.074	0.089
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.228	0.314	0.542
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.017	0.041	0.058
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.002
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-		0.001	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.010		0.010
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.045	0.049	0.094
Hamber of approaches for which terore is prohibited		Total	0.273	0.363	0.636

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	16000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.21	0.56	0.76			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.8	3.8			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434			
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013			
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026			
Subtotal	0.164	0.403	0.567			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034			
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.044	0.153	0.197			
Total	0.208	0.556	0.764			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	15500
AADTminor	6000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.77	1.53	2.29		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.302	0.685	0.987		
Head-on collision	0.033	0.043	0.076		
Angle collision	0.233	0.346	0.579		
Sideswipe	0.066	0.045	0.111		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	0.299	0.336		
Subtotal	0.671	1.418	2.089		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.094	0.125		
Collision with other object	0.003	0.008	0.011		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010		
Collision with pedestrian	0.020		0.020		
Collision with bicycle	0.034		0.034		
Subtotal	0.096	0.108	0.204		
Total	0.767	1.526	2.293		

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	15000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	1
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.29	0.78	1.07		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.6	3.6		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
0.162	0.422	0.584			
0.015	0.002	0.017			
0.019	0.043	0.062			
0.003	0.017	0.020			
0.016	0.030	0.046			
0.006	0.029	0.035			
0.226	0.554	0.780			
0.001	0.015	0.016			
0.040	0.168	0.208			
0.001	0.003	0.004			
0.013	0.036	0.049			
0.005		0.005			
0.004		0.004			
0.064	0.222	0.286			
0.290	0.776	1.066			
	0.162 0.015 0.019 0.003 0.016 0.006 0.226 0.001 0.040 0.001 0.013 0.005 0.004 0.004	Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only 0.162 0.422 0.015 0.002 0.019 0.043 0.003 0.017 0.016 0.030 0.006 0.029 0.226 0.554 0.001 0.015 0.040 0.168 0.001 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.005 0.004 0.004 0.022			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	15000	Total	0.44	0.77	1.20
AADTminor	100				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.116	0.240	0.356
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.014	0.019	0.033
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.151	0.215	0.366
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.042	0.028	0.070
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.021	0.139	0.160
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.344	0.641	0.985
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.106	0.139
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.009	0.013
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.025		0.025
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.021		0.021
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.094	0.125	0.219
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.438	0.766	1.204
		TOTAL	0.430	0.700	1.204

Input Data

			General Information		
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State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	15000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	6
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.32	0.83	1.15		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.8	3.8		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.162	0.422	0.584		
Head-on collision	0.015	0.002	0.017		
Angle collision	0.019	0.043	0.062		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.016	0.030	0.046		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.029	0.035		
Subtotal	0.252	0.608	0.860		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.001	0.015	0.016		
Collision with fixed object	0.040	0.168	0.208		
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.013	0.036	0.049		
Collision with pedestrian	0.006		0.006		
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005		
Subtotal	0.066	0.222	0.288		
Total	0.318	0.830	1.148		

			General Information		
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State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	3ST
AADTmajor	15000
AADTminor	1860
Intersection Lighting	Not Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.39	0.65	1.04		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.129	0.246	0.375			
Head-on collision	0.014	0.013	0.027			
Angle collision	0.105	0.146	0.251			
Sideswipe	0.039	0.022	0.061			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.020	0.131	0.151			
Subtotal	0.307	0.558	0.865			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.080	0.113			
Collision with other object	0.004	0.009	0.013			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008			
Collision with pedestrian	0.021		0.021			
Collision with bicycle	0.016		0.016			
Subtotal	0.081	0.096	0.177			
Total	0.388	0.654	1.042			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Input Data				
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	15000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.19	0.51	0.70				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.5	3.5				

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.109	0.280	0.389		
Head-on collision	0.010	0.001	0.011		
Angle collision	0.013	0.028	0.041		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.011	0.013		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.011	0.020	0.031		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.019	0.023		
Subtotal	0.149	0.359	0.508		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011		
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.112	0.139		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.024	0.033		
Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003		
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003		
Subtotal	0.043	0.148	0.191		
Total	0.192	0.507	0.699		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fa
AADTmajor	15000	Total	
AADTminor	100		
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fa
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
		Rear-end collision	
Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	_ Head-on collision	
	-	Angle collision	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	
.,		Total	

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.44	0.77	1.20			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.116	0.240	0.356		
Head-on collision	0.014	0.019	0.033		
Angle collision	0.151	0.215	0.366		
Sideswipe	0.042	0.028	0.070		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.021	0.139	0.160		
Subtotal	0.344	0.641	0.985		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003		
Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.106	0.139		
Collision with other object	0.004	0.009	0.013		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015		
Collision with pedestrian	0.025		0.025		
Collision with bicycle	0.021		0.021		
Subtotal	0.094	0.125	0.219		
Total	0.438	0.766	1.204		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	15000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	5				
Other driveways	1				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.23	0.58	0.81				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.9	4.0				

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.109	0.280	0.389			
Head-on collision	0.010	0.001	0.011			
Angle collision	0.013	0.028	0.041			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.011	0.013			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.011	0.020	0.031			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.019	0.023			
Subtotal	0.183	0.430	0.613			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.112	0.139			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.024	0.033			
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.044	0.148	0.192			
Total	0.227	0.578	0.805			

<u></u>			General Information		
Analyst M	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency S	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State V	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area S	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			S
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal a
AADTmajor	15000	Total	0.
AADTminor	100		
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal ar
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
		Rear-end collision	0.0
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.0
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.0
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.0
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.1
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.0
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.0
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	•	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.0
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.0
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.0
Schools within 1.000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.0
,	0	Collision with bicycle	0.0
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	U	Subtotal	0.0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.2

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.23	0.22	0.45			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.082	0.084	0.166		
Head-on collision	0.009	0.004	0.013		
Angle collision	0.067	0.050	0.117		
Sideswipe	0.025	0.008	0.033		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.013	0.045	0.058		
Subtotal	0.196	0.191	0.387		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Collision with fixed object	0.011	0.027	0.038		
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.003		
Collision with pedestrian	0.009		0.009		
Collision with bicycle	0.007		0.007		
Subtotal	0.031	0.033	0.064		
Total	0.227	0.224	0.451		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1				
AADT (veh/day)	15000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	2				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.10	0.28	0.38			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.8	3.8			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.054	0.141	0.195			
Head-on collision	0.005	0.001	0.006			
Angle collision	0.006	0.014	0.020			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.001	0.006	0.007			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.005	0.010	0.015			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.002	0.010	0.012			
Subtotal	0.083	0.204	0.287			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005			
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.056	0.069			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.004	0.012	0.016			
Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002			
Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002			
Subtotal	0.021	0.074	0.095			
Total	0.104	0.278	0.382			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Input Data				
Intersection type	3ST				
AADTmajor	14000				
AADTminor	5000				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present				
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00				
Data for unsignalized intersections only:					
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1				
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1				
Data for signalized intersections only:					
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0				
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing					
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive				
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present				
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes					
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian					
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0				
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present				
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0				
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.50	0.99	1.48		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.157	0.365	0.522		
Head-on collision	0.017	0.019	0.036		
Angle collision	0.128	0.217	0.345		
Sideswipe	0.047	0.033	0.080		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.195	0.219		
Subtotal	0.373	0.829	1.202		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003		
Collision with fixed object	0.053	0.131	0.184		
Collision with other object	0.006	0.014	0.020		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012		
Collision with pedestrian	0.030		0.030		
Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023		
Subtotal	0.122	0.157	0.279		
Total	0.495	0.986	1.481		

			General Information	al Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	13000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	4				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

	Summary F	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.18	0.46	0.63	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.3	3.2	

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.085	0.220	0.305			
Head-on collision	0.008	0.001	0.009			
Angle collision	0.010	0.022	0.032			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.009	0.011			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.009	0.016	0.025			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.015	0.018			
Subtotal	0.135	0.320	0.455			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.009	0.010			
Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.102	0.128			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.022	0.031			
Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.042	0.135	0.177			
Total	0.177	0.455	0.632			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	23500
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

	Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.26	0.67	0.93			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541			
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008			
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049			
Subtotal	0.211	0.552	0.763			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007			
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025			
Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017			
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005			
Subtotal	0.048	0.119	0.167			
Total	0.259	0.671	0.930			

Total

Property Damage Only

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		_	Summary F	Summary Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope	
AADTmajor	23500	Total	0.55		
AADTminor	1530				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribut	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope	
Campitation factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.159		
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.019		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.206		
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.057		
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028		
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.469		
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000		
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000		
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive				
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.022		
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.003		
,		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002		
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006		
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.028		
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.023		
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.084		
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
		Total	0.553		

Total	0.55	0.79	1.35
	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.159	0.266	0.425
Head-on collision	0.019	0.021	0.040
Angle collision	0.206	0.238	0.444
Sideswipe	0.057	0.031	0.088
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.154	0.182
Subtotal	0.469	0.710	1.179
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.071	0.093
Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Collision with pedestrian	0.028		0.028
Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023
Subtotal	0.084	0.084	0.168
Total	0.553	0.794	1.347

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	23500
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	1
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	2
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

	Summary F	Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.27	0.70	0.98				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.5	4.9				

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541			
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008			
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049			
Subtotal	0.223	0.584	0.807			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007			
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025			
Collision with pedestrian	0.018		0.018			
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005			
Subtotal	0.049	0.119	0.168			
Total	0.272	0.703	0.975			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type
AADTmajor	23500	Total
AADTminor	740	
ntersection Lighting	Not Present	Callinian Tona
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions
		Rear-end collision
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Head-on collision
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Angle collision Sideswipe
		Other multiple-vehicle collision
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		_
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal Total

Summary Results					
Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only Total					
Total	0.46	0.65	1.11		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.163	0.259	0.422		
Head-on collision	0.017	0.014	0.031		
Angle collision	0.133	0.154	0.287		
Sideswipe	0.049	0.024	0.073		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.138	0.163		
Subtotal	0.387	0.589	0.976		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.053	0.075		
Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.002	0.005		
Collision with pedestrian	0.022		0.022		
Collision with bicycle	0.017		0.017		
Subtotal	0.068	0.063	0.131		
Total	0.455	0.652	1.107		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	23500
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total	0.26	0.67	0.93
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541	
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008	
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028	
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134	
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049	
Subtotal	0.211	0.552	0.763	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007	
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110	
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025	
Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017	
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005	
Subtotal	0.048	0.119	0.167	
Total	0.259	0.671	0.930	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
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Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	22750
AADTminor	500
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total	0.68	1.24	1.92

	Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.277	0.562	0.839		
Head-on collision	0.030	0.035	0.065		
Angle collision	0.213	0.284	0.497		
Sideswipe	0.061	0.037	0.098		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.034	0.246	0.280		
Subtotal	0.615	1.164	1.779		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.066	0.084		
Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.003	0.006		
Collision with pedestrian	0.010		0.010		
Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028		
Subtotal	0.062	0.076	0.138		
Total	0.677	1.240	1.917		

			General Information		
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Input Data			
4D			
0.6			
22000			
None			
Residential/Other			
20			
Not Present			
Not Present			
0			
0			
0			
0			
0			
2			
0			
31			
1			
30			
1.00			

Summary Results			
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Total	0.72	1.86	2.58
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.3

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.485	0.998	1.483	
Head-on collision	0.012	0.011	0.023	
Angle collision	0.023	0.054	0.077	
Sideswipe, same direction	0.029	0.336	0.365	
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.006	0.002	0.008	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.107	0.135	
Subtotal	0.586	1.514	2.100	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with animal	0.000	0.022	0.022	
Collision with fixed object	0.036	0.282	0.318	
Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.034	0.037	0.071	
Collision with pedestrian	0.048		0.048	
Collision with bicycle	0.013		0.013	
Subtotal	0.133	0.347	0.480	
Total	0.719	1.861	2.580	

			General Information		
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Input Data					
Intersection type	3ST				
AADTmajor	22000				
AADTminor	2770				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present				
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00				
Data for unsignalized intersections only:					
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1				
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1				
Data for signalized intersections only:					
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0				
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing					
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive				
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present				
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes					
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian					
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0				
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present				
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0				
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.64	1.16	1.80		

age Only Total
- 3 7
0.675
0.047
0.450
0.107
0.278
1.557
0.000
0.002
0.147
0.017
0.005
0.010
0.036
0.028
0.245
1.802

			General Information		
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Input Data					
Road type	4D				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7				
AADT (veh/day)	22000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	20				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.84	2.16	3.00			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.3			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.566	1.164	1.730			
Head-on collision	0.014	0.012	0.026			
Angle collision	0.027	0.063	0.090			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.034	0.392	0.426			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.007	0.002	0.009			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.033	0.125	0.158			
Subtotal	0.681	1.758	2.439			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.025	0.025			
Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.328	0.370			
Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.040	0.044	0.084			
Collision with pedestrian	0.056		0.056			
Collision with bicycle	0.015		0.015			
Subtotal	0.155	0.403	0.558			
Total	0.836	2.161	2.997			

			General Information		
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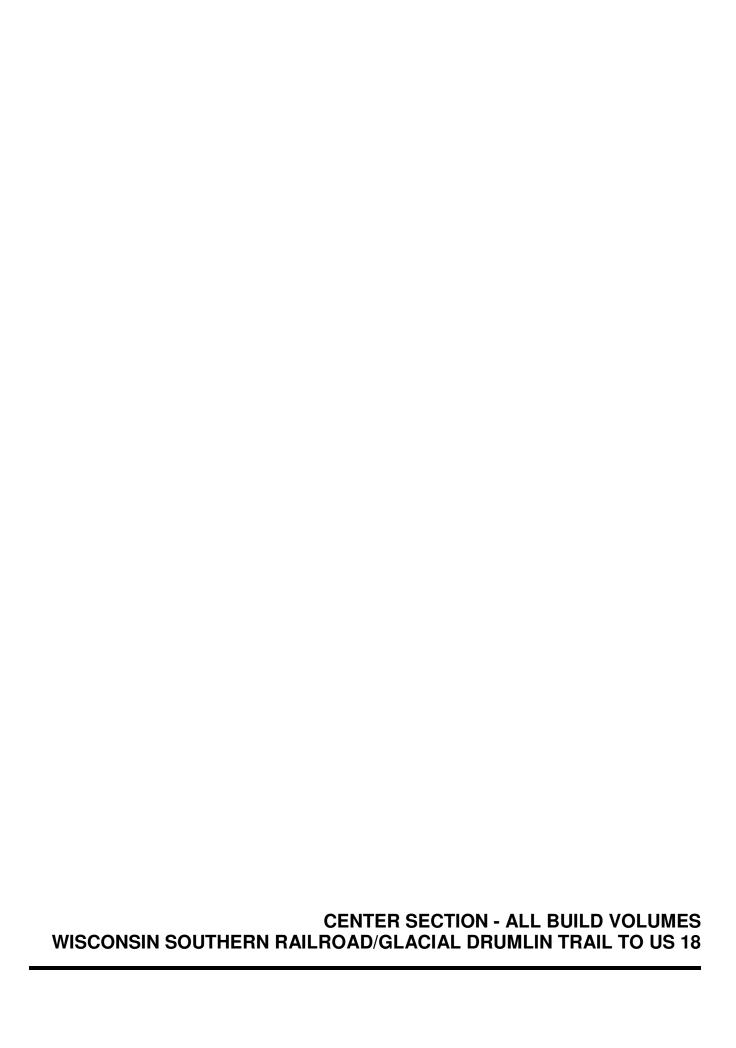
Input Data		Summary Results			
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	21000	Total	0.83	1.79	2.62
AADTminor	7500			5	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
,		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.271	0.697	0.968
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.029	0.036	0.065
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.221	0.415	0.636
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.081	0.063	0.144
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.372	0.414
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.644	1.583	2.227
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
Type of left-turn signal phasing	#Error	Collision with fixed object	0.070	0.171	0.241
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.008	0.019	0.027
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		•			
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.004	0.005	0.009
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.006	0.016
Schools within 1.000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.053		0.053
'		Collision with bicycle	0.040		0.040
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.185	0.206	0.391
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.829	1.789	2.618

			General Information		
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Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	20000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.21	0.55	0.76				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.8	3.8				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.143	0.291	0.434				
Head-on collision	0.003	0.003	0.006				
Angle collision	0.007	0.016	0.023				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.009	0.098	0.107				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.000	0.002				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.031	0.039				
Subtotal	0.172	0.439	0.611				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007				
Collision with fixed object	0.012	0.090	0.102				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.011	0.012	0.023				
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.042	0.111	0.153				
Total	0.214	0.550	0.764				



Total 0.90 4.5

Total

0.529 0.016 0.056 0.018 0.042 0.032 0.693

0.012 0.152 0.002 0.036 0.004 0.004

0.903

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data	Summary Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.25	0.66
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3
Type of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. 41
Land use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I	
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Median width (ft)	15	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.014	0.002
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.017	0.039
·		Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.202	0.491
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011
Other driveways	0			
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027
	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.004	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004	
		Subtotal	0.045	0.165

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0.247

0.656

Total

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data			Summary R	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.56	0.84	1.40
AADTminor	1160				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.157	0.277	0.434
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.019	0.022	0.041
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.204	0.248	0.452
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.056	0.033	0.089
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.161	0.189
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.464	0.741	1.205
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.086	0.112
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.030	0.000	0.030
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.024
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.400	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.092	0.102	0.194
		Total	0.556	0.843	1.399

			General Information		
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Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
ighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
<i>l</i> lajor commercial driveways	0
/linor commercial driveways	1
flajor industrial/institutional driveways	0
/linor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Aajor residential driveways	0
ninor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	2
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.30	0.76	1.06			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.3			

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.253	0.598	0.851				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211				
Total	0.299	0.763	1.062				

			General Information		
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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.32	0.43	0.75
AADTminor	560				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.112	0.167	0.279
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.012	0.009	0.021
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.092	0.100	0.192
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.034	0.015	0.049
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.017	0.089	0.106
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.267	0.380	0.647
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.044	0.062
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian					
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.002	0.005
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.015		0.015
,	0	Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	U	Subtotal	0.051	0.053	0.104
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.318	0.433	0.751

			General Information		
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Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.66	0.90			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5			

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.202	0.491	0.693				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.045	0.165	0.210				
Total	0.247	0.656	0.903				

			General Information		
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Input Data		_	Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17500	Total	0.84	1.65	2.49
AADTminor	5000				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Cambration factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.335	0.743	1.078
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.036	0.046	0.082
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.258	0.375	0.633
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.074	0.049	0.123
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.041	0.325	0.366
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.744	1.538	2.282
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.098	0.129
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.008	0.011
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.019	0.004	0.019
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·			
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.037		0.037
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.098	0.113	0.211
Trainibor of approaches for which the Ort is prohibited	· ·	Total	0.842	1.651	2.493

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.6
AADT (veh/day)	17000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.70	1.84	2.54			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.2			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.401	1.039	1.440			
Head-on collision	0.037	0.005	0.042			
Angle collision	0.047	0.106	0.153			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.008	0.041	0.049			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.040	0.073	0.113			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.016	0.071	0.087			
Subtotal	0.561	1.359	1.920			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.003	0.032	0.035			
Collision with fixed object	0.081	0.364	0.445			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.006	0.007			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.027	0.078	0.105			
Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013			
Collision with bicycle	0.010		0.010			
Subtotal	0.135	0.480	0.615			
Total	0.696	1.839	2.535			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.45	0.79	1.24
AADTminor	2100				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.153	0.300	0.453
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.016	0.016	0.032
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.125	0.179	0.304
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.046	0.027	0.073
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.160	0.184
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.364	0.682	1.046
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.087	0.122
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010	0.014
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.025	5,555	0.025
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.019		0.019
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.090	0.104	0.194
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.454	0.786	1.240

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7
AADT (veh/day)	17000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.80	2.12	2.92		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	3.0	4.2		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.467	1.213	1.680		
Head-on collision	0.044	0.006	0.050		
Angle collision	0.054	0.123	0.177		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.048	0.058		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.047	0.086	0.133		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.083	0.102		
Subtotal	0.641	1.559	2.200		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.003	0.037	0.040		
Collision with fixed object	0.095	0.424	0.519		
Collision with other object	0.001	0.007	0.008		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.032	0.090	0.122		
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014		
Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012		
Subtotal	0.157	0.558	0.715		
Total	0.798	2.117	2.915		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data			Summary F	tesults	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	16500	Total	0.61	1.26	1.86
AADTminor	5900				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.196	0.475	0.671
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.021	0.025	0.046
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.159	0.283	0.442
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.059	0.043	0.102
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.030	0.254	0.284
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.465	1.080	1.545
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.059	0.146	0.205
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.007	0.016	0.023
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.004	0.007
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.038		0.038
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.144	0.175	0.319
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.609	1.255	1.864

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane on mapped bypass alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:16 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Road type	2U	Collisi
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total
AADT (veh/day)	16000	Crash
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	Callia
Curb length with on-street parking		Collisi
Median width (ft)	10	Multip
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-e
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle Sidesv
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sidesv
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other
Major residential driveways	0	Subtot
Minor residential driveways	0	Single
Other driveways	0	Collisio
Speed Category	31	Collisio
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collisio
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collisio
2000, 01		Collisio
		Subtot

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.21	0.56	0.76		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.8	3.8		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434			
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013			
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026			
Subtotal	0.164	0.403	0.567			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034			
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.044	0.153	0.197			
Total	0.208	0.556	0.764			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	18000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Total	0.25	0.66	0.90					
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5					

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.202	0.491	0.693				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.045	0.165	0.210				
Total	0.247	0.656	0.903				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data			Summary Results			
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.56	0.84	1.40	
AADTminor	1160					
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I			
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.157	0.277	0.434	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.019	0.022	0.041	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.204	0.248	0.452	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.056	0.033	0.089	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.161	0.189	
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.464	0.741	1.205	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.086	0.112	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.030	0.000	0.030	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.024		0.024	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.400		
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.092	0.102	0.194	
		Total	0.556	0.843	1.399	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data		
Road type	2U	Collision
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	0.00
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision
Median width (ft)	15	Multiple-
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle coll
Minor commercial driveways	1	Sideswipe
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other mu
Major residential driveways	0	Subtotal
·	2	Single-Ve
Minor residential driveways	2	Collision
Other driveways	31	Collision
Speed Category		Collision
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other sing
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision
		Subtotal

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.30	0.76	1.06				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.3				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.253	0.598	0.851				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211				
Total	0.299	0.763	1.062				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		<u> </u>	Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.32	0.43	0.75
AADTminor	560		Cuanh Savanitus	Diatribution	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present	O-Walan Ton	Crash Severity I		T - 1 - 1
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.112	0.167	0.279
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.012	0.009	0.021
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.092	0.100	0.192
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.034	0.015	0.049
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.017	0.089	0.106
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.267	0.380	0.647
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.044	0.062
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.002	0.005
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.015	0.002	0.015
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.013
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.012	0.053	0.012
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
		Total	0.318	0.433	0.751

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.25	0.66	0.90				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016				
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032				
Subtotal	0.202	0.491	0.693				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036				
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.045	0.165	0.210				
Total	0.247	0.656	0.903				

Total 2.49

Total

1.078 0.082 0.633 0.123 0.366 2.282

0.000 0.000 0.129 0.011 0.005 0.010 0.019 0.037 0.211 2.493

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data		Summary Results				
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only		
AADTmajor	17500	Total	0.84	1.65		
AADTminor	5000					
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only		
Calibration laster, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.335	0.743		
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.036	0.046		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.258	0.375		
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.074	0.049		
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.041	0.325		
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.744	1.538		
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000		
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000		
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.098		
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.008		
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	·	0.002	0.003		
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Other single-vehicle collision				
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004		
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.019			
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.037			
,		Subtotal	0.098	0.113		
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Total	0.842	1.651		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	17000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	1
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.35	0.92	1.27				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.2				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.200	0.520	0.720				
Head-on collision	0.019	0.003	0.022				
Angle collision	0.023	0.053	0.076				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.021	0.025				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.020	0.037	0.057				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.035	0.043				
Subtotal	0.280	0.681	0.961				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.016	0.017				
Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.181	0.222				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.039	0.053				
Collision with pedestrian	0.006		0.006				
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005				
Subtotal	0.068	0.239	0.307				
Total	0.348	0.920	1.268				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary Results						
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.50	0.85	1.35				
AADTminor	110								
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I						
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Calibration factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
		Rear-end collision	0.134	0.270	0.404				
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.016	0.022	0.038				
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.174	0.242	0.416				
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.032	0.080				
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.157	0.181				
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.396	0.723	1.119				
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000				
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003				
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.112	0.147				
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.009	0.014				
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004				
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015				
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.029	0.000	0.029				
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.029				
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	•		0.404					
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.104	0.131	0.235				
		Total	0.500	0.854	1.354				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3				
AADT (veh/day)	17000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	6				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.38	0.98	1.36				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.3	4.5				

Crash Severity Distribution								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions								
Rear-end collision	0.200	0.520	0.720					
Head-on collision	0.019	0.003	0.022					
Angle collision	0.023	0.053	0.076					
Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.021	0.025					
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.020	0.037	0.057					
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.035	0.043					
Subtotal	0.309	0.743	1.052					
Single-Vehicle Collisions								
Collision with animal	0.001	0.016	0.017					
Collision with fixed object	0.041	0.181	0.222					
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004					
Other single-vehicle collision	0.014	0.039	0.053					
Collision with pedestrian	0.007		0.007					
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005					
Subtotal	0.069	0.239	0.308					
Total	0.378	0.982	1.360					

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary R	Results		
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.45	0.79	1.24
AADTminor	2100		0 10 "	N. 4 11 - 41	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.153	0.300	0.453
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.016	0.016	0.032
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.125	0.179	0.304
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.046	0.027	0.073
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.160	0.184
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.364	0.682	1.046
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.087	0.122
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010	0.014
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.025	0.000	0.025
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.019		0.025
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.404	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.090	0.104	0.194
		Total	0.454	0.786	1.240

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data	Input Data					
Road type	2U					
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2					
AADT (veh/day)	17000					
Type of on-street parking	None					
Land use	Residential/Other					
Curb length with on-street parking						
Median width (ft)	10					
Lighting	Not Present					
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present					
Major commercial driveways	0					
Minor commercial driveways	0					
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0					
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0					
Major residential driveways	0					
Minor residential driveways	0					
Other driveways	0					
Speed Category	31					
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1					
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30					
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00					

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.23	0.60	0.83				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	3.0	4.2				

Crash Severity Distribution								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions								
Rear-end collision	0.134	0.346	0.480					
Head-on collision	0.012	0.002	0.014					
Angle collision	0.016	0.035	0.051					
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.014	0.017					
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.013	0.024	0.037					
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.024	0.029					
Subtotal	0.183	0.445	0.628					
Single-Vehicle Collisions								
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011					
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.121	0.148					
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002					
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.026	0.035					
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004					
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003					
Subtotal	0.044	0.159	0.203					
Total	0.227	0.604	0.831					

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.50	0.85	1.35
AADTminor	110		0.551.05.52	State Handley	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
,		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.134	0.270	0.404
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.016	0.022	0.038
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.174	0.242	0.416
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.032	0.080
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.157	0.181
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.396	0.723	1.119
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.112	0.147
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.009	0.014
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.001	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.006	0.015
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.029	0.000	0.029
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.104	0.131	0.025
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
		Total	0.500	0.854	1.354

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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2U 0.2 17000 None
17000 None
None
B: 4 4: - 1/0/1-
Residential/Other
15
Not Present
Not Present
0
0
0
0
0
5
1
31
1
30
1.00

Summary Results								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Total	0.27	0.69	0.95					
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.8					

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.134	0.346	0.480				
Head-on collision	0.012	0.002	0.014				
Angle collision	0.016	0.035	0.051				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.014	0.017				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.013	0.024	0.037				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.024	0.029				
Subtotal	0.221	0.526	0.747				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011				
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.121	0.148				
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.026	0.035				
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.046	0.159	0.205				
Total	0.267	0.685	0.952				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data		_	Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	17000	Total	0.26	0.27	0.53
AADTminor	110				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Cambradon ractor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.097	0.102	0.199
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.010	0.005	0.015
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.079	0.061	0.140
	1 Sideswipe	Sideswipe	0.029	0.009	0.038
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.015	0.055	0.070
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.230	0.232	0.462
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.011	0.028	0.039
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.003	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		G			
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Schools within 1.000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011
,		Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.034	0.034	0.068
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.264	0.266	0.530

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1				
AADT (veh/day)	17000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	2				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Total	0.13	0.33	0.45				
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.3	4.5				

Crash Severity Distribution							
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
0.066	0.173	0.239					
0.006	0.001	0.007					
0.008	0.018	0.026					
0.001	0.007	0.008					
0.007	0.012	0.019					
0.003	0.012	0.015					
0.103	0.247	0.350					
0.000	0.005	0.005					
0.014	0.061	0.075					
0.000	0.001	0.001					
0.005	0.013	0.018					
0.002		0.002					
0.002		0.002					
0.023	0.080	0.103					
0.126	0.327	0.453					
	0.066 0.006 0.008 0.001 0.007 0.003 0.103 0.000 0.014 0.000 0.005 0.002 0.002 0.002	Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only 0.066 0.173 0.006 0.001 0.008 0.018 0.001 0.007 0.007 0.012 0.003 0.012 0.103 0.247 0.000 0.005 0.014 0.061 0.005 0.013 0.002 0.002 0.023 0.080					

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
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Input Data			Summary Results				
3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
16500	Total	0.61	1.26	1.86			
5900							
Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution				
1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
	Rear-end collision	0.196	0.475	0.671			
	Head-on collision	0.021	0.025	0.046			
	Angle collision	0.159	0.283	0.442			
	Sideswipe	0.059	0.043	0.102			
	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.030	0.254	0.284			
	Subtotal	0.465	1.080	1.545			
0	Single-Vehicle Collisions						
0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001			
	Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003			
Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.059	0.146	0.205			
Not Present	-	0.007	0.016	0.023			
	·			0.007			
	<u>-</u>			0.013			
0	_		0.000	0.038			
Not Present	•			0.029			
0	·		0.475				
				0.319			
	Total	0.609	1.255	1.864			
	16500 5900 Not Present 1.00 1 1 1 0 0 Permissive Not Present	Total Total Total Total Not Present 1.00 Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision Subtotal Single-Vehicle Collisions Collision with parked vehicle Collision with animal Collision with other object Other single-vehicle collision Single-vehicle noncollision Collision with pedestrian Collision with bicycle	Total Tota	Total			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Two-Lane full reconstruction on existing alignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 10:57 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	16000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	4
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.23	0.60	0.83			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.0	4.2			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.120	0.314	0.434			
Head-on collision	0.011	0.002	0.013			
Angle collision	0.014	0.032	0.046			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.012	0.014			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.012	0.022	0.034			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.005	0.021	0.026			
Subtotal	0.186	0.449	0.635			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.010	0.011			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.116	0.143			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.025	0.034			
Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004			
Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003			
Subtotal	0.044	0.153	0.197			
Total	0.230	0.602	0.832			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data				
Road type	4D			
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2			
AADT (veh/day)	23500			
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Residential/Other			
Curb length with on-street parking				
Median width (ft)	20			
Lighting	Not Present			
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present			
Major commercial driveways	0			
Minor commercial driveways	0			
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Major residential driveways	0			
Minor residential driveways	0			
Other driveways	0			
Speed Category	31			
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1			
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30			
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00			

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.26	0.67	0.93		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541			
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008			
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049			
Subtotal	0.211	0.552	0.763			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007			
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025			
Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017			
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005			
Subtotal	0.048	0.119	0.167			
Total	0.259	0.671	0.930			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	23500	Total	0.55	0.79	1.35
AADTminor	1530		Cuanh Savanitus	Dia fuibo eti a e	
Intersection Lighting	Present	Callinian Tona	Crash Severity I		T-4-1
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.159	0.266	0.425
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.019	0.021	0.040
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	0.206	0.238	0.444
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	0.057	0.031	0.088
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.154	0.182
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.469	0.710	1.179
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.071	0.093
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.028	0.004	0.028
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.023	0.084	0.023
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.084		1.347
		างเส	U. ၁ 5ა	0.794	1.347

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Input Data				
Road type	4D				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	23500				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	20				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	1				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	2				
Other driveways	2				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.27	0.70	0.98	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.5	4.9	

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541	
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008	
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028	
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134	
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049	
Subtotal	0.223	0.584	0.807	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007	
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110	
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025	
Collision with pedestrian	0.018		0.018	
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005	
Subtotal	0.049	0.119	0.168	
Total	0.272	0.703	0.975	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		_	
ntersection type	3ST	Collision Type	
ADTmajor	23500	Total	
ADTminor	740		
ntersection Lighting	Not Present		_
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:			
lumber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Head-on collision	
lumber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Angle collision Sideswipe	
		·	
Data for signalized intersections only:		Other multiple-vehicle collision	
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Subtotal	
	-	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
lumber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	
lumber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian Collision with bicycle	
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.46	0.65	1.11	

	Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.163	0.259	0.422		
Head-on collision	0.017	0.014	0.031		
Angle collision	0.133	0.154	0.287		
Sideswipe	0.049	0.024	0.073		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.138	0.163		
Subtotal	0.387	0.589	0.976		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.053	0.075		
Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.002	0.005		
Collision with pedestrian	0.022		0.022		
Collision with bicycle	0.017		0.017		
Subtotal	0.068	0.063	0.131		
Total	0.455	0.652	1.107		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	4D
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2
AADT (veh/day)	23500
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.26	0.67	0.93	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7	

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.176	0.365	0.541	
Head-on collision	0.004	0.004	0.008	
Angle collision	0.008	0.020	0.028	
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.123	0.134	
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.001	0.003	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.039	0.049	
Subtotal	0.211	0.552	0.763	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007	
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.097	0.110	
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.012	0.013	0.025	
Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017	
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005	
Subtotal	0.048	0.119	0.167	
Total	0.259	0.671	0.930	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	22750
AADTminor	500
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.68	1.24	1.92	

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.277	0.562	0.839	
Head-on collision	0.030	0.035	0.065	
Angle collision	0.213	0.284	0.497	
Sideswipe	0.061	0.037	0.098	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.034	0.246	0.280	
Subtotal	0.615	1.164	1.779	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.066	0.084	
Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003	
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.003	0.003	0.006	
Collision with pedestrian	0.010		0.010	
Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028	
Subtotal	0.062	0.076	0.138	
Total	0.677	1.240	1.917	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	4D				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.6				
AADT (veh/day)	22000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	20				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	2				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Total	0.72	1.86	2.58					
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.3					

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.485	0.998	1.483				
Head-on collision	0.012	0.011	0.023				
Angle collision	0.023	0.054	0.077				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.029	0.336	0.365				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.006	0.002	0.008				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.028	0.107	0.135				
Subtotal	0.586	1.514	2.100				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.022	0.022				
Collision with fixed object	0.036	0.282	0.318				
Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.034	0.037	0.071				
Collision with pedestrian	0.048		0.048				
Collision with bicycle	0.013		0.013				
Subtotal	0.133	0.347	0.480				
Total	0.719	1.861	2.580				

Total 1.80

Total

0.675 0.047 0.450 0.107 0.278 1.557

0.000 0.002 0.147 0.017 0.005 0.010 0.036 0.028 0.245 1.802

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
AADTmajor	22000	Total	0.64	1.16
AADTminor	2770			
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Campiation factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.218	0.457
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.023	0.024
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.178	0.272
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.065	0.042
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.034	0.244
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.518	1.039
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.043	0.104
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.012
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		_	0.002	0.003
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision		0.004
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.036	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.028	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.120	0.125
		Total	0.638	1.164

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Input Data					
Road type	4D					
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7					
AADT (veh/day)	22000					
Type of on-street parking	None					
Land use	Residential/Other					
Curb length with on-street parking						
Median width (ft)	20					
Lighting	Not Present					
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present					
Major commercial driveways	0					
Minor commercial driveways	0					
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0					
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0					
Major residential driveways	0					
Minor residential driveways	0					
Other driveways	0					
Speed Category	31					
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1					
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30					
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00					

Summary Results								
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Total	0.84	2.16	3.00					
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.1	4.3					

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.566	1.164	1.730				
Head-on collision	0.014	0.012	0.026				
Angle collision	0.027	0.063	0.090				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.034	0.392	0.426				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.007	0.002	0.009				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.033	0.125	0.158				
Subtotal	0.681	1.758	2.439				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.025	0.025				
Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.328	0.370				
Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.040	0.044	0.084				
Collision with pedestrian	0.056		0.056				
Collision with bicycle	0.015		0.015				
Subtotal	0.155	0.403	0.558				
Total	0.836	2.161	2.997				

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	21000	Total	0.83	1.79	2.62
AADTminor	7500				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Cambration factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.271	0.697	0.968
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	0.029	0.036	0.065
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.221	0.415	0.636
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.081	0.063	0.144
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.372	0.414
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.644	1.583	2.227
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.001	0.001
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004
Type of left-turn signal phasing	#Error	Collision with fixed object	0.070	0.171	0.241
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.008	0.019	0.027
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		·			
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.004	0.005	0.009
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.010	0.006	0.016
·	-	Collision with pedestrian	0.053		0.053
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.040		0.040
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.185	0.206	0.391
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.829	1.789	2.618

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane on mapped bypassalignment alternative	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 9:35 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	Center Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	4D				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	20000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	20				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

	Summary F	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.21	0.55	0.76	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.8	3.8	

Crash Severity Distribution							
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.143	0.291	0.434				
Head-on collision	0.003	0.003	0.006				
Angle collision	0.007	0.016	0.023				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.009	0.098	0.107				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.000	0.002				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.008	0.031	0.039				
Subtotal	0.172	0.439	0.611				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007				
Collision with fixed object	0.012	0.090	0.102				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.011	0.012	0.023				
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014				
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004				
Subtotal	0.042	0.111	0.153				
Total	0.214	0.550	0.764				

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.14	0.34	0.47
AADT (veh/day)	13000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.4	4.7
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I	Callinian Time	Crash Severity I		Total
curb length with on-street parking	Hottestorial	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ledian width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.050	0.131	0.181
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.005	0.001	0.006
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.006	0.013	0.019
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.001	0.005	0.006
inor commercial driveways	2	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.005	0.009	0.014
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.002	0.009	0.011
inor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.111	0.256	0.367
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.005	0.006
Other driveways	1	Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.061	0.076
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
loadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.013	0.018
offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	11	Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.025	0.080	0.105
		Total	0.136	0.336	0.472

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data	Summary Results				
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	13000	Total	0.38	0.51	0.89
AADTminor	500		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatai and injury	Property Damage Omy	TOTAL
		Rear-end collision	0.132	0.189	0.321
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.014	0.010	0.024
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.108	0.112	0.220
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.040	0.017	0.057
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.020	0.101	0.121
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.314	0.429	0.743
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.028	0.068	0.096
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.008	0.011
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002	0.006
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.018	0.002	0.018
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.014		0.018
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.004	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.068	0.081	0.149
		Total	0.382	0.510	0.892

			General Information		
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Input Data	Summary Results				
toad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.22	0.56	0.78
ADT (veh/day)	13000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.8	3.9
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
ırb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
edian width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	0.407	0.070	2.225
yhting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.107	0.278	0.385
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.010	0.001	0.011
jor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.012	0.028	0.040
nor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.011	0.013
•	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.011	0.020	0.031
jor industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.019	0.023
nor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.164	0.392	0.556
ajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	3	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
her driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.033	0.128	0.161
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	72		0.011	0.027	0.038
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	13	Other single-vehicle collision		0.027	
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.004		0.004
		Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003
		Subtotal	0.052	0.168	0.220
		Total	0.216	0.560	0.776

Intersection red light cameras

Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes

Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection

Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian

Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection

Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft

Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited

0.022

0.008

0.020

0.027

0.072

0.411

4.887

0.016

0.005

0.008

0.226

3.255

Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM		
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section		
State	Wisconsin	Highway					
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	Input Data			Summary Re	esults		
Intersection type	9	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor		18000	Total	1.63	3.26	4.89	
AADTminor		13000					
Intersection Ligh	ating	Present	Crash Severity Distribution				
J		1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Calibration facto	or, CI	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
			Rear-end collision	0.651	1.463	2.114	
Data for unsign	alized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.071	0.091	0.162	
Number of majo	r-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.502	0.739	1.241	
Number of majo	r-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.143	0.097	0.240	
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.080	0.639	0.719	
Data for signali	zed intersections only:		Subtotal	1.447	3.029	4.476	
Number of appro	paches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of appro	paches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of appro	paches with left-turn signal phasing	0	·				
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	a.3a. ka		Collision with fixed object	0.065	0.197	0.262	

General Information

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Collision with other object

Other single-vehicle collision

Single-vehicle noncollision

Collision with pedestrian

Collision with bicycle

Subtotal

Total

0.006

0.003

0.012

0.027

0.072

0.185

1.632

Not Present

50

3

0

Not Present

0

0

			General Information		
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Input Data		Summary Results			
oad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	1.01	2.68	3.69
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.8	5.3
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other	Collision Tune	Crash Severity I		Total
b length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	15	Rear-end collision	0.594	1.551	2.145
nting	Not Present				
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.055	0.008	0.063
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.069	0.158	0.227
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.012	0.062	0.074
·	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.059	0.110	0.169
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.024	0.106	0.130
or industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.820	2.010	2.830
jor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
or residential driveways	1	Collision with animal	0.004	0.044	0.048
er driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.111	0.510	0.621
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.002	0.009	0.011
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	64	Other single-vehicle collision	0.037	0.109	0.146
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	20	•	0.018	0.100	0.018
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian			
		Collision with bicycle	0.015		0.015
		Subtotal	0.187	0.672	0.859
		Total	1.007	2.682	3.689

			General Information		
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Input Data		Summary Results				
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.42	0.73	1.15	
AADTminor	2000		Crash Severity I	Diotribution		
Intersection Lighting	Present	O-Water Torr	-		T-4-1	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
		Rear-end collision	0.144	0.280	0.424	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:						
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Head-on collision	0.015	0.015	0.030	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.118	0.167	0.285	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	ı	Sideswipe	0.043	0.025	0.068	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.022	0.149	0.171	
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.342	0.636	0.978	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.077	0.108	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.008	0.012	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.003	0.007	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.023	0.000	0.023	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.018		0.018	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.082	0.092	0.174	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited						
		Total	0.424	0.728	1.152	

			General Information		
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Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.14	0.37	0.52
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.7	5.2
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only	Total
Curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	T dual and injury	Troporty Bamage Gmy	1000
Median width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.081	0.210	0.291
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.008	0.001	0.009
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.009	0.021	0.030
lajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010
linor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.008	0.015	0.023
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.014	0.017
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.118	0.283	0.401
Лаjor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	1	Collision with animal	0.001	0.006	0.007
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.069	0.084
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	40	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.015	0.020
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	16	Collision with pedestrian	0.003		0.003
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.026	0.091	0.117
		Total	0.144	0.374	0.518

			General Information		
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.53	0.71	1.24
ADTminor	500		Overla Overvita I	N-4-9- (1	
tersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.188	0.272	0.460
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.020	0.014	0.034
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.153	0.162	0.315
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.056	0.025	0.081
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.029	0.145	0.174
ata for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.446	0.618	1.064
lumber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.030	0.073	0.103
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.008	0.012
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.002	0.004
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.025	0.005	0.007
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	•			
lumber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.019	0.000	0.019
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.084	0.088	0.172
		Total	0.530	0.706	1.236

			General Information		
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Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.29	0.75	1.04
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.7	5.2
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	O-Biston Tons	Crash Severity I		Tatal
Curb length with on-street parking	nstitutional	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
/ledian width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056
lajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018
linor commercial driveways	1	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.246	0.584	0.830
flajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	4	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	16	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	22	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211
		Total	0.292	0.749	1.041

			General Information			
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Collision Type Total Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision Subtotal	Fatal and Injury 0.70 Crash Severity E Fatal and Injury 0.239 0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037 0.567	Property Damage Only 1.20 Distribution Property Damage Only 0.463 0.024 0.276 0.042 0.247	0.702 0.050 0.470 0.113
Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	Crash Severity E Fatal and Injury 0.239 0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	Distribution Property Damage Only 0.463 0.024 0.276 0.042	1.91 Total 0.702 0.050 0.470 0.113 0.284
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.239 0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	0.463 0.024 0.276 0.042	0.702 0.050 0.470 0.113
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.239 0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	0.463 0.024 0.276 0.042	0.702 0.050 0.470 0.113
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.239 0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	0.463 0.024 0.276 0.042	0.702 0.050 0.470 0.113
Rear-end collision Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	0.024 0.276 0.042	0.050 0.470 0.113
Head-on collision Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.026 0.194 0.071 0.037	0.024 0.276 0.042	0.050 0.470 0.113
Angle collision Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.194 0.071 0.037	0.276 0.042	0.470 0.113
Sideswipe Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.071 0.037	0.042	0.113
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037		
·		0.247	0.284
Subtotal	0.567		
	0.001	1.052	1.619
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.126	0.178
•	0.006	0.014	0.020
•	0.003	0.003	0.006
-			0.012
-		0.000	0.039
·			0.039
·		0.454	
			0.287 1.906
	Collision with other object Other single-vehicle collision Single-vehicle noncollision Collision with pedestrian Collision with bicycle Subtotal	Collision with other object 0.006 Other single-vehicle collision 0.003 Single-vehicle noncollision 0.007 Collision with pedestrian 0.039 Collision with bicycle 0.029 Subtotal 0.136	Collision with other object 0.006 0.014 Other single-vehicle collision 0.003 0.003 Single-vehicle noncollision 0.007 0.005 Collision with pedestrian 0.039 Collision with bicycle 0.029

			General Information		
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Input Data	Summary Results				
pad type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.30	0.76	1.06
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.8	5.3
e of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4.11. d	
nd use	Residential/Other	O. Pictor T	Crash Severity I		T. (.)
urb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529
nting	Not Present	Head-on collision		0.002	0.529
omated speed enforcement	Not Present		0.014 0.017	0.002	0.016
or commercial driveways	0	Angle collision			
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032
or residential driveways	1	Subtotal	0.253	0.598	0.851
or residential driveways	3	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012
ed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	16	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	22	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005
bration ractor, or		Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211
		Total	0.299	0.763	1.062

			General Information		
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•					

Input Data	Summary Results				
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	27000	Total	1.64	3.12	4.77
ADTminor	19000		Curali Carravita I	Diadatha di an	
ntersection Lighting	Present	Callinian Tona	Crash Severity I		Tatal
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.662	1.412	2.074
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.072	0.088	0.160
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.511	0.713	1.224
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.146	0.094	0.240
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.081	0.617	0.698
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	1.472	2.924	4.396
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	4	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.173	0.223
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.014	0.019
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	·			
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.007	0.016
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.033		0.033
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1.000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.070		0.070
,		Subtotal	0.170	0.199	0.369
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Total	1.642	3.123	4.765

			General Information		
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Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.25	0.66	0.91
AADT (veh/day)	29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I	O.B. C. T.	Crash Severity I		7-1-1
curb length with on-street parking	nstitutional	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ledian width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.162	0.427	0.589
ghting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.015	0.002	0.017
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.019	0.043	0.062
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020
inor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.016	0.030	0.046
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.029	0.035
inor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.221	0.548	0.769
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008
ther driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.085	0.100
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
oadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.018	0.023
iffset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.030	0.111	0.141
		Total	0.251	0.659	0.910

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data		Summary Results				
ntersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ADTmajor	29000	Total	0.30	0.30	0.60	
ADTminor	100					
tersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution		
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
		Rear-end collision	0.114	0.120	0.234	
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.012	0.006	0.018	
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.093	0.072	0.165	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.034	0.011	0.045	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.018	0.064	0.082	
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.271	0.273	0.544	
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.008	0.020	0.028	
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003	
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.000	0.001	0.001	
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.001	0.001	0.001	
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	-	0.012	0.001	0.002	
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian				
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.009		0.009	
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.031	0.024	0.055	
ambo. o. approaches for which terrores prompted		Total	0.302	0.297	0.599	

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM	'
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Input Data		Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.76	1.98	2.74	
AADT (veh/day)	29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1	
ype of on-street parking	None					
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only	Total	
curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
ledian width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767	
ighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052	
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187	
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061	
inor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140	
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106	
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.666	1.647	2.313	
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
inor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024	
ther driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300	
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005	
oadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069	
ffset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014	
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011	
		Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423	
		Total	0.755	1.981	2.736	

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				

Fatal and Injury	Summary Results			
	Property Damage Only	Total		
0.74	0.99	1.73		
Crash Severity I	Dietribution			
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
i atai and injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
0.271	0.401	0.672		
0.029	0.021	0.050		
0.221	0.239	0.460		
0.081	0.036	0.117		
on 0.042	0.214	0.256		
0.644	0.911	1.555		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.001	0.001		
0.027	0.068	0.095		
0.003	0.007	0.010		
n 0.001	0.002	0.003		
0.004	0.002	0.006		
0.035	0.002	0.035		
	0.000	0.027		
		0.177 1.732		
	0.027 0.097 0.741	0.097 0.080		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary Results		
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.78	2.02	2.80
AADT (veh/day)	29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.6	6.7	9.3
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
urb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ledian width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
ghting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052
·	0	Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187
ajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061
nor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140
ajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106
nor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.686	1.689	2.375
ajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
inor residential driveways	2		0.002	0.022	0.024
ther driveways	0	Collision with animal			
peed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300
padside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069
fset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011
		Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423
		Total	0.775	2.023	2.798

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Future No Build (2NB)	Analysis Date	6/29/2011 2:53 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	29000	Total	1.93	3.65	5.58
ADTminor	25000		Carala Carravita I	Dia fully anti-any	
ntersection Lighting	Present	O. W. Co. T.	Crash Severity I		T. (.)
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.782	1.651	2.433
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.085	0.103	0.188
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.603	0.834	1.437
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.172	0.109	0.281
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.096	0.721	0.817
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	1.738	3.418	5.156
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	2	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.057	0.200	0.257
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.006	0.016	0.022
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	·			
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.011	0.008	0.019
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.036		0.036
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.082		0.082
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.195	0.229	0.424
uniber of approaches for which KTOK is profibiled	U	Total	1.933	3.647	5.580

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1				
AADT (veh/day)	13000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	2				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

	Summary R	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.11	0.27	0.37	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.1	2.7	3.7	

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.042	0.110	0.152		
Head-on collision	0.004	0.001	0.005		
Angle collision	0.005	0.011	0.016		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.001	0.004	0.005		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.004	0.008	0.012		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.002	0.008	0.010		
Subtotal	0.086	0.201	0.287		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.000	0.004	0.004		
Collision with fixed object	0.013	0.051	0.064		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.004	0.011	0.015		
Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002		
Collision with bicycle	0.001		0.001		
Subtotal	0.020	0.067	0.087		
Total	0.106	0.268	0.374		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	13000	Total	0.22	0.30	0.52
AADTminor	500				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.077	0.110	0.187
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	4	- Head-on collision	0.008	0.006	0.014
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.062	0.065	0.127
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.023	0.010	0.033
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.012	0.059	0.071
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.182	0.250	0.432
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.016	0.040	0.056
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.004	0.006
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.001	0.003
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.040	0.047	0.087
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.222	0.297	0.519

Total

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.17	0.45
AADT (veh/day)	13000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.2
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only
Curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		. roporty zamago omy
Median width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.085	0.220
Lighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.008	0.001
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.010	0.022
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.009
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.009	0.016
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.015
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.131	0.311
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Minor residential driveways	3	Collision with animal	0.001	0.009
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.102
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.022
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.003	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002	
		Subtotal	0.041	0.135
		Total	0.172	0.446

r acar arra mjarj	r roporty Damage omy	. otal					
0.17	0.45	0.62					
0.9	2.2	3.1					
Crash Severity I	Distribution						
Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
0.085	0.220	0.305					
0.008	0.001	0.009					
0.010	0.022	0.032					
0.002	0.009	0.011					
0.009	0.016	0.025					
0.003	0.015	0.018					
0.131	0.311	0.442					
0.001	0.009	0.010					
0.026	0.102	0.128					
0.000	0.002	0.002					
0.009	0.022	0.031					
0.003		0.003					
0.002		0.002					
0.041	0.135	0.176					
0.172	0.446	0.618					
	0.9 Crash Severity I Fatal and Injury 0.085 0.008 0.010 0.002 0.009 0.003 0.131 0.001 0.026 0.000 0.009 0.003 0.002 0.009 0.003 0.002 0.002	Crash Severity Distribution Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only 0.085 0.220 0.008 0.001 0.010 0.022 0.002 0.009 0.009 0.016 0.003 0.015 0.131 0.311 0.001 0.009 0.026 0.102 0.009 0.002 0.009 0.022 0.003 0.002 0.003 0.002 0.0041 0.135					

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	18000
AADTminor	13000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	3
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	1.55	3.10	4.65		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.620	1.393	2.013			
Head-on collision	0.067	0.087	0.154			
Angle collision	0.478	0.704	1.182			
Sideswipe	0.136	0.092	0.228			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.076	0.609	0.685			
Subtotal	1.377	2.885	4.262			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with fixed object	0.061	0.187	0.248			
Collision with other object	0.006	0.015	0.021			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.012	0.007	0.019			
Collision with pedestrian	0.027		0.027			
Collision with bicycle	0.068		0.068			
Subtotal	0.177	0.214	0.391			
Total	1.554	3.099	4.653			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Input Data				
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7				
AADT (veh/day)	18000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Residential/Other				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	10				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	1				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.87	2.31	3.18			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.512	1.337	1.849			
Head-on collision	0.048	0.007	0.055			
Angle collision	0.060	0.136	0.196			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.011	0.053	0.064			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.051	0.095	0.146			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.020	0.091	0.111			
Subtotal	0.708	1.732	2.440			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.003	0.038	0.041			
Collision with fixed object	0.096	0.439	0.535			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.008	0.009			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.032	0.094	0.126			
Collision with pedestrian	0.016		0.016			
Collision with bicycle	0.013		0.013			
Subtotal	0.161	0.579	0.740			
Total	0.869	2.311	3.180			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.42	0.73	1.15
AADTminor	2000				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.144	0.280	0.424
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.015	0.015	0.030
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.118	0.167	0.285
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.043	0.025	0.068
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.022	0.149	0.171
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.342	0.636	0.978
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.031	0.077	0.108
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.008	0.012
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.003	0.007
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.023	0.000	0.023
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.018		0.018
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.082	0.092	0.174
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					2
		Total	0.424	0.728	1.152

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data				
Road type	2U			
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1			
AADT (veh/day)	18000			
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional			
Curb length with on-street parking				
Median width (ft)	10			
Lighting	Not Present			
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present			
Major commercial driveways	0			
Minor commercial driveways	0			
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Major residential driveways	0			
Minor residential driveways	1			
Other driveways	0			
Speed Category	31			
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1			
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30			
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00			

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.13	0.34	0.47		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7		

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.074	0.191	0.265
Head-on collision	0.007	0.001	0.008
Angle collision	0.009	0.019	0.028
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.007	0.013	0.020
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.013	0.016
Subtotal	0.108	0.258	0.366
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005
Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.063	0.077
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.013	0.018
Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002
Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
Subtotal	0.023	0.082	0.105
Total	0.131	0.340	0.471

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.46	0.61	1.06
AADTminor	500		0 10 "	N. 4 11 - 41	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
,		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.162	0.234	0.396
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.012	0.029
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.132	0.139	0.271
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.021	0.069
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.125	0.150
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.384	0.531	0.915
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.063	0.089
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002	0.006
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.022	0.002	0.022
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.016		0.016
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.072	0.075	0.010
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited					
		Total	0.456	0.606	1.062

Total 1.04 5.2

Total

0.529 0.016 0.056 0.018 0.042 0.032 0.830

0.012 0.152 0.002 0.036 0.005 0.004 0.211 1.041

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.29	0.75	
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.5	3.7	
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	Crash Severity I	Distribution Property Damage Only	
Curb length with on-street parking		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	, acai and injury	Troporty Damage City	
Median width (ft)	10	Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	_
Lighting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.017	0.039	
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	
Minor commercial driveways	1	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.246	0.584	
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Minor residential driveways	4	Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	
Speed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		
		Subtotal	0.046	0.165	
		Total	0.292	0.749	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type
AADTmajor	18000	Total
AADTminor	2000	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Rear-end collision
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Head-on collision
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Angle collision
		Sideswipe
B. (Other multiple-vehicle collision
Data for signalized intersections only: Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	_ Subtotal
•	•	Single-Vehicle Collisions
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.70	1.20	1.91	

	Crash Severity	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.239	0.463	0.702
Head-on collision	0.026	0.024	0.050
Angle collision	0.194	0.276	0.470
Sideswipe	0.071	0.042	0.113
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	0.247	0.284
Subtotal	0.567	1.052	1.619
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.126	0.178
Collision with other object	0.006	0.014	0.020
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
Collision with pedestrian	0.039		0.039
Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Subtotal	0.136	0.151	0.287
Total	0.703	1.203	1.906

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data				
Road type	2U			
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2			
AADT (veh/day)	18000			
Type of on-street parking	None			
Land use	Residential/Other			
Curb length with on-street parking				
Median width (ft)	15			
Lighting	Not Present			
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present			
Major commercial driveways	0			
Minor commercial driveways	0			
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0			
Major residential driveways	0			
Minor residential driveways	3			
Other driveways	0			
Speed Category	31			
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1			
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30			
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00			

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.27	0.70	0.96	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.8	

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529	
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016	
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056	
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018	
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032	
Subtotal	0.221	0.530	0.751	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012	
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152	
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036	
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005	
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004	
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211	
Total	0.267	0.695	0.962	

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	27000
AADTminor	19000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	4
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	1.64	3.12	4.77	

Crash Severity Distribution				
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Rear-end collision	0.662	1.412	2.074	
Head-on collision	0.072	0.088	0.160	
Angle collision	0.511	0.713	1.224	
Sideswipe	0.146	0.094	0.240	
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.081	0.617	0.698	
Subtotal	1.472	2.924	4.396	
Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.173	0.223	
Collision with other object	0.005	0.014	0.019	
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008	
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.007	0.016	
Collision with pedestrian	0.033		0.033	
Collision with bicycle	0.070		0.070	
Subtotal	0.170	0.199	0.369	
Total	1.642	3.123	4.765	

Input Data

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

•	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1
AADT (veh/day)	29000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.66	0.91			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.162	0.427	0.589			
Head-on collision	0.015	0.002	0.017			
Angle collision	0.019	0.043	0.062			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.016	0.030	0.046			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.029	0.035			
Subtotal	0.221	0.548	0.769			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008			
Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.085	0.100			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.018	0.023			
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005			
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004			
Subtotal	0.030	0.111	0.141			
Total	0.251	0.659	0.910			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data			
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal
AADTmajor	29000	Total	
AADTminor	500		
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Cras
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
		Rear-end collision	(
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		_ Head-on collision	(
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Angle collision	(
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Sideswipe	(
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	(
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	(
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	`
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	(
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	`
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	`
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	`
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	(
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	,

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.53	0.78	1.32		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.152	0.261	0.413			
Head-on collision	0.018	0.021	0.039			
Angle collision	0.198	0.233	0.431			
Sideswipe	0.055	0.031	0.086			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.027	0.151	0.178			
Subtotal	0.450	0.697	1.147			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.072	0.094			
Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010			
Collision with pedestrian	0.028		0.028			
Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023			
Subtotal	0.084	0.085	0.169			
Total	0.534	0.782	1.316			

Input Data

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
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Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	29000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.76	1.98	2.74			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767		
Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052		
Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106		
Subtotal	0.666	1.647	2.313		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024		
Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300		
Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069		
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014		
Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011		
Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423		
Total	0.755	1.981	2.736		

Total 1.73

Total

0.672 0.050 0.460 0.117 0.256 1.555

0.000 0.001 0.095 0.010 0.003 0.006 0.035 0.027 0.177 1.732

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data		Summary Results		
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
AADTmajor	29000	Total	0.74	0.99
AADTminor	500			
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution
Calibration factor. Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Campitation factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.271	0.401
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.029	0.021
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.221	0.239
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.081	0.036
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.214
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.644	0.911
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive			0.068
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.027	-1
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.003	0.007
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002
• ,	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.035	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.027	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.097	0.080
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.741	0.991

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
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Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3
AADT (veh/day)	29000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	2
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.78	2.02	2.80			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.6	6.7	9.3			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767			
Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052			
Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106			
Subtotal	0.686	1.689	2.375			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024			
Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069			
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014			
Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011			
Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423			
Total	0.775	2.023	2.798			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane On-Alignment (2On)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:46 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	29000
AADTminor	25000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	2
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	1.93	3.65	5.58		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.782	1.651	2.433			
Head-on collision	0.085	0.103	0.188			
Angle collision	0.603	0.834	1.437			
Sideswipe	0.172	0.109	0.281			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.096	0.721	0.817			
Subtotal	1.738	3.418	5.156			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with fixed object	0.057	0.200	0.257			
Collision with other object	0.006	0.016	0.022			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.011	0.008	0.019			
Collision with pedestrian	0.036		0.036			
Collision with bicycle	0.082		0.082			
Subtotal	0.195	0.229	0.424			
Total	1.933	3.647	5.580			

Input Data

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.4
AADT (veh/day)	13000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	10
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.32	0.84	1.15			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.8	2.1	2.9			

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.172	0.440	0.612
Head-on collision	0.016	0.002	0.018
Angle collision	0.020	0.045	0.065
Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.018	0.022
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.017	0.031	0.048
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.007	0.030	0.037
Subtotal	0.236	0.566	0.802
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with animal	0.002	0.018	0.020
Collision with fixed object	0.051	0.204	0.255
Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
Other single-vehicle collision	0.017	0.044	0.061
Collision with pedestrian	0.006		0.006
Collision with bicycle	0.005		0.005
Subtotal	0.082	0.269	0.351
Total	0.318	0.835	1.153

Total

2.69

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		<u> </u>	Summary R	esuits
Intersection type	3SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.90	
AADTminor	13000			
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribut
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope
outstation factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.427	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.030	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.218	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.059	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.044	
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.778	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive		0.050	
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object		
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	Collision with other object	0.007	
	3	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.016	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.014	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.119	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Total	0.897	

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.427	0.893	1.320
Head-on collision	0.030	0.033	0.063
Angle collision	0.218	0.334	0.552
Sideswipe	0.059	0.052	0.111
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.044	0.324	0.368
Subtotal	0.778	1.636	2.414
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.142	0.192
Collision with other object	0.007	0.011	0.018
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.016	0.002	0.018
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014
Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Subtotal	0.119	0.158	0.277
Total	0.897	1.794	2.691

Property Damage Only

1.79

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.5
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Residential/Other
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

	Summary F	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.62	1.64	2.26	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.2	3.3	4.5	

	Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
Rear-end collision	0.366	0.955	1.321
Head-on collision	0.034	0.005	0.039
Angle collision	0.043	0.097	0.140
Sideswipe, same direction	0.008	0.038	0.046
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.037	0.068	0.105
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.015	0.065	0.080
Subtotal	0.503	1.228	1.731
Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Collision with animal	0.002	0.027	0.029
Collision with fixed object	0.069	0.313	0.382
Collision with other object	0.001	0.005	0.006
Other single-vehicle collision	0.023	0.067	0.090
Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011
Collision with bicycle	0.009		0.009
Subtotal	0.115	0.412	0.527
Total	0.618	1.640	2.258

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
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State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary F	Results		
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.70	1.20	1.91
AADTminor	2000				
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I		
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.239	0.463	0.702
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.026	0.024	0.050
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.194	0.276	0.470
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.071	0.042	0.113
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	0.247	0.284
Data for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.567	1.052	1.619
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.126	0.178
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.006	0.014	0.020
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.039	0.000	0.039
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·		0.454	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.136	0.151	0.287
		Total	0.703	1.203	1.906

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1
AADT (veh/day)	18000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/ nstitutional
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	15
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	1
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

	Summary R	Results		
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.13	0.34	0.47	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.4	4.7	

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.074	0.191	0.265		
Head-on collision	0.007	0.001	0.008		
Angle collision	0.009	0.019	0.028		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.002	0.008	0.010		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.007	0.013	0.020		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.003	0.013	0.016		
Subtotal	0.108	0.258	0.366		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.000	0.005	0.005		
Collision with fixed object	0.014	0.063	0.077		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.013	0.018		
Collision with pedestrian	0.002		0.002		
Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002		
Subtotal	0.023	0.082	0.105		
Total	0.131	0.340	0.471		

Total 1.06

Total

0.396 0.029 0.271 0.069 0.150 0.915

0.000 0.001 0.089 0.010 0.003 0.006 0.022 0.016 0.147 1.062

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.46	0.61
AADTminor	500			
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only
Cambration factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.162	0.234
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.012
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.132	0.139
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.021
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.125
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.384	0.531
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive			
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.063
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.003	0.007
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002
• •	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.022	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.016	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.072	0.075
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.456	0.606

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2				
AADT (veh/day)	18000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	1				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	3				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

	Summary Results					
Collision Type	Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only Total					
Total	0.29	0.74	1.02			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.4	3.7	5.1			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529		
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016		
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032		
Subtotal	0.240	0.571	0.811		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012		
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036		
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005		
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004		
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211		
Total	0.286	0.736	1.022		

			General Information		
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State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results
Intersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope
AADTmajor	18000	Total	0.70	
AADTminor	2000			
Intersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribut
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Prope
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		
		Rear-end collision	0.239	
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.026	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.194	
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.071	
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	
Data for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.567	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions		
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive			
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object	0.052	
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Collision with other object	0.006	
•		Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.039	
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.029	
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.136	
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited				
		Total	0.703	

Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Total	0.70	1.20	1.91					
	Crash Severity I	Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total					
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions								
Rear-end collision	0.239	0.463	0.702					
Head-on collision	0.026	0.024	0.050					
Angle collision	0.194	0.276	0.470					
Sideswipe	0.071	0.042	0.113					
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.037	0.247	0.284					
Subtotal	0.567	1.052	1.619					
Single-Vehicle Collisions								
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000					
Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003					
Collision with fixed object	0.052	0.126	0.178					
Collision with other object	0.006	0.014	0.020					
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003	0.006					
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.005	0.012					
Collision with pedestrian	0.039		0.039					
Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029					
Subtotal	0.136	0.151	0.287					
Total	0.703	1.203	1.906					

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		
Road type	2U	Collision Type
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (cras
Type of on-street parking	None	
Land use	Residential/Other	Callinian Tons
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type
Median width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehic
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collisi
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision
Major commercial driveways	0	Angle collision
•	0	Sideswipe, sam
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, oppo
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-v
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	_	Subtotal
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle
Minor residential driveways	3	Collision with ar
Other driveways	0	Collision with fix
Speed Category	31	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with ot
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-veh
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pe
3		Collision with bid
		Subtotal

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.27	0.70	0.96			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.3	3.5	4.8			

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.147	0.382	0.529			
Head-on collision	0.014	0.002	0.016			
Angle collision	0.017	0.039	0.056			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.015	0.018			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.015	0.027	0.042			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.026	0.032			
Subtotal	0.221	0.530	0.751			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.001	0.011	0.012			
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.125	0.152			
Collision with other object	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.009	0.027	0.036			
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005			
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004			
Subtotal	0.046	0.165	0.211			
Total	0.267	0.695	0.962			

			General Information		
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Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Intersection type	4SG				
AADTmajor	27000				
AADTminor	19000				
Intersection Lighting	Present				
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00				
Data for unsignalized intersections only:					
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0				
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0				
Data for signalized intersections only:					
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4				
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4				
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	4				
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive				
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present				
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50				
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4				
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0				
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present				
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8				
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0				

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	1.65	3.12	4.77		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.662	1.412	2.074			
Head-on collision	0.072	0.088	0.160			
Angle collision	0.511	0.713	1.224			
Sideswipe	0.146	0.094	0.240			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.081	0.617	0.698			
Subtotal	1.472	2.924	4.396			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.173	0.223			
Collision with other object	0.005	0.014	0.019			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.007	0.016			
Collision with pedestrian	0.037		0.037			
Collision with bicycle	0.070		0.070			
Subtotal	0.174	0.199	0.373			
Total	1.646	3.123	4.769			

Input Data

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Road type	2U
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.1
AADT (veh/day)	29000
Type of on-street parking	None
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional
Curb length with on-street parking	
Median width (ft)	20
Lighting	Not Present
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present
Major commercial driveways	0
Minor commercial driveways	0
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0
Major residential driveways	0
Minor residential driveways	0
Other driveways	0
Speed Category	31
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.25	0.66	0.91			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.162	0.427	0.589		
Head-on collision	0.015	0.002	0.017		
Angle collision	0.019	0.043	0.062		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.016	0.030	0.046		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.029	0.035		
Subtotal	0.221	0.548	0.769		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008		
Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.085	0.100		
Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.018	0.023		
Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005		
Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004		
Subtotal	0.030	0.111	0.141		
Total	0.251	0.659	0.910		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		_
Intersection type	4ST	Collision Type
AADTmajor	29000	Total
AADTminor	500	
Intersection Lighting	Not Present	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type
		Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	2	Head-on collision
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	2	Angle collision
		Sideswipe
Data for signalized interpretions only		Other multiple-vehicle collision
Data for signalized intersections only: Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Subtotal
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with parked vehicle
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with animal
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Collision with other object
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Other single-vehicle collision
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian
	0	Collision with bicycle
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	U	Subtotal
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total

Summary Results					
Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only Total					
Total	0.53	0.78	1.32		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.152	0.261	0.413			
Head-on collision	0.018	0.021	0.039			
Angle collision	0.198	0.233	0.431			
Sideswipe	0.055	0.031	0.086			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.027	0.151	0.178			
Subtotal	0.450	0.697	1.147			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002			
Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.072	0.094			
Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010			
Collision with pedestrian	0.028		0.028			
Collision with bicycle	0.023		0.023			
Subtotal	0.084	0.085	0.169			
Total	0.534	0.782	1.316			

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data					
Road type	2U				
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3				
AADT (veh/day)	29000				
Type of on-street parking	None				
Land use	Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional				
Curb length with on-street parking					
Median width (ft)	15				
Lighting	Not Present				
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present				
Major commercial driveways	0				
Minor commercial driveways	0				
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0				
Major residential driveways	0				
Minor residential driveways	0				
Other driveways	0				
Speed Category	31				
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1				
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30				
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00				

	Summary F	Results	•	
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Total	0.76	1.98	2.74	
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1	

	Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767			
Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052			
Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187			
Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061			
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106			
Subtotal	0.666	1.647	2.313			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024			
Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300			
Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069			
Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014			
Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011			
Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423			
Total	0.755	1.981	2.736			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	3ST
AADTmajor	29000
AADTminor	500
Intersection Lighting	Not Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.74	0.99	1.73		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.271	0.401	0.672		
Head-on collision	0.029	0.021	0.050		
Angle collision	0.221	0.239	0.460		
Sideswipe	0.081	0.036	0.117		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.214	0.256		
Subtotal	0.644	0.911	1.555		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001		
Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.068	0.095		
Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002	0.006		
Collision with pedestrian	0.035		0.035		
Collision with bicycle	0.027		0.027		
Subtotal	0.097	0.080	0.177		
Total	0.741	0.991	1.732		

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary F	Results			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.78	2.02	2.80	
AADT (veh/day)	29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.6	6.7	9.3	
Type of on-street parking	None			5		
Land use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity			
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total	
Median width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions				
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767	
	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052	
Automated speed enforcement		Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187	
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061	
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140	
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106	
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.686	1.689	2.375	
Major residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions				
Minor residential driveways	2	Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024	
Other driveways	0					
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005	
	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069	
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014	
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011	
		Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423	

Total 0.775 2.023 2.798

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane County D to County X (2DX)	Analysis Date	7/6/2011 1:33 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	29000
AADTminor	25000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	2
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results					
Collision Type Fatal and Injury Property Damage Only Total					
Total	1.93	3.65	5.58		

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.782	1.651	2.433		
Head-on collision	0.085	0.103	0.188		
Angle collision	0.603	0.834	1.437		
Sideswipe	0.172	0.109	0.281		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.096	0.721	0.817		
Subtotal	1.738	3.418	5.156		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Collision with fixed object	0.057	0.200	0.257		
Collision with other object	0.006	0.016	0.022		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008		
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.011	0.008	0.019		
Collision with pedestrian	0.036		0.036		
Collision with bicycle	0.082		0.082		
Subtotal	0.195	0.229	0.424		
Total	1.933	3.647	5.580		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane Pebble Creek (2PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:29 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.5	Total	0.44
AADT (veh/day)	14000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9
Type of on-street parking	None		Cupals Savavite
Land use	Residential/Other	Collision Type	Crash Severity Fatal and Injury
Curb length with on-street parking			ratai and injury
Median width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.242
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.023
·		Angle collision	0.028
Major commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.005
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.332
Major residential driveways	0		0.332
Minor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Other driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.002
Speed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.065
•	1	Collision with other object	0.001
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	·	Other single-vehicle collision	0.022
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.008
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.006
		Subtotal	0.104
		Total	0.104
		Lotal	0.436

Summary Results						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Total	0.44	1.16	1.59			
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.3	3.2			

Crash Severity Distribution					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
Rear-end collision	0.242	0.625	0.867		
Head-on collision	0.023	0.003	0.026		
Angle collision	0.028	0.063	0.091		
Sideswipe, same direction	0.005	0.025	0.030		
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.024	0.044	0.068		
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.043	0.053		
Subtotal	0.332	0.803	1.135		
Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Collision with animal	0.002	0.023	0.025		
Collision with fixed object	0.065	0.267	0.332		
Collision with other object	0.001	0.005	0.006		
Other single-vehicle collision	0.022	0.057	0.079		
Collision with pedestrian	0.008		0.008		
Collision with bicycle	0.006		0.006		
Subtotal	0.104	0.352	0.456		
Total	0.436	1.155	1.591		

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis N ame	Reconstructed Two-Lane Pebble Creek (2PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:29 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Intersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor	14000	Total	0.72	1.45	2.16
AADTminor	10000				
Intersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Campitation factor, Of	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.277	0.647	0.924
Data for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.030	0.040	0.070
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.214	0.327	0.541
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.061	0.043	0.104
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.034	0.283	0.317
Data for signalized intersections only:		- Subtotal	0.616	1.340	1.956
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.032	0.092	0.124
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.026	0.001	0.026
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.032		0.032
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal		0.105	0.206
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0		0.101		
		Total	0.717	1.445	2.162

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane Pebble Creek (2PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:29 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal
Length of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	
AADT (veh/day)	14000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	
Type of on-street parking	None		
Land use	Residential/Other	Callinian Town	Cras
Curb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal
Median width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	
Lighting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	ı
Automated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	1
·	0	Angle collision	ı
Major commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	1
Minor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	1
Major industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	1
Minor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	ı
Major residential driveways	1	Single-Vehicle Collisions	
Minor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	-
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	ı
Speed Category	31	·	
Roadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	'
Offset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	(
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with pedestrian	ı
2		Collision with bicycle	1
		Subtotal	

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	0.63	1.67	2.30		
Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.4	3.3		

	Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total				
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions							
Rear-end collision	0.338	0.874	1.212				
Head-on collision	0.031	0.004	0.035				
Angle collision	0.039	0.089	0.128				
Sideswipe, same direction	0.007	0.035	0.042				
Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.034	0.062	0.096				
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.013	0.060	0.073				
Subtotal	0.487	1.176	1.663				
Single-Vehicle Collisions							
Collision with animal	0.003	0.032	0.035				
Collision with fixed object	0.091	0.373	0.464				
Collision with other object	0.001	0.006	0.007				
Other single-vehicle collision	0.030	0.080	0.110				
Collision with pedestrian	0.011		0.011				
Collision with bicycle	0.009		0.009				
Subtotal	0.145	0.491	0.636				
Total	0.632	1.667	2.299				

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			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Reconstructed Two-Lane Pebble Creek (2PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:29 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	
Intersection type	4SG
AADTmajor	22000
AADTminor	14000
Intersection Lighting	Present
Calibration factor, Ci	1.00
Data for unsignalized intersections only:	
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0
Data for signalized intersections only:	
Number of approaches with left-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with right-turn lanes	4
Number of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	4
Type of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive
Intersection red light cameras	Not Present
Sum of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50
Maximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	5
Number of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0
Schools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present
Number of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0
Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0

Summary Results					
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Total	1.22	2.37	3.59		

Crash Severity Distribution						
Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
Multiple-Vehicle Collisions						
Rear-end collision	0.487	1.066	1.553			
Head-on collision	0.053	0.066	0.119			
Angle collision	0.376	0.539	0.915			
Sideswipe	0.107	0.071	0.178			
Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.060	0.466	0.526			
Subtotal	1.083	2.208	3.291			
Single-Vehicle Collisions						
Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.137	0.179			
Collision with other object	0.004	0.011	0.015			
Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.004	0.006			
Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013			
Collision with pedestrian	0.030		0.030			
Collision with bicycle	0.053		0.053			
Subtotal	0.139	0.157	0.296			
Total	1.222	2.365	3.587			

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
oad type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.4	Total	0.25	0.67	0.92
ADT (veh/day)	13000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.6	1.7	2.3
pe of on-street parking	None		0 10 "	5. 4 H - 4	
nd use	Residential/Other	O. W. Co. T. Co.	Crash Severity I		7.4.1
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.165	0.220	0.485
nting	Not Present			0.320	
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.004	0.003	0.007
or commercial driveways	0 0 0	Angle collision	0.008	0.017	0.025
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.108	0.118
or industrial/institutional driveways		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.000	0.002
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.010	0.034	0.044
·	0	Subtotal	0.199	0.482	0.681
jor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways		Collision with animal	0.000	0.012	0.012
ner driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.017	0.150	0.167
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.003	0.004
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.016	0.020	0.036
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.017		0.017
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004
		Subtotal	0.055	0.185	0.240
		Total	0.254	0.667	0.921

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX) Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No E	Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary Re	esults	
Intersection type		3SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		18000	Total	0.90	1.79	2.69
AADTminor		13000				
Intersection Lighti	ing	Present		Crash Severity D		
Calibration factor,	, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
			Rear-end collision	0.427	0.893	1.320
	alized intersections only:	0	Head-on collision	0.030	0.033	0.063
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.218	0.334	0.552	
	0	Sideswipe	0.059	0.052	0.111	
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.044	0.324	0.368
	ed intersections only:		Subtotal	0.778	1.636	2.414
Number of approa	aches with left-turn lanes	2	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of approa	aches with right-turn lanes	2	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of approa	aches with left-turn signal phasing	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn s	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.142	0.192
Intersection red lig	ght cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.007	0.011	0.018
Sum of all pedest	rian crossing volumes	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
Maximum numbe	r of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.016	0.002	0.018
Number of bus sto	ops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	G		0.002	0.016
Schools within 1,0	000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.014		
Number of alcoho	ol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.029		0.029
Number of approa	aches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.119	0.158	0.277
		-	Total	0.897	1.794	2.691

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
pad type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.5	Total	0.47	1.22	1.68
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.4	3.4
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.312	0.630	0.942
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.008	0.007	0.015
·		Angle collision	0.015	0.034	0.049
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.019	0.212	0.231
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.004	0.001	0.005
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.018	0.068	0.086
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.376	0.952	1.328
jor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	0.070	0.002	1.020
nor residential driveways	0		0.000	0.047	0.047
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.017	0.017
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.215	0.241
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
,	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.024	0.029	0.053
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)		Collision with pedestrian	0.031		0.031
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008
		Subtotal	0.090	0.265	0.355
		Total	0.466	1.217	1.683

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	esults	
ntersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.47	0.81	1.28
ADTminor	2000		Crash Severity I	Diatribution.	
tersection Lighting	Not Present	O. Water T			T - 1 - 1
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.161	0.312	0.473
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.016	0.033
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.131	0.186	0.317
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.028	0.076
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.167	0.192
ata for signalized intersections only:		_ Subtotal	0.382	0.709	1.091
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.085	0.120
tersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.009	0.013
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
aximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.026	0.000	0.026
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.020		0.020
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	•		0.404	
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal Total	0.092 0.474	0.101 0.810	0.193 1.284

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.1	Total	0.10	0.24	0.34
AADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.4	3.4
ype of on-street parking	None				
and use	Commercial/Industrial/I	O.B. C. T.	Crash Severity I		T-1-1
curb length with on-street parking	nstitutional	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ledian width (ft)	20	Rear-end collision	0.062	0.126	0.188
ghting	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.002	0.001	0.003
utomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Angle collision	0.003	0.007	0.010
lajor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.004	0.042	0.046
linor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.001	0.000	0.001
lajor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.004	0.013	0.017
linor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.076	0.189	0.265
lajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
linor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.003	0.003
Other driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.006	0.042	0.048
peed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001
coadside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.006	0.011
ffset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.006		0.006
alibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.002		0.002
		Subtotal	0.019	0.052	0.071
		Total	0.095	0.241	0.336

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX) Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No E	Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary R	esults	
Intersection type	9	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		18000	Total	0.31	0.41	0.72
AADTminor		500				
Intersection Ligh	ntina	Not Present		Crash Severity D	istribution	
Calibration factor	-	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
Calibration facto	, O	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
			Rear-end collision	0.109	0.158	0.267
Data for unsign	nalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.012	0.008	0.020
Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes		1	Angle collision	0.089	0.094	0.183
Number of majo	r-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.033	0.014	0.047
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.017	0.084	0.101
Data for signal	ized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.260	0.358	0.618
Number of appr	oaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of appre	oaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of appre	oaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.018	0.042	0.060
Intersection red	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.002	0.005	0.007
Sum of all pedes	strian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.001	0.002
Maximum numb	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.002	0.002	0.004
Number of bus	stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.002	0.002	0.004
Schools within 1	,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.015		0.013
Number of alcoh	nol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	·	0.011	0.051	0.100
Number of appre	oaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal			
			Total	0.309	0.409	0.718

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

		Summary F	Results	
4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
0.2	Total	0.19	0.50	0.69
18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.5	3.5
None				
Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	-		Total
			. reporty Damage Ciny	- Total
20	Rear-end collision	0.125	0.252	0.377
Not Present	Head-on collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
Not Present	Angle collision	0.006	0.014	0.020
0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.008	0.085	0.093
1	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.000	0.002
0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.007	0.027	0.034
0	Subtotal	0.156	0.393	0.549
0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
1	Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007
0	Collision with fixed object	0.011	0.086	0.097
31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003
1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.011	0.021
30	Collision with pedestrian	0.013		0.013
1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.003
	Subtotal	0.038	0.106	0.144
	Total	0.194	0.499	0.693
	0.2 18000 None Commercial/Industrial/Institutional 20 Not Present Not Present 0 1 0 0 1 0 31 1 1 30	18000 Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) None Commercial/Industrial/Institutional 20 Rear-end collision Not Present Head-on collision Not Present Angle collision 0 Sideswipe, same direction 1 Sideswipe, opposite direction 0 Other multiple-vehicle collision 0 Single-Vehicle Collisions 1 Collision with animal 0 Collision with fixed object 31 Collision with other object 1 Other single-vehicle collision 30 Collision with pedestrian 1.00 Collision with bicycle Subtotal	AD	AD Collision Type

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
ntersection type	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	18000	Total	0.47	0.81	1.28
ADTminor	2000				
tersection Lighting	Not Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
anoration factor, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.161	0.312	0.473
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.017	0.016	0.033
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	1	Angle collision	0.131	0.186	0.317
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	1	Sideswipe	0.048	0.028	0.076
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.167	0.192
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.382	0.709	1.091
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
lumber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.035	0.085	0.120
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.004	0.009	0.013
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.002	0.004
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		_			
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.005	0.003	0.008
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.026		0.026
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.020		0.020
	-	Subtotal	0.092	0.101	0.193
lumber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited		Total	0.474	0.810	1.284

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data		Summary Results			
oad type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.2	Total	0.19	0.49	0.68
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	1.0	2.4	3.4
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other	Crash Severity Distribution			
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20 Not Present Not Present 0 0 0 0 1 0	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
nting		Rear-end collision	0.125	0.252	0.377
omated speed enforcement		Head-on collision	0.003	0.003	0.006
or commercial driveways		Angle collision	0.006	0.014	0.020
or commercial driveways		Sideswipe, same direction	0.008	0.085	0.093
·		Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.002	0.000	0.002
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.007	0.027	0.034
or industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.152	0.384	0.536
jor residential driveways		Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways		Collision with animal	0.000	0.007	0.007
ner driveways		Collision with fixed object	0.011	0.086	0.097
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.002	0.003
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.010	0.011	0.021
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.013	3.311	0.013
Calibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.003		0.013
		•		0.400	
		Subtotal	0.038	0.106	0.144
		Total	0.190	0.490	0.680

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)) Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No E	Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
Input Data				Summary Re	esults	
Intersection type		4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		27000	Total	1.65	3.12	4.77
AADTminor		19000		Consta Constitut D	induite add a se	
Intersection Ligh	ting	Present	O. W. C. T	Crash Severity D		T-4-1
Calibration factor	r, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
				0.000	4.440	0.074
Data for unaign	alized intersections only:		Rear-end collision	0.662	1.412	2.074
	r-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Head-on collision	0.072	0.088	0.160
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		0	Angle collision	0.511	0.713	1.224
Number of major	Toda approaches with right turn lanes	U	Sideswipe	0.146	0.094	0.240
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.081	0.617	0.698
	zed intersections only:		Subtotal	1.472	2.924	4.396
Number of appro	paches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of appro	paches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of appro	paches with left-turn signal phasing	4	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Protected Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.050	0.173	0.223
Intersection red I	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.005	0.014	0.019
Sum of all pedes	strian crossing volumes	50	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008
Maximum numbe	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	5	· ·			
Number of bus s	tops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.009	0.007	0.016
Schools within 1.	,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.039		0.039
	ol sale establishments within 1,000ft	1-8	Collision with bicycle	0.070		0.070
	paches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.176	0.199	0.375
mullibel of apple	pacties for which KTOK is profibiled	U	Total	1.648	3.123	4.771

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary Results				
2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total			
0.1	Total	0.25	0.66	0.91			
29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.5	6.6	9.1			
None							
Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type	-		Total			
	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
15	Rear-end collision	0.162	0.427	0.589			
Not Present	Head-on collision	0.015	0.002	0.017			
Not Present	Angle collision	0.019	0.043	0.062			
0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.003	0.017	0.020			
0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.016	0.030	0.046			
0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.006	0.029	0.035			
0	Subtotal	0.221	0.548	0.769			
0	Single-Vehicle Collisions						
0	Collision with animal	0.001	0.007	0.008			
0	Collision with fixed object	0.015	0.085	0.100			
31	Collision with other object	0.000	0.001	0.001			
1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.005	0.018	0.023			
30	Collision with pedestrian	0.005		0.005			
1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.004		0.004			
	Subtotal	0.030	0.111	0.141			
	Total	0.251	0.659	0.910			
	0.1 29000 None Commercial/Industrial/Institutional 15 Not Present Not Present 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 31 1 1 30	O.1 29000 Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) None Commercial/Industrial/Institutional 15 Rear-end collision Not Present Head-on collision OSideswipe, same direction OSideswipe, opposite direction OOther multiple-vehicle collisions OSideswipe OSideswipe OOther multiple-vehicle collision OSideswipe OOther multiple-vehicle collision	Collision Type	Collision Type			

Number of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited

Oitii	•	Tontage	Noau	(2033)	
			7/01	2/2014	

			General Information					
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)) Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM			
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No E	Build volumes used.		
State	Wisconsin	Highway						
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction						
	Input Data			Summary Results				
Intersection type)	4ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
AADTmajor		29000	Total	0.53	0.78	1.32		
AADTminor		500						
Intersection Ligh	iting	Not Present		Crash Severity D	istribution			
Calibration facto	r Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total		
Cambration lacto	., 01	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions					
			Rear-end collision	0.152	0.261	0.413		
Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes			Head-on collision	0.018	0.021	0.039		
		2	Angle collision	0.198	0.233	0.431		
Number of major	Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		Sideswipe	0.055	0.031	0.086		
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.027	0.151	0.178		
Data for signali	zed intersections only:	_	Subtotal	0.450	0.697	1.147		
Number of appro	paches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions					
Number of appro	paches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Number of appro	paches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.002	0.002		
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.022	0.072	0.094		
Intersection red	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.006	0.009		
Sum of all pedes	strian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.001	0.003		
Maximum numb	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.006	0.004	0.010		
Number of bus s	stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.028	0.004	0.018		
Schools within 1	,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.028		0.028		
Number of alcoh	ol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.023	0.085	0.023		
			SURVINO	шихд	111185	HITMU		

HiSAFE v1.0 1 of 1

0.084

0.534

0.085

0.782

0.169

1.316

Subtotal

Total

Analyst Mat					
Analyst Mat	att Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency Stra	rand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State Wis	isconsin I	Highway			
Region/Area SE	Region	Jurisdiction			

2U 0.3 29000 None Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional 20 Not Present	Collision Type Total Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions Rear-end collision	Fatal and Injury 0.76 2.5 Crash Severity [Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only 1.98 6.6 Distribution Property Damage Only	Total 2.74 9.1
29000 None Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year) Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	2.5 Crash Severity [6.6 Distribution	9.1
None Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Crash Severity [Distribution	
Commercial/Industrial/I nstitutional 20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
nstitutional 20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	, a.a., a		Total
Not Present	Mear-end comsion	0.486	1.281	1.767
	Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052
Not Present	Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187
0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061
0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140
0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106
0	Subtotal	0.666	1.647	2.313
0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
0	Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024
0	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300
31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069
30	Collision with pedestrian	0.014		0.014
1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011
	Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423
	Total	0.755	1.981	2.736
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 31 1 1	Angle collision O Sideswipe, same direction O Other multiple-vehicle collision O Subtotal O Single-Vehicle Collisions O Collision with animal O Collision with other object 1 Other single-vehicle collision 30 Collision with pedestrian 1.00 Collision with bicycle Subtotal	Angle collision 0.057 O Sideswipe, same direction 0.010 O Sideswipe, opposite direction 0.049 O Other multiple-vehicle collision 0.019 Subtotal 0.666 Single-Vehicle Collisions Collision with animal 0.002 Collision with fixed object 0.046 Collision with other object 0.001 O Other single-vehicle collision 0.015 Collision with pedestrian 0.014 Collision with bicycle 0.089	Angle collision 0.057 0.130 Sideswipe, same direction 0.010 0.051 O Sideswipe, opposite direction 0.049 0.091 O Other multiple-vehicle collision 0.019 0.087 O Subtotal 0.666 1.647 O Single-Vehicle Collisions

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	7/22/2011	

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)) Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No E	Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
Input Data				Summary Re	esults	
Intersection type)	3ST	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		29000	Total	0.74	0.99	1.73
AADTminor		500		0		
Intersection Ligh	nting	Not Present	O-Pictor T	Crash Severity D		T-1-1
Calibration factor	r, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			<u>·</u>	0.074	0.404	0.070
Data fan umainm			Rear-end collision	0.271	0.401	0.672
Data for unsignalized intersections only: Number of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		0	Head-on collision	0.029	0.021	0.050
			Angle collision	0.221	0.239	0.460
Number of majo	i-load approaches with right-turn lailes	ı	Sideswipe	0.081	0.036	0.117
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.042	0.214	0.256
Data for signali	zed intersections only:		Subtotal	0.644	0.911	1.555
	paches with left-turn lanes	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
Number of appro	paches with right-turn lanes	0	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of appro	paches with left-turn signal phasing		Collision with animal	0.000	0.001	0.001
Type of left-turn	signal phasing	Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.027	0.068	0.095
Intersection red	light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.003	0.007	0.010
Sum of all pedes	strian crossing volumes		Other single-vehicle collision	0.001	0.002	0.003
Maximum numb	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian		Single-vehicle noncollision	0.004	0.002	0.006
Number of bus s	stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Collision with pedestrian	0.035	0.002	0.035
Schools within 1	,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	·			0.035
Number of alcoh	ool sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.027	2.222	
Number of appro	paches for which RTOR is prohibited		Subtotal	0.097	0.080	0.177
Number of approaches for which KTOK is prohibited			Total	0.741	0.991	1.732

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	2U	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.3	Total	0.78	2.02	2.80
ADT (veh/day)	29000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	2.6	6.7	9.3
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	10	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions		4 004	4 707
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.486	1.281	1.767
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.045	0.007	0.052
jor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.057	0.130	0.187
nor commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.010	0.051	0.061
	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.049	0.091	0.140
jor industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.019	0.087	0.106
nor industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.686	1.689	2.375
ajor residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	2	Collision with animal	0.002	0.022	0.024
her driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.046	0.254	0.300
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.015	0.054	0.069
fset to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.013	0.007	0.014
libration Factor, Cr	1.00	·			
		Collision with bicycle	0.011		0.011
		Subtotal	0.089	0.334	0.423
		Total	0.775	2.023	2.798

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane County D to County X (4DX)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 3:00 PM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section - 2035 No Build volumes used.
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	29000	Total	1.93	3.65	5.58
ADTminor	25000		Carala Carravita I	Dia fully anti-any	
ntersection Lighting	Present	O. W. Co. T.	Crash Severity I		T. (.)
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
		Rear-end collision	0.782	1.651	2.433
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.085	0.103	0.188
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.603	0.834	1.437
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.172	0.109	0.281
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.096	0.721	0.817
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	1.738	3.418	5.156
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	2	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.057	0.200	0.257
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present	Collision with other object	0.006	0.016	0.022
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	·			
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	3	Other single-vehicle collision	0.003	0.005	0.008
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.011	0.008	0.019
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.036		0.036
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.082		0.082
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.195	0.229	0.424
uniber of approaches for which KTOK is profibiled	U	Total	1.933	3.647	5.580

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane Pebble Creek (4PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:47 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary R	Results	
pad type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ngth of segment, L (mi)	0.5	Total	0.47	1.22	1.68
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.4	3.4
oe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.312	0.630	0.942
omated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.008	0.007	0.015
·		Angle collision	0.015	0.034	0.049
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.019	0.212	0.231
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.004	0.001	0.005
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.018	0.068	0.086
or industrial/institutional driveways	0	Subtotal	0.376	0.952	1.328
or residential driveways	0	Single-Vehicle Collisions	0.070	0.002	1.020
or residential driveways	0		0.000	0.047	0.047
er driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.017	0.017
eed Category	31	Collision with fixed object	0.026	0.215	0.241
	1	Collision with other object	0.001	0.004	0.005
dside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	30	Other single-vehicle collision	0.024	0.029	0.053
et to roadside fixed objects (ft)		Collision with pedestrian	0.031		0.031
bration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.008		0.008
		Subtotal	0.090	0.265	0.355
		Total	0.466	1.217	1.683

			General Information			
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane Pebble Creek (4PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:47 AM	
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section	
State	Wisconsin	Highway				
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction				
	Input Data			Summary Ro	esults	
Intersection type		4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
AADTmajor		18000	Total	0.93	1.82	2.75
AADTminor		10000		Cural Carreit D	tadulla di an	
Intersection Light	ting	Present	Callinian Town	Crash Severity D		Takal
Calibration factor	r, Ci	1.00	Collision Type Multiple-Vehicle Collisions	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
			Rear-end collision	0.366	0.819	1.185
Data for unsigna	alized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.040	0.051	0.091
	-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.282	0.414	0.696
Number of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes		0	Sideswipe	0.080	0.054	0.090
			Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.045	0.358	0.403
Data for signaliz	zed intersections only:		Subtotal	0.813	1.696	2.509
	aches with left-turn lanes	4		0.013	1.090	2.309
Number of appro	aches with right-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
Number of appro	aches with left-turn signal phasing	2	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	
Type of left-turn s	signal phasing	Protected Permissive		0.000 0.036	0.000 0.110	0.000 0.146
Intersection red li	ight cameras	Not Present	Collision with fixed object			
Sum of all pedest	trian crossing volumes	50	Collision with other object	0.003	0.009	0.012
Maximum numbe	er of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	4	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
Number of bus st	tops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.007	0.004	0.011
Schools within 1,	000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with pedestrian	0.026		0.026
Number of alcoho	ol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Collision with bicycle	0.040		0.040
	aches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Subtotal	0.114	0.126	0.240
. amoor or appro	22.133 for Willott CT OT to profilottou	Ŭ	Total	0.927	1.822	2.749

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane Pebble Creek (4PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:47 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data	Summary Results				
Road type	4D	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ength of segment, L (mi)	0.7	Total	0.66	1.72	2.38
ADT (veh/day)	18000	Crash rate (crashes/mi/year)	0.9	2.5	3.4
pe of on-street parking	None				
nd use	Residential/Other		Crash Severity I		
rb length with on-street parking		Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
dian width (ft)	20	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
hting	Not Present	Rear-end collision	0.438	0.881	1.319
tomated speed enforcement	Not Present	Head-on collision	0.011	0.009	0.020
jor commercial driveways	0	Angle collision	0.021	0.048	0.069
or commercial driveways	0	Sideswipe, same direction	0.026	0.297	0.323
·	0	Sideswipe, opposite direction	0.005	0.001	0.006
or industrial/institutional driveways		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.025	0.095	0.120
or industrial/institutional driveways		Subtotal	0.532	1.347	1.879
jor residential driveways	1	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
nor residential driveways	0	Collision with animal	0.000	0.023	0.023
ner driveways	0	Collision with fixed object	0.037	0.301	0.338
eed Category	31	Collision with other object	0.002	0.006	0.008
adside fixed object density (fixed objects/mi)	1	Other single-vehicle collision	0.035	0.040	0.075
set to roadside fixed objects (ft)	30	Collision with pedestrian	0.044		0.044
ibration Factor, Cr	1.00	Collision with bicycle	0.012		0.012
		·		0.370	
		Subtotal	0.130		0.500
		Total	0.662	1.717	2.379

			General Information		
Analyst	Matt Tronnes	Analysis Name	Four-Lane Pebble Creek (4PC)	Analysis Date	6/28/2011 11:47 AM
Agency	Strand Associates, Inc.	Project Number	1089.286	Comments	South Section
State	Wisconsin	Highway			
Region/Area	SE Region	Jurisdiction			

Input Data			Summary F	Results	
ntersection type	4SG	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
ADTmajor	19000	Total	1.10	2.17	3.27
ADTminor	18000				
ntersection Lighting	Present		Crash Severity I	Distribution	
alibration factor, Ci	1.00	Collision Type	Fatal and Injury	Property Damage Only	Total
anotation laster, or	1.00	Multiple-Vehicle Collisions			
		Rear-end collision	0.433	0.975	1.408
ata for unsignalized intersections only:		Head-on collision	0.047	0.061	0.108
umber of major-road approaches with left-turn lanes	0	Angle collision	0.334	0.492	0.826
umber of major-road approaches with right-turn lanes	0	Sideswipe	0.095	0.065	0.160
		Other multiple-vehicle collision	0.053	0.426	0.479
ata for signalized intersections only:		Subtotal	0.962	2.019	2.981
umber of approaches with left-turn lanes	4	Single-Vehicle Collisions			
umber of approaches with right-turn lanes	4	Collision with parked vehicle	0.000	0.000	0.000
umber of approaches with left-turn signal phasing	4	Collision with animal	0.000	0.000	0.000
ype of left-turn signal phasing	Protected Permissive	Collision with fixed object	0.042	0.130	0.172
ntersection red light cameras	Not Present				
um of all pedestrian crossing volumes	50	Collision with other object	0.004	0.010	0.014
laximum number of lanes crossed by a pedestrian	5	Other single-vehicle collision	0.002	0.003	0.005
umber of bus stops within 1,000ft of the intersection	0	Single-vehicle noncollision	0.008	0.005	0.013
•		Collision with pedestrian	0.034		0.034
chools within 1,000ft of the intersection	Not Present	Collision with bicycle	0.048		0.048
umber of alcohol sale establishments within 1,000ft	0	Subtotal	0.138	0.148	0.286
umber of approaches for which RTOR is prohibited	0	Total	1.100	2.167	3.267

COORDINATION PLAN For AGENCY AND PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

As part of the Environmental Review Process for West Waukesha Bypass I-94 to WIS 59 Waukesha County, WI WisDOT Project I.D. 2788-01-00



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration



Wisconsin Department of Transportation



Waukesha County Department of Public Works

Previous Version May 2010 (Update #1 February 2012)

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Appendix
A Formal Dispute Resolution Process

Revision History

This Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement ("Coordination Plan") is intended to be a dynamic document that will be available to stakeholders and updated as appropriate throughout the duration of the project. Below is a record of substantive changes made to this document.

The Lead Agencies will make the Coordination Plan available to other agencies and the public in the ways identified in Section 1.1. The Coordination Plan will be revised when important agency contact information changes (Table 2.3), when important coordination activities or actions described in the Plan change, or when the project schedule substantially changes (Table 4.1). Revisions and changes to the Plan will be communicated to agencies in a timely manner and shared with the public in ways identified in Section 1.1. Revisions or changes that impact Plan commitments made by other agencies must be agreeable to the affected agencies. Other revisions and changes to the Plan, not affecting commitments made by other agencies, will be forwarded to Cooperating and Participating Agencies for their acknowledgement and comment.

Coordination Plan Version	Date of Change	Revision Description
Original Version May 2010	February 2012	Section 2.3 (Table 2.3)—Updated agency contact list and coordination/participating agency status Section 4.1 (Table 4.1)—Updated project schedule
		Section 7, (Table 7.1) —Updated list of project meetings

Section 1: Introduction

1.1 Purpose of Coordination Plan

This project's environmental review process must insure that environmental information is available to public officials and citizens before decisions are made and before actions are taken. The purpose of this Coordination Plan is to communicate how and when the lead agencies will coordinate public and agency participation and comment in the environmental review process for the West Waukesha Bypass project.

This Coordination Plan outlines how the lead agencies have divided responsibilities for compliance with various aspects of the environmental review process such as the issuance of invitation letters, and how the lead agencies will provide opportunities for input from the public and other agencies. The Coordination Plan also identifies concurrence points and project milestones, and establishes a schedule of meetings and timeframes for input and review by the Participating and Cooperating Agencies, as well as by the public, Indian Tribes of Wisconsin and other Tribal interests.

This plan will be shared with the Federal, State, and local agencies, local units of government, and Indian Tribes who have expressed interest in the proposed project. Copies of the draft Coordination Plan will be sent to the interested parties for review and comment. A copy of the completed Coordination plan will be shared with the public through the project website, at public information meetings, or by request. The Plan will be updated as necessary to reflect substantive changes to information contained in the Plan. Any changes will be documented in the Plan, agencies will have updated copies sent to them, and the public will be notified through the project website, at public information meetings, or by request.

This Coordination Plan is prepared and implemented to establish an environmental review process that conforms to requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), and specifically to comply with Section 6002 of the 2005 federal transportation bill, *Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users* (SAFETEA-LU).

1.2 Project Background

Waukesha County, in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for transportation improvements between IH-94 and WIS 59 on the west side of the City of Waukesha. The transportation improvements are being proposed to address growing local and regional traffic volumes, and to enhance traffic flow and safety. The objective is to provide a north-south link between IH-94 and WIS 59 that will complete the existing partial circumferential "beltline" around the City of Waukesha.

Several regional land use and transportation system plans prepared by the Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) have included a West Waukesha Bypass. Most recently, the 2035 Regional Transportation System Plan for Southeastern Wisconsin (Planning Report 49, June 2006) includes a bypass corridor between I-94 and WIS 59 that would use a combination of Meadowbrook Road/Merrill Hills Road to a point north of Sunset Drive where it would then be on new alignment to the WIS 59 intersection with County X.

The regional planning process considers the potential of more efficient land use and expanded public transit, systems management, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and demand management to first alleviate traffic congestion (a transportation system management plan). Highway improvements, such as the recommended West Waukesha Bypass, were only then considered to address any residual congestion. As a result the EIS for this study will incorporate, by reference, the modal evaluation of the regional planning process.

Waukesha County plans and the official map for the City of Waukesha also include this same bypass alignment. Waukesha County's official map shows this alignment as a result of a study in 1990-1991 that assessed the need for the West Waukesha Bypass and reviewed several different alignments before ultimately selecting the Meadowbrook Road/Merrill Hills Road alignment.

The EIS will evaluate alternatives for providing a north-south arterial highway between IH-94 and WIS 59 using a combination of existing highways and new alignments. It will also evaluate a no build alternative. The EIS, prepared under NEPA, is a full disclosure document that details how the project was developed. It includes project purpose and need, alternatives considered, description of the affected environment, environmental consequences of the proposed action, and the result of coordination with agencies and the public. The EIS also demonstrates compliance with other applicable environmental laws and regulations and is made available for review by agencies and the public.

If a build alternative is selected at the conclusion of the EIS process, a new roadway link between IH-94 and WIS 59 is anticipated to be designated as a State Trunk Highway. Design and construction would be done as a joint effort by the City of Waukesha, Waukesha County, and WisDOT.

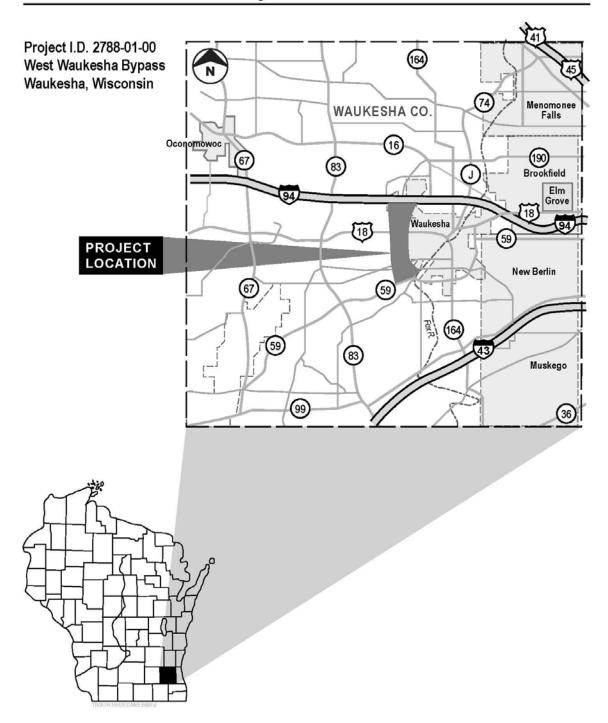
1.3 Agency Coordination Prior to the Coordination Plan

The initial draft Coordination Plan was distributed to local officials and state review agencies on May 25, 2010, to federal review agencies on June 8, 2010, and to Native American Tribes on June 15, 2010 along with invitations to become participating or cooperating agencies in the environmental process for the West Waukesha Bypass study. Agency coordination prior to distribution of the Coordination Plan included the following:

- Waukesha County assembled a community sensitive solutions (CSS) advisory committee made up of residents, business owners, community groups, and local, state and federal agency representatives. The committee met in March and May 2010 to discuss preliminary aspects of the West Waukesha Bypass corridor study. Representatives from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) attended the March, 2010 meeting and a representative from the USACE attended the May, 2010 meeting.
- Waukesha County met with DNR and the WisDOT SE Region wetland ecologist in March, 2010 to brief
 them on the bypass study, to discuss the Pebble Creek corridor, and to discuss potential threatened
 and endangered species that may be present in the study area.

1.4 Project Vicinity Map

Project Location



Section 2: Agency Roles – Lead/Cooperating/Participating

2.1 Agency Definitions and Responsibilities

The standard responsibilities for each Lead, Cooperating, and Participating Agency invited to participate in the environmental review process for this project are as follows:

Lead Agency: USDOT-Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) is the Federal Lead Agency. The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) and Waukesha County are the Joint Lead Agencies for this project. Joint Lead Agencies are responsible for managing the environmental review and documentation process, preparing the EIS, and providing opportunities for public and Participating/Cooperating Agency involvement.

As the Federal Lead Agency, FHWA will invite other affected or interested federal agencies and Native American Tribes to participate in the project's environmental review process. WisDOT and Waukesha County as Joint Lead Agencies can invite other affected or interested state and local agencies to participate in the process. The Joint Lead Agencies are responsible for investigating project alternatives, implementing the environmental review process and preparing the environmental document. FHWA must oversee the environmental review process and concur that the process, as implemented by the Joint Lead Agencies satisfies applicable federal laws and guidance.

Waukesha County is responsible for conducting the West Waukesha Bypass Study and for preparing the EIS in consultation with FHWA and WisDOT.

Cooperating Agency: Means any federal agency, other than a lead agency, that has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any environmental impact involved in a proposed project or project alternative. A State or local agency of similar qualifications or, when the effects are on lands of tribal interest, a Native American Tribe may, by agreement with the lead agencies, also become a Cooperating Agency.

Cooperating Agencies shall use their knowledge and expertise to assist the lead agencies in identifying issues of concern regarding the project's potential impacts, and provide meaningful and timely input throughout the environmental review process. A Cooperating Agency's failure to respond in a timely manner will be indication that the Lead Agencies have fulfilled the coordination step with the agency for that issue. Cooperating Agencies may adopt the Lead Agency's final environmental document to fulfill their environmental documentation requirements for issuing permits or other approvals. Agencies invited to be Cooperating Agencies for the West Waukesha Bypass Study are identified in Table 2.3.

Participating Agency: Participating Agencies include federal, state or local agencies that have an interest in the project. These agencies agree to identify issues of concern regarding the project's potential impacts, and provide meaningful and timely input on purpose and need, range of alternatives, and impact analysis methodologies. Agencies invited to be Participating Agencies for the West Waukesha Bypass Study are identified in Table 2.3.

2.2 DOT-DNR Cooperative Agreement

Chapter 30 of the Wisconsin Statutes (Navigable Waters, Harbors and Navigation), Section 30.2022 (Activities of Department of Transportation) establishes an alternative process for the Wisconsin Department of Transportation and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources to interact on State transportation projects. State transportation projects are coordinated with and reviewed by DNR through interdepartmental liaison procedures under the Cooperative Agreement between the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources and Wisconsin Department of Transportation. The Cooperative Agreement process engages both agencies in progressive discussions and reviews throughout development of transportation projects and culminates in a "concurrence letter" from DNR at the conclusion of final design activities. Coordination with and concurrence from DNR during this project's environmental review process precedes and supplements DNR's review and concurrence role during the final design process. WisDOT will not commence construction activities until DNR concurrence on final design is received.

Nothing in this Coordination Plan or in the SAFETEA-LU coordination process is designed or intended to replace or supplant the steps, activities or expectations expressed in the DOT-DNR Cooperative Agreement, nor does participation in this environmental review process in any way affect DNR's need or ability to perform review and provide concurrence during final design activities.

2.3 List of Agencies, Contacts, and Roles

The intent of coordination with federal, state, and local agencies as well as interested Tribes is to cooperatively identify important environmental or cultural resources and potential impacts and to resolve issues that could delay the environmental process or that could result in denial of approvals required to implement the proposed project. A more complete list of agency expectations is included in Section 3.1.

The agencies and Native American Tribes listed in Table 2.3 were identified as Lead agencies and potential Cooperating or Participating agencies for purposes of the West Waukesha Bypass environmental process. Invitations to become Cooperating or Participating agencies were sent to local officials by Waukesha County on May 25, 2010, to state review agencies by WisDOT on May 25, 2010, to federal review agencies by FHWA on June 8, 2010, and to Native American Tribes by FHWA on June 15, 2010. The status of agency responses to these invitations is noted in Table 2.3. Additional agencies can be invited and added to the list of participants at any time, as appropriate.

Table 2.3

Agency Name	Contact Person Name/Address/Phone Number	Project Role
Federal Agencies		•
Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)	Mark Chandler 525 Junction Road, Suite 8000 Madison, WI 53717 (608) 829-7514 Mark.Chandler@dot.gov	Federal Lead Agency
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)	Rebecca Graser 20711 Watertown Road, Suite F Waukesha, WI 53186 (262) 717-9531 Rebecca.M.Graser@usace.army.mil	Cooperating Agency (accepted 6/28/10)
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (US Fish & Wildlife)	Louise Clemency 2661 Scott tower Drive New Franken, WI 54229 (920) 866-1717 Louise_Clemency@fws.gov	Participating Agency (declined 8/24/10)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)	Kenneth Westlake NEPA Implementation Section (Mail Code E-19) 77 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604 (312) 886-2910 Westlake.Kenneth@epa.gov	Participating Agency (accepted 7/2/10)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)	Kathleen Kowal NEPA Implementation Section (Mail Code E-19) 77 W. Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604 (312) 353-5206 Kowal.Kathleen@epa.gov	Participating Agency (accepted 7/2/10)
U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)	Patrick Murphy 8030 Excelsior Drive, Suite 200 Madison, WI 53717 (608) 662-4422 Pat.murphy@wi.usda.gov	Participating Agency (no response)

Agency Name	Contact Person Name/Address/Phone Number	Project Role
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Richard Berg 1 Federal Drive Minneapolis, MN 55111 (612) 373-1000	Participating Agency (no response)
State Agencies		
Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT)	Doug Cain 141 NW Barstow St PO Box 798 Waukesha, WI 53187 (262) 548-5603 Douglas.Cain@dot.wi.us	Joint Lead Agency
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR)	Kristina Betzold 2300 N. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Dr. Milwaukee, WI 53212 (414) 263-8517 Kristina.Betzold@wisconsin.gov	Cooperating Agency (accepted 7/21/10)
Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR)	Michael Thompson 2300 N. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Dr. Milwaukee, WI 53212 (414) 303-3408 Michael C. Thompson@wisconsin.gov	Cooperating Agency (accepted 7/21/10)
State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO)	Michael Stevens 816 State Street Madison, WI 53706 (608) 264-6515 Michael Stevens@wisconsinhistory.org	Participating Agency (declined 6/14/10)
Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection (DATCP)	Peter Nauth 2811 Agricultural Drive PO Box 8911 Madison, WI 53708-8911 (608) 224-4650 Peter.Nauth@datcp.state.wius	Participating Agency (no response)
Native American Tribes		
Bad River Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin	Mike Wiggins, Jr., Chair PO Box 39 Odanah, WI 54861	Participating Agency (no response)
Forest County Potawatomi Community of Wisconsin	Harold "Gus" Frank Chair PO Box 340 Crandon, WI 54520	Participating Agency (no response)
Ho-Chunk Nation	Jon Greendeer President PO Box 667 Black River Falls, WI 54615	Participating Agency (no response)
Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians	Allan Shively Tribal Chairman PO Box 249 Watersmeet, WI 49969	Participating Agency (no response)

Agency Name	Contact Person Name/Address/Phone Number	Project Role
Menominee Nation	Randal Chevalier Chairperson PO Box 910 Keshena, WI 54135	Participating Agency (no response)
Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation	Steve Ortiz Chairman 16281 Q Road Mayetta, KS 66509	Participating Agency (no response)
Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin	Rose Soulier Chairwoman 88385 Pike Road Bayfield, WI 54814	Participating Agency (no response)
Sac & Fox Nation of Mississippi in lowa	Frank Blackcloud Chairman 349 Meskwaki Road Tama, IA 52339-9626	Participating Agency (no response)
Sac & Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska	Michael Dougherty Chairperson 305 North Main Reserve, KS 66434	Participating Agency (no response)
Sac & Fox Nation of Oklahoma	George Thurman Principal Chief Route 2, Box 246 Stroud, OK 74079	Participating Agency (no response)
Sokaogon Chippewa Community Mole Lake Band	Garland McGeshick Tribal Chair 3051 Sand Lake Road Crandon, WI 54520	Participating Agency (no response)
Great Lakes Intertribal Council	Michael Allen Executive Director PO Box 9 Lac du Flambeau, WI 54538 glitc@glitc.org	Participating Agency (no response)
Local Agencies/Other Interests		
Waukesha County	Gary Evans 1320 Pewaukee Road Waukesha, WI 53188 (262) 548-7740 gevans@waukeshacounty.gov	Joint Lead Agency
Southeast Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC)	Ken Yunker W239 N1812 Rockwood Drive Waukesha, WI 53187-1607 (262) 547-6722 kyunker@sewrpc.org	Participating Agency (accepted 7/25/10)
City of Waukesha	Fred Abadi 130 Delafield Street Waukesha, WI 53188 (262) 543-3596 fabadi@ci.waukesha.wi.us	Participating Agency (no response on participating agency request, but participates in monthly study team meetings)

Agency Name	Contact Person Name/Address/Phone Number	Project Role
City of Pewaukee	Scott Klein W240 N3065 Pewaukee Road Pewaukee, WI 53072 (262) 691-0770 mayor@pewaukee.wi.us	Participating Agency (accepted 5/27/10)
Town of Waukesha	Angie Van Scyoc W250S3567 Center Road Waukesha, Wisconsin 53189-7364 (262) 542-5030	Participating Agency (no response on participating agency request, but participates in monthly study team meetings)

Section 3: Concurrence and Coordination Points and Agency Responsibilities

3.1 Agency Expectations

The expectations for Lead Agencies are:

- Manage and coordinate the environmental review process, insuring that environmental information is available to public officials and citizens before decisions are made and before actions are taken.
- Prepare the environmental document in accordance with 23 CFR part 771 (FHWA Environmental Impact and Related Procedures) and 40 CFR parts 1500-1508 (Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for Implementing NEPA).
- Provide, as early as practicable but no later than the appropriate project milestone, accurate and complete project information on purpose and need, environmental resources, alternatives, and proposed impact analysis methodologies.
- Identify and involve Cooperating and Participating Agencies.
- Develop the Coordination Plan.
- Provide opportunity for public and agency involvement in defining the purpose and need, alternatives carried forward for detailed study, and selection of preferred alternative.
- Collaborate with Cooperating and Participating Agencies in determining Impact Analysis Methodologies and the level of detail for the analysis of alternatives.
- Consult with and involve Tribal governments in compliance with NEPA and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.
- Manage and facilitate the process of resolving issues.

The expectations for Cooperating Agencies are:

- Assist the Lead Agencies in identifying environmental or cultural resources of concern.
- Identify as early as practicable any issue or concern regarding the project's environmental, cultural or socioeconomic impacts.
- Identify as early as practicable any issues that could substantially delay or prevent the granting of permits or other approvals needed for the project.
- Share information that may be useful to the Joint Lead Agencies, Cooperating and Participating Agencies.
- Participate in meetings and field reviews.
- Provide timely concurrence at milestones for purpose and need, alternatives carried forward for detailed study, and selection of preferred alternative.
- Provide timely comments on the Coordination Plan, Impact Analysis Methodologies, and potential project impacts as agreed to and reflected in Section 4 of this Plan.
- Review and comment on preliminary Draft and Final EIS.
- · Participate as needed in issues resolution activities.

The expectations for Participating Agencies are:

- Assist the Lead Agencies in identifying environmental or cultural resources of concern.
- Identify as early as practicable any issue or concern regarding the project's environmental, cultural or socioeconomic impacts.
- Share information that may be useful to the Joint Lead Agencies, Cooperating and Participating Agencies.
- Participate in meetings and field reviews as appropriate and invited.
- Provide comments on purpose and need, Coordination Plan, Impact Analysis Methodologies, project alternatives and potential impacts in a timely manner, and as agreed to and reflected in Section 4 of this Plan.
- Review and comment on the Draft EIS and Final EIS.
- Participate as needed in issues resolution activities.

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3.2 Concurrence and Coordination Points, Information Requirements, and Responsibilities

To facilitate public and agency involvement in the environmental review process for the West Waukesha Bypass Study, several coordination and concurrence points have been established. Coordination points ("check-in" points for a set of activities) occur when project review activities or milestones will eventually result in important decisions affecting the environmental review process and its outcome. Concurrence points are steps in the environmental review process for which the Lead Agencies will request formal written agreement from Cooperating Agencies, and in some cases Participating Agencies, on finalizing certain decisions or outputs, and moving forward.

Coordination points will involve exchanges of information and opinions between the Lead Agencies, Participating and Cooperating Agencies, and the public. This information exchange will often be accomplished by mail or email, but may also occur through agency or public information meetings. Coordination points with agencies are typically established for the following activities:

- Project scoping activities
- Development of purpose and need statement
- Identification of the range of alternatives to be studied
- · Collaboration on Impact Analysis Methodologies
- Completion of the Draft EIS
- · Identification of the preferred alternative and the level of design detail
- Mitigation measures
- Completion of the Final EIS
- Completion of the record of decision (ROD) finalizing selection of the preferred alternative

Concurrence is a written agreement by a Cooperating or Participating Agency that the information to date is adequate to agree that the project can be advanced to the next stage of project development. Agencies agree not to revisit the previous process steps unless conditions change. Concurrence by an agency at a concurrence point does not imply that the project has been approved by that agency or that it has released its obligation to determine whether the fully developed project meets statutory review criteria. There are three formal concurrence points in the process:

- Final Purpose and Need statement for the project
- Alternatives to be carried forward for detailed study
- Selection of the preferred alternative for addressing project purpose and need

The Project Schedule in Section 4 lists the Coordination Plan's key concurrence and coordination points including which agency is responsible for activities during specific points, the information required at each point, and who is responsible for transmitting the information.

3.3 Issue Resolution Process

The Lead Agencies, Cooperating and Participating Agencies will work cooperatively to identify and resolve issues that could delay completion of the environmental review process or that could result in denial of any approvals required for the project under applicable laws. See Appendix A, the last page of this document.

Based on information received from the Lead Agencies, Cooperating and Participating Agencies shall identify as early as practicable, any issues of concern regarding the project's potential environmental, cultural or socioeconomic impacts. Issues of concern include any issues that could substantially delay or prevent concurrence, the granting of permits or other approvals needed to implement the project.

Dispute resolution will be implemented when there is failure to reach concurrence at a concurrence point or there is substantial disagreement at a critical decision point. The resolution process will first consist of an informal attempt to reach concurrence/agreement among Cooperating/Participating Agencies. Participants would include a representative of each of the Federal agencies and appropriate State agencies. Each agency shall make its best effort to resolve disputes. Within 30 days of an agency identifying non-concurrence at a critical decision point, a "dispute resolution" meeting of designated agency representatives would be convened.

Dispute resolution meetings will be convened at an agreed upon location and time. At this meeting an attempt will be made to resolve agency concerns through consensus. This may include providing information or detail not previously provided. If the concerns are resolved at this meeting, the process is ended and the concurrence is formalized in the agreed upon manner.

If a resolution cannot be achieved within 30 days following the dispute resolution meeting, and the Lead Agencies determine that all information necessary to resolve the issue has been obtained and distributed, the Lead Agencies shall notify the heads of all participating parties, the project sponsor, the Governor, the U.S. Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works, the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Council on Environmental Quality. Such notification shall also be published in the Federal Register.

The environmental review and documentation process may continue whether or not attempts to reach concurrence are successful. However, if the dispute remains unresolved, the agency in non-concurrence retains its options to elevate its concerns through existing, formalized dispute elevation procedures at the appropriate point in the environmental review or permitting process.

Section 4: Project Schedule

4.1 Project Schedule and Negotiated Timeframes

The major milestones, coordination and concurrence points in the project's environmental review process are listed in Table 4.1 along with the timeframes in which they are anticipated to occur (actual dates listed where applicable). The listed timeframes must be discussed and negotiated with Cooperating and Participating Agencies, and should not appear in this table as "final" until affected agencies agree they are appropriate and achievable. By agreeing to the timeframes listed below, agencies accept their responsibility to provide appropriate input and feedback within the allotted time.

Table 4.1

Step No.	Milestone, Coordination or Concurrence Point	Information Provided or Action Taken	Who Contacted for Response	Information or Action Requested	Number of Days to Complete Activity	Estimated Date of Completion
1	Notice of Intent (NOI) to prepare EIS and proposed project scope	NOI to prepare EIS and proposed project scope	Cooperating and Participating agencies through Federal Register notice	NOI to prepare EIS and proposed project scope published in Federal Register	7 calendar days	5/11/2010 (actual)
2	Invitation letters, draft Coordination Plan (CP) and draft Impact Analysis Methodology (IAM) sent to potential cooperating and participating agencies	Letters of invitation to be cooperating or participating agencies Draft CP and IAM	Potentially interested cooperating and participating agencies	Written acceptance or reason for non- acceptance Agency input on draft CP and IAM	30 calendar days	Invitations Sent 5/25/10-6/15/10 (actual) Responses due (7/15/10)
3	Initial Agency Scoping Meeting	Discussion of draft CP and IAM; preliminary purpose and need; initial range of alternatives	Cooperating and Participating agencies	Provide comments on draft CP and IAM, preliminary purpose and need, initial range of alternatives	30 calendar days	Scoping Meeting 7/20/10 (actual)
4	First Public Info. Meeting (PIM) Public input on draft CP and IAM, purpose and need, and initial range of alternatives	Availability of draft CP and IAM, purpose and need, and initial range of alternatives through media releases, project website and public meeting	Cooperating and participating agencies, tribes, public, local officials and other stakeholders	Provide comments on draft CP and IAM , purpose and need, and range of alternatives	30 calendar days	5/18/10 (actual)
5	Draft Purpose and Need statement	Draft purpose and need statement for review	Cooperating and participating agencies	Provide comments on purpose and need (Draft EIS Section 1)	30 calendar days	EIS Section 1 sent to agencies 10/29/10 (actual) Responses due 11/29/10
6	Final coordination and impact analysis methodology plans with follow up as needed	Final coordination and impact analysis methodology plans	Cooperating and participating agencies	Review for acceptance or reply on issues to be resolved	30 calendar days	10/29/10

Step No.	Milestone, Coordination or Concurrence Point	Information Provided or Action Taken	Who Contacted for Response	Information or Action Requested	Number of Days to Complete Activity	Estimated Date of Completion
7	Concurrence Point #1 Agency meeting on purpose and need	Discuss purpose and need statement	Cooperating and participating agencies	Review for acceptance or reply on issues to be resolved	30 calendar days (Preliminary information sent 30 days prior to meeting)	No meeting held Draft EIS Section 1 sent to agencies 10/29/10 (actual) Responses due 11/29/10
8	Provide range of alternatives to be considered	Range of alternatives to be considered; identify alternatives that will be retained for detailed study	Cooperating and participating agencies	Provide comments on range of alternatives and those retained for detailed study (Draft EIS Sec. 2)	30 calendar days	Draft EIS Section 2 sent to agencies 5/25/11 (actual) Responses due 6/25/11
9	Concurrence Point #2 Review range of alternatives considered	Discuss range of alternatives considered and alternatives that will be retained for detailed evaluation in Draft EIS	Cooperating and participating agencies	Provide comments on alternatives and WisDOT recommended alternative if one is identified at this time	30 calendar days (Preliminary information sent 30 days prior to meeting)	Agency meeting on alternatives 7/25/11 (actual) Updated Draft EIS Section 2 sent to agencies 3/2012
10	Second Public Info. Meeting (PIM)	Availability of purpose and need and range of alternatives	Public, local officials and other stakeholders	Provide comments on purpose and need and range of alternatives	30 calendar days	Responses due 4/2012 Second PIM 7/14/10 & 8/4/10 (actual) A third PIM was also held on 2/10/11
11	Draft EIS filed with EPA; availability notice published in Federal Register	Draft EIS	EPA filing section	Availability of Draft EIS published in Federal Register	14 calendar days	6/2012
12	Draft EIS circulated for review and comment	Draft EIS availability through distribution to cooperating and participating agencies, local officials and others on EIS mailing list, and through media announcements, project website and other sources	Cooperating and participating agencies, local officials, other stakeholders, and public	Review Draft EIS, provide comments	45 calendar days after information is sent	6/2012
13	Public hearing on Draft EIS with follow up as needed	Discuss purpose and need, alternatives, recommended alternative (if identified) and anticipated impacts	Public, local officials, cooperating and participating agencies	Provide comments on purpose and need, alternatives, recommended alternative (if identified) and anticipated impacts	45 calendar days	8/2012

Step No.	Milestone, Coordination or Concurrence Point	Information Provided or Action Taken	Who Contacted for Response	Information or Action Requested	Number of Days to Complete Activity	Estimated Date of Completion
14	Concurrence Point #3 Agency meeting on preferred alternative with anticipated impacts and follow up as needed	Discuss preferred alternative, anticipated impacts, proposed mitigation measures	Cooperating and participating agencies	Provide comments on preferred alternative, anticipated impacts, proposed mitigation measures	30 calendar days (Preliminary information sent 30 days prior to meeting.)	11/2012
15	Final EIS filed with EPA; availability notice published in Federal Register	Final EIS	EPA filing section	Availability of Final EIS published in Federal Register	14 calendar days	<mark>12/2012</mark>
16	Final EIS circulated for review and comment	Final EIS availability through distribution to cooperating and participating agencies, local officials and others on EIS mailing list, and through media announcements, project website and other sources	Public, local officials, cooperating and participating agencies	Review Final EIS, provide comments	30 calendar days from notice of Final EIS in Federal Register (minimum)	12/2012
17	Record of Decision (ROD) issued	ROD availability through distribution to cooperating and participating agencies, and through local media announcements, project website and/or other sources	Cooperating and participating agencies and as deemed appropriate, local officials and the public	Acknowledge receipt of ROD	30 calendar days from notice of Final EIS in Federal Register or 45 calendar days from notice of Draft EIS in Federal Register (minimum)	<mark>3/201</mark> 3
18	Statute of Limitations (SOL) notice published in Federal Register announcing final action has been taken (ROD) in NEPA phase	SOL notice	Federal Register	SOL published in Federal Register announcing final action taken (ROD) in NEPA phase	7 calendar days for SOL notice publication; 180 calendar days to file a claim	<mark>9/201</mark> 3
19	Final concurrence in project contract- level mitigation measures	Proposed mitigation measures for commitments made in Final EIS, ROD, final design, and/or during individual agency contacts	Coordination with cooperating and participating agencies as deemed appropriate	Provide comments and/or process approval requests on proposed environmental commitments and mitigation measures	Approx. 3-6 months in advance of proposed contract letting dates)	Prior to Plans, Specifications and Estimates (PS&E)
21	Implementation of mitigation commitments in Final EIS and ROD	Mitigation commitments in Final EIS and ROD	Coordinate with cooperating and participating agencies as deemed appropriate	Provide comments and recommenda- tions, and/or process approval requests on proposed mitigation commitments	Un-programmed (time as needed)	Ongoing until construction activities are completed

Section 5: Public Involvement Process

5.1 Public Involvement

Public involvement includes engaging key stakeholders, community members and the general public in the planning, design and development of proposed improvements. The general public involvement approach is based on the following objectives:

- Actively seek public input on the project's purpose and need, alternatives, and recommended course of action.
- Solicit, consider, answer and document public inquiries, suggestions, ideas, and concerns in the decision making process.
- Provide opportunities for the public to affect major decisions before those decisions are made
- Publicize project activities through a variety of communication venues such as newsletters, news releases, project website and informational meetings.
- Provide the public with efficient access to project information.

5.2 Identification of Environmental Justice Communities and Outreach

To determine if Environmental Justice Communities are present in the study corridor, local demographic data for the City and Town of Waukesha and Waukesha County will be obtained from the U.S. Census (2000) and the Waukesha County Comprehensive Plan. The data will include information on population, ethnicity, and income. If 2010 U.S. Census data becomes available before the Draft EIS is approved it will be included in the EIS. The presence of minority and/or low-income populations will also be monitored through the study's public involvement program.

The study's public involvement process is designed to disseminate information on the project and to obtain public input. The process will include outreach to Environmental Justice Communities to ensure their participation in the decision making process.

5.3 Public Involvement in Purpose and Need Development

The public had opportunity to participate in purpose and need development through the advisory committee meeting on May 6, the first public information meeting on May 18 and other neighborhood and outreach meetings during preparation of the Draft EIS. The public will also have an opportunity to comment on purpose and need at the public hearing and during the review period for the Draft EIS.

5.4 Public Involvement in Alternatives Identification and Analysis

The public will have opportunities to participate in identifying the initial range of alternatives, the extent of alternatives analysis, the reasonable alternatives selected for detailed study and selection of a preferred alternative. Forums for participation include public information meetings, neighborhood and other outreach meetings during preparation of the Draft EIS. The second public information meeting will specifically solicit input on alternatives. There will also be opportunities to provide input on the alternatives at the public hearing, and during availability of the Draft and Final EIS for public review.

5.5 Public Involvement in Document Reviews

The Draft and Final EIS will be made available for public review. The Coordination Plan and Impact Analysis Methodology will also be made available at public information meetings.

5.6 Additional Public Involvement Strategies

The study team will prepare a Public Involvement Plan that will be a comprehensive "blueprint" of public involvement activities carried out during the course of the project. The plan will be updated as needed if changes to the proposed process are made. Additionally, a project mailing list will be developed that includes local government officials, elected officials, key stakeholders, agency representatives, property owners in and adjacent to the study corridor, meeting attendees, those who request information, and other study team contacts.

Project newsletters will be distributed to provide project information/updates and to announce public information meetings and other study milestones. News releases will be provided to local media outlets to announce the public information meetings and availability of the EIS for public review.

Three public information meetings are proposed. The first meeting focused on describing the study process, presenting the results of data gathering for the study area, information on transportation deficiencies and other factors relevant to project purpose and need. The draft agency coordination plan and impact assessment methodologies were available for review at this meeting. The draft Coordination Plan and Impact Analysis Methodology will be available for public review.

The second public information meeting will present information on the initial range of alternatives being considered.

The third public information meeting will be to present the refined alternatives and obtain input on the reasonable range of alternatives that will be carried forward for detailed evaluation.

A public hearing will be held during the Draft EIS comment period.

Study team members will meet with interest groups, neighborhood organizations, or individual property owners upon request to resolve as many concerns as possible. The project website will contain information such as contacts, newsletters, reports, study schedule, upcoming meeting information, exhibits from public information meetings and other information.

A community sensitive solutions (CSS) advisory committee representing a broad range of stakeholders was established to assist the study team in identifying key issues that should be considered in development of project purpose and need, alternatives, impact analyses and other aspects of the West Waukesha Bypass Study. The CSS advisory committee includes representatives such as local officials, state and federal review agencies, Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission, neighborhoods, community leaders, environmental groups and other interests. The group met in March and May 2010 and three more meetings are planned.

5.7 Coordination with Local Officials

Coordination with local officials will include their participation in the Advisory Group and through individual meetings as needed during the course of the study.

5.8 Availability of Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement

The Coordination Plan along with the Impact Analysis Methodology will be sent to Cooperating and Participating Agencies. The Plans will be reviewed at the agency scoping meeting and made available to the public at the public information meetings and public hearing. The Plans are also available for public review on Waukesha County's West Waukesha Bypass Study website and upon request at the WisDOT SE Region office and the Waukesha County Department of Public Works office.

Section 6: Tribal Involvement and Consultation

6.1 Tribal Notifications of Proposed Project

As part of the EIS activities, Tribes will be notified about the project purpose and need, alternatives being considered, initial Area of Potential Effect (APE), planned cultural resource investigations, and will be asked to provide input on cultural resource aspects. The Tribes will also be provided an opportunity to become Participating Agencies in the study and will be notified about public information meetings and the public hearing.

6.2 Tribal Consultation on Project Area of Potential Effect (APE)

Tribal consultation regarding the project APE will be done as part of item 6.1.

6.3 Tribal Consultation on Cultural Resources Identified

Interested Tribes will be notified about the results of the cultural resources investigation. The need for further consultation under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act will depend on whether any significant cultural resources are found in the project's APE.

6.4 Tribal Consultation on Effects

The need for Tribal consultation under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act will depend on whether any significant cultural resources are found in the project's APE.

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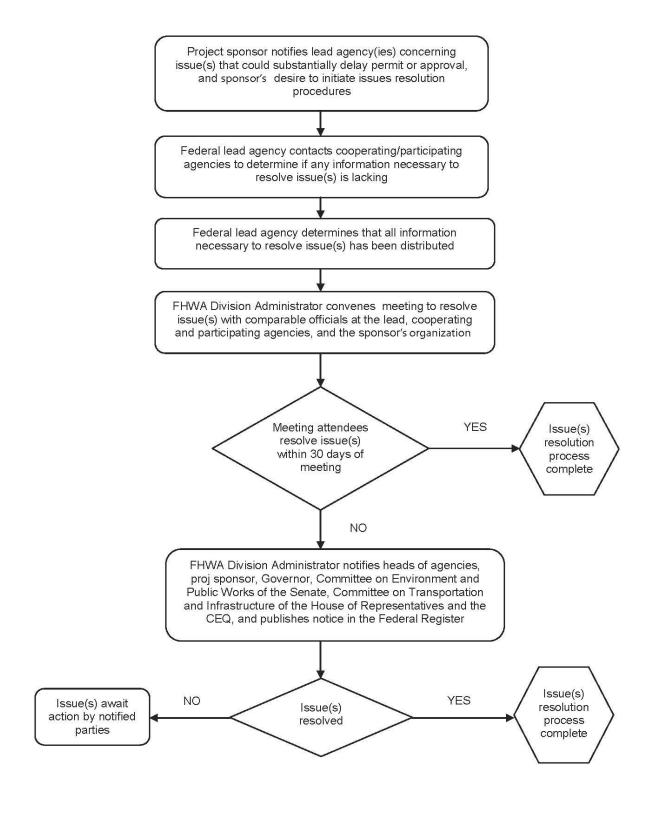
Section 7: Summary of all Project Meetings to Date

7.1 List of Project Meetings with Agencies or the Public

Date	Meeting	Remarks
Community S	Sensitive Solutions (CSS) Advisory Committee	ee
3/24/10	First CSS workshop	Introduce the West Waukesha Bypass study, explain the CSS process, and identify factors that should be addressed in the study.
<u>5/6/10</u>	Second CSS workshop	Further review and ranking of factors to be addressed in the study.
6/22/10	Third CSS workshop	Focused on identifying positive and negative aspects of the preliminary range of alternatives.
9/15/10	Fourth CSS workshop	Review criteria for screening preliminary alternatives, obtain input on alternatives that should be eliminated or retained for further study.
1/30/11	Fifth CSS workshop	Update committee on traffic and impact aspects of the alternatives under consideration, evaluation of alternatives through rating exercise.
Public Inform	nation Meetings	
5/18/2010	First public information meeting	Introduce the West Waukesha Bypass study, describe study purpose and goals, provide background on existing transportation deficiencies and environmental resources, obtain public views on the need for and possible locations for a future bypass.
7/14/2010 and 8/4/2010	Second public information meeting (second session held on 8/4 due to some concern about timeliness of the notice for the 7/14 meeting)	Obtain public input on the initial range of alternatives. Copies of Draft CP and IAM also available for public review and comment.
2/10/11	Third public information meeting	Obtain public input on latest range of alternatives. Copies of the Draft CP and IAM also available for public review and comment.
Local Official	s	
3/4/10	City of Waukesha Board of Public Works	Briefing on study process and schedule.
3/11/10	Waukesha County Board Public Works Committee	Briefing on study process and schedule.
4/16/10	Waukesha Chamber of Commerce Southside Business Council	Briefing on study process and schedule.
6/15/10	Waukesha School District	Study overview, review of preliminary alternatives and possible effects on school district property on west side of Merrill Hills Road.
7/13/10	Local elected officials	Briefing on study process and schedule.
7/20/10	Agency scoping meeting	Obtain input from cooperating and participating agencies on significant issues to be addressed in the EIS, purpose and need factors, and preliminary range of alternatives.

Date	Meeting	Remarks
9/23/10	Town of Waukesha	Briefing on study process and schedule.
10/14/10	Waukesha County Board Public Works Committee	Study update, information on alternatives being considered for elimination or further evaluation.
10/19/10	Waukesha City Council	Study update, information on alternatives being considered for elimination or further evaluation.
1/27/11	Town of Waukesha Board and Plan Commission	Study update, information on alternatives being considered for elimination or further evaluation.
3/10/11	Waukesha County Board Transportation Committee	Study update, information on alternatives being considered for elimination or further evaluation, summary of input from 2/10/10 public information meeting.
3/30/11	Town of Waukesha, three Town Board Supervisors	Obtain input on potential indirect and cumulative effects.
4/29/11	Newly elected City of Waukesha alderman (Reiland)	Briefing on study process and schedule.
6/6/11	City of Waukesha Parks, Recreation and Forestry Board Meeting	Study overview, alternatives, potential land acquisition from former Pewaukee fire station parcel, Kisdon Hill Park, and Pebble Creek Park.
<mark>9/12/11</mark>	City of Waukesha Parks, Recreation and Forestry Board Meeting	Obtain input on study team's request to pursue a de minimus Section 4(f) finding for potential parkland impacts; motion made to concur in de minimus finding.
9/26/11	City of Waukesha alderman (Ybarra)	Discuss bicycle and pedestrian safety near north end of projec (possible measures to enhance safety for bicycle/pedestrian crossings of Meadowbrook Road).
State and Fe	deral Review Agencies	
3/25/10	DNR and WisDOT SE Region wetland ecologist	Briefing on study process and schedule; discussed DNR concerns about an alignment through the Pebble Creek corridor.
<mark>7/20/10</mark>	Agency scoping meeting	Obtain input from cooperating and participating agencies on significant issues to be addressed in the EIS, purpose and need factors, and preliminary range of alternatives.
<mark>7/25/11</mark>	Inter-agency meeting	Study update, review information on natural resources in the Pebble Creek corridor; obtain input on alternatives and discuss agency concerns.
9/26/11	Inter-agency field review of environmental resources in project corridor	Review of alternatives being considered, review of wetland delineations and groundwater information, field review of wetlands and other resources in the Pebble Creek and Sunset to County X corridors.
Miscellaneou	s Community Outreach	
8/23/10	Kisdon Hill neighborhood meeting	Briefing on study process and schedule, obtain citizen input on issues and concerns that should be addressed in the development and evaluation of alternatives.
11/8/10	Meeting with two home/business owners on Merrill Hills Road	Summary of current alternatives including an alternative along Merrill Hills Road; obtain input on issues and concerns.
11/11/10	Merrill Hills Country Club and residents of Merrill Hills neighborhood	Briefing on study and current range of alternatives being considered; obtain input on issues and concerns.
11/16/10	Waukesha County Business Alliance	Briefing on study and current range of alternatives being considered; obtain input on issues and concerns.

Date	Meeting	Remarks
11/17/10	Meadowbrook School	Briefing on study and current range of alternatives being considered including traffic signal options near Meadowbrook School; obtain input on issues and concerns.
3/3/11	Kisdon Hill Court interest group (Waukesha County and City of Waukesha representatives, and Kisdon Hill Court resident)	Review options for reconstruction of the Kisdon Hill Court connection to County TT; obtain input on issues and concerns.
3/9/11	Property owners (County TT/Sunset Drive and County TT across from Kame Terrace)	Review of alternatives and potential impacts on properties in the County TT/Sunset Drive and Kame Terrace areas), obtain input on issues and concerns.
<mark>4/9/11</mark>	Meadowbrook School parents and residents near school	Review of alternatives and potential impacts in the vicinity of Meadowbrook School; obtain input on issues and concerns.
6/13/11	Harrogate Drive Condo owners (Condos located in northeast corner of County TT/Madison Street intersection)	Study overview, review of current range of alternatives being considered in the Harrogate Drive area; obtain input on issues and concerns.
8/22/11	Waukesha Rotary Club	Study overview and review of current range of alternatives being considered; obtain input on issues and concerns.
10/18/11	Merrill Hills Country Club	Discuss potential impacts to country club if the Golf Course East alternative would be shifted onto the country club property to avoid homes on the west side of Merrill Hills Road.



SAFETEA-LU 6002 IMPACT ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY

West Waukesha Bypass I-94 to STH 59 Waukesha County, WI WisDOT Project I.D. 2788-01-00



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration



Wisconsin Department of Transportation



Waukesha County Department of Public Works

Previous Version May 2010 (Update #1 February 2012)

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Revision History

This Impact Analysis Methodology (IAM) is intended to be a dynamic document that will be available to stakeholders and updated as appropriate throughout the duration of the project. Below is a record of substantive changes made to this document.

The Lead Agencies will make the IAM available to other agencies and the public who have expressed an interest in the project. The IAM will be revised when there have been substantive changes in the activities or actions described in the plan. Revisions and changes to the IAM will be communicated to agencies in a timely manner and shared with the public through availability at public information meetings and posting on Waukesha County's West Waukesha Bypass website.

Coordination Plan Version	Date of Change	Revision Description
Original Version May 2010	February 2012	Section 12.3—Updated entry on additional wetland review/delineation conducted by SEWRPC.
		Section 14.3—Updated entry on additional groundwater investigations conducted by the project team.
		Section 16.3 —Updated entry on additional investigations conducted by Great Lakes Ecological Services LLC for potential impacts on state-listed threatened species habitat (Butler's gartersnake and Blanding's turtle).

DATE: Revision #1 February 2012

Section 1: Introduction

1.1 Purpose of Impact Analysis Methodology

Section 6002 of the *Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users* (SAFETEA-LU) requires lead agencies for proposed federally funded transportation projects to determine the appropriate methodology and level of detail for analyzing impacts in collaboration with cooperating and participating agencies. Consensus on the methodology is not required, but the lead agency must consider the views of the cooperating and participating agencies with relevant interests before making a decision on a particular methodology. Well-documented, widely accepted methodologies, such as those for noise impact assessment and evaluation of impacts under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act would require minimal collaboration. If a cooperating or participating agency criticizes the proposed methodology for a particular environmental factor, the agency should describe its preferred methodology and why it is recommended.

The purpose of the impact analysis methodology is to communicate and document the lead agency's structured approach to analyzing impacts of the proposed transportation project and its alternatives. Collaboration on the impact analysis methodology is intended to promote an efficient and streamlined process and early resolution of concerns or issues.

The methodology discussion for each resource known or believed to be located in the project study area is broken into three parts. The first subsection identifies the laws, regulations and guidelines applicable to the particular resource. The second subsection discusses the purpose of evaluating potential resource impacts and general methodologies commonly used on proposed WisDOT transportation projects to define, identify, and determine potential impact(s) to the resource. The third subsection discusses any project-specific methodologies used to further refine the work completed as part of the second subsection.

1.2 Project Background

Waukesha County, in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT), will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for transportation improvements between IH-94 and WIS 59 on the west side of the City of Waukesha. The transportation improvements are being proposed to address growing local and regional traffic volumes, and to enhance traffic flow and safety. The objective is to provide a north-south link between IH-94 and WIS 59 that will complete the existing partial circumferential "beltline" around the City of Waukesha.

Several regional land use and transportation system plans prepared by the Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) have included a West Waukesha Bypass. Most recently, the 2035 Regional Transportation System Plan for Southeastern Wisconsin (Planning Report 49, June 2006) includes a bypass corridor between I-94 and WIS 59 that would use a combination of Meadowbrook Road/Merrill Hills Road to a point north of Sunset Drive where it would then be on new alignment to the WIS 59 intersection with County X.

The regional planning process considers the potential of more efficient land use and expanded public transit, systems management, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and demand management to first alleviate

SAFETEA-LU 6002 Impact Analysis Methodology Project ID 2788-01-00 DATE: Revision #1 February 2012

¹ The congressional Conference Report accompanying SAFETEA-LU states: "Collaboration means a cooperative and interactive process. It is not necessary for the lead agency to reach consensus with the participating agencies on these issues; the lead agency must work cooperatively with the participating agencies and consider their views, but the lead agency remains responsible for decision making." FHWA's NEPA regulations (23 CFR 771) require that those federal agencies with jurisdiction by law (permitting or land transfer authority) be invited to be Cooperating Agencies for an EIS. SAFETEA-LU created a new Participating Agency category for the EIS process. Participating Agencies are federal and non-federal governmental agencies that may have an interest in the project because of their jurisdictional authority, special expertise and/or statewide interest.

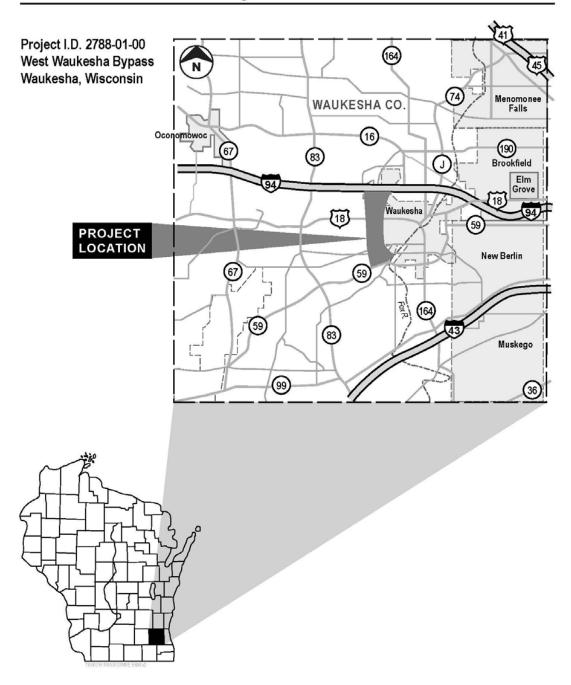
² The methodology used by the lead agency must be consistent with any methodology established by statute or regulation under the authority of another federal agency.

traffic congestion (a transportation system management plan). Highway improvements, such as the recommended West Waukesha Bypass, were only then considered to address any residual congestion. As a result the EIS for this study will incorporate, by reference, the modal evaluation of the regional planning process.

Waukesha County plans and the official map for the City of Waukesha also include this same bypass alignment. Waukesha County's official map shows this alignment as a result of a study in 1990-1991 that assessed the need for the West Waukesha Bypass and reviewed several different alignments before ultimately selecting the Meadowbrook Road/Merrill Hills Road alignment.

1.3 Project Vicinity Map

Project Location



Section 2: General Economics Impact Methodology

2.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

General economic impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual Chapter 25, Socioeconomic Factors

2.2 General Methodology

Evaluation of economic impacts includes cost estimates of the proposed action and its alternatives; applicable effects on economic development trends and viability; effects on employment opportunities; effects on highway-dependent businesses; and effects on existing and planned business development. Economic impacts that can be quantified based on available data will be presented as such in the EIS and other impacts will be discussed qualitatively.

2.3 Project Specific Methodology

No additional project specific methodology has been identified for the West Waukesha Bypass Study. Data for the general economics impact assessment will be obtained primarily from the 2010 US Census and the Waukesha County Comprehensive Plan. Supplemental data will be obtained from the Southeast Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC), local and regional land use plans, comprehensive plans, development plans, and discussion with local officials.

Section 3: Business Impact Methodology

3.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Business impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 as amended (49 CFR Part 24)
- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987

3.2 General Methodology

Evaluation of business impacts includes an estimate of the number and types of businesses to be displaced, number of employees/jobs affected any special characteristics, and availability of replacement business sites. Depending on the number and types of businesses displaced, a Conceptual Stage Relocation Plan may be prepared as part of the EIS. Impacts to businesses as a result of changes in access during and after construction will also be evaluated.

3.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 4: Community and Residential Impact Methodology

4.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Community and residential impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 as amended (49 CFR Part 24)
- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual Chapter 25, Socioeconomic Factors

4.2 General Methodology

Evaluation of residential impacts includes an estimate of the number of homes to be displaced, including family characteristics; availability of comparable decent, safe, and sanitary housing in the area; any measures to be taken when replacement housing is insufficient; and identification of any special relocation needs. Depending on the number and types of homes displaced, a Conceptual Stage Relocation Plan may be prepared as part of the EIS. Impacts to homes as a result of changes in access during and after construction are also evaluated.

Evaluation of community impacts includes applicable changes in neighborhoods or community cohesion; changes in travel patterns and accessibility; impacts on community facilities; impacts on traffic safety/public safety; and impacts on any special groups such as elderly, handicapped, minority, and transit-dependent persons. Socioeconomic impacts that can be quantified based on available data will be presented as such in the EIS and other impacts will be discussed qualitatively.

4.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 5: Indirect and Cumulative Effects Methodology

5.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Indirect and cumulative effects are evaluated in accordance with these key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) publication, Considering Cumulative Effects under the National Environmental Policy Act, 1997
- FHWA position paper, Secondary and Cumulative Impact Assessment in the Highway Development Process, 1992
- National Cooperative Research Program (NCHRP) Report 466, Desk Reference for Estimating the Indirect Effects of Proposed Transportation Projects, 2002
- WisDOT Guidance for Conducting an Indirect Effects Analysis, November 2007
- WisDOT Guidance for Conducting a Cumulative Effects Analysis, November 2007
- 40 CFR, Chapter 1, Section 230.11(g)(h); Protection of Environment, Environmental Protection Agency, Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines for Specification of Disposal Sites for Dredged or Fill Material
- 33 CFR, Part 230, Section 320.4(a)(1); Navigation and Navigable Waters, General Regulatory Policies, *General Policies for Evaluating Permit Applications*.

Indirect and cumulative effects are defined as follows:

<u>Indirect effects</u> are caused by the action and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonably foreseeable. Indirect effects may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effects on air and water and other natural systems, including ecosystems (40 CFR 1508.8, Council on Environmental Quality regulations for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act).

<u>Cumulative effects</u> are impacts on the environment that result from the incremental impact of the action when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such other actions. Cumulative impacts can result from individually minor but collectively significant actions taking place over a period of time (40 CFR 1508.7, Council on Environmental Quality regulations for implementing the National Environmental Policy Act).

5.2 General Methodology

The indirect effects analysis methodology includes the following key components:

- Scoping—Select tools/activities and determine the study area
- Inventory the study area and notable features such as land use/development trends, demographics and natural resources including aquatic ecosystems
- Identify impact causing activities of the proposed project alternatives
- Identify the potentially significant indirect effects
- Analyze indirect effects, describe their significance for the project alternatives and evaluate assumptions
- Assess consequences and identify mitigation measures
- The analysis is supported by input/information from local officials, agencies, and community outreach activities.

The cumulative effects analysis methodology includes the following key components:

- Identify the significant issues associated with the proposed action and define the assessment
- Establish geographic scope for the analysis
- Establish future timeframe for analysis
- Identify other actions affecting the resources, ecosystems (including aquatic ecosystems) and human communities of concern
- Characterize resources identified in terms of their response to change and capacity to withstand stress
- Characterize the stresses affecting the resources and their relationship to regulatory thresholds
- Define a baseline condition for the resources
- Identify the important cause and effect relationships between human activities and resources
- Determine the magnitude and significance of cumulative effects
- Modify or add alternatives to mitigate significant cumulative effects
- Monitor the cumulative effects of the selected alternative and adapt management
- The analysis is supported by input/information from local officials, agencies, and community outreach activities.

5.3 Project Specific Methodology

The indirect and cumulative effects analysis will be conducted using the expert panel approach. This approach is one of the forecasting tools described in NCHRP Report 466 and has been used in many environmental impact studies in Wisconsin and nationwide.

Section 6: Environmental Justice Impact Methodology

6.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Environmental justice impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, 1994
- U.S. DOT Order on Environmental Justice, DOT Order 5610.2, 1997
- FHWA Order 6640.23, FHWA Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations.1998
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 21-15-1, Format and Content of Environmental Documents (includes Environmental Justice as one of the factors to be considered when evaluating resource impacts)

6.2 General Methodology

The proposed action and its alternatives are evaluated to determine whether there would be disproportionately high and adverse impacts on minority and low income populations with respect to human health and the environment. The analysis will be based on income and race information from the most recently available US Census. Additional information on race and income will be obtained from local agencies/organizations and through public involvement and community outreach activities. Potential impact categories include air, noise, or water pollution; increased vibration or traffic congestion; soil contamination; destruction of aesthetic value, disruption of community cohesion or economic vitality, disruption of cultural resources, changes in the availability of public and private facilities and services; adverse employment effects; and displacement of persons, businesses, farms, or nonprofit organizations.

6.3 Project Specific Methodology

No additional project specific methodology has been identified for the West Waukesha Bypass Study. The environmental justice analysis will be based on income and race information from the 2010 U.S. Census and the Waukesha County Comprehensive Plan. Additional information on race and income will be obtained from local agencies/organizations, and through public involvement and community outreach activities.

Section 7: Historic Resources Impact Methodology

7.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Historic resource impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act as amended (16 USC 470)
- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual, Chapter 26, Historical Preservation

7.2 General Methodology

Impact evaluation includes identification of historic resources in the transportation project's area of potential effect by a qualified historian, evaluation of the resources to determine potential eligibility to the National Register of Historic Places, assessment of effects to determine whether an adverse effect will occur, consultation with parties indicating an interest in the historic resources, and implementation of agreements reached to account for unavoidable adverse impacts.

7.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 8: Archaeological Resources Impact Methodology

8.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Archaeological impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act as amended (16 USC 470), FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A
- FHWA 's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual, Chapter 26, Historical Preservation

8.2 General Methodology

Impact evaluation includes identification of archaeological resources in the transportation project's area of potential effect by qualified archaeologists, evaluation of the resources to determine potential eligibility to the National Register of Historic Places, assessment of effects to determine whether an adverse effect will occur, consultation with parties indicating an interest in the archaeological resources, and implementation of agreements reached to account for unavoidable adverse impacts.

8.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 9: Section 4(f), 6(f) and Other Unique Lands Impact Methodology

9.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Public use land impacts (existing and planned public parks, recreation areas, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, other public-use lands and historic sites) for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- Section 4(f) of the U.S. DOT Act (23 USC 138; 49 USC 303)
- 23 CFR 774, FHWA's regulations for implementing Section 4(f) requirements for parks, recreation areas, wildlife and waterfowl refuges and historic sites.
- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- Section 6(f) of the Land & Water Conservation Fund Act as amended (16 USC 4601)
- Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Act (Dingell-Johnson Act) as amended (16 USC 777)
- Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act (16 USC 669)
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual, Chapters 20, 21, and 26
- Other public use land funding programs such as those administered by DNR

It should be noted that Section 4(f) of the U.S. DOT Act applies only to the actions of agencies within the U.S. Department of Transportation, including FHWA. While other agencies may have an interest in Section 4(f), FHWA is responsible for applicability determinations, evaluations, findings, and overall compliance.

9.2 General Methodology

The public use land impact evaluation includes an inventory of such resources in the transportation project's area of potential effect, a description of the resources including existing and planned use, funding sources, and jurisdictional agencies. The transportation improvements are located and designed to avoid or minimize impacts to public use land to the extent practicable. Where such resources cannot be avoided, impacts would be analyzed in terms of the amount of land required from the resource and any constructive use impacts such as increased traffic noise, changes in the visual setting, or other impacts that would adversely affect the intended use and enjoyment of the resource. WisDOT would coordinate with the jurisdictional agencies to obtain information on resource use, funding and management, and to obtain input on potential effects and possible mitigation measures.

9.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 10: Aesthetics Impact Methodology

10.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Aesthetic (visual) impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- FHWA's publication on Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects (DOT FHWA-HI-88-054)
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual, Chapter 27, Section 10, Visual Impact Assessment

10.2 General Methodology

The visual impact assessment includes identifying the visual character of the project corridor, characterizing the visual quality of the viewshed, identifying and quantifying viewer groups to the extent practicable (those with a view of the highway and those with a view from the highway), describing the visual change that will occur because of the proposed transportation improvements, qualitatively characterizing the change, and developing measures to mitigate adverse visual effects where a sensitive visual impact has been identified. Mitigation measures could include landscaping and aesthetic treatments on roadway components such as retaining wall, bridge abutments, and sidewalks.

10.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 11: Agricultural Impact Methodology

11.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Agricultural impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in accordance with the following key regulations and guidance:

- The Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981 (7 USC 4201-4209)
- FHWA's Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT's Facilities Development Manual, Chapter 24, Section 10, Agricultural Lands
- Chapter 32.035, Wisconsin Statutes (Agricultural Impact Statement)

11.2 General Methodology

To the extent practicable, the proposed transportation action and its alternatives are developed to minimize impacts on farmland and maximize compatibility with state and local farmland programs and policies. Agricultural impacts are quantified and reported to the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP). Based on the extent of the impacts, DATCP will determine whether an Agricultural Impact Statement is required. If needed, a Farmland Conversion Impact Rating form would also be prepared and coordinated with the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS).

11.3 Project-Specific Methodology

Section 12: Wetlands Impact Methodology

12.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Wetland impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251)
- Clean Water Act, 40 CFR Part 230, Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines for Specification of Disposal Sites for Dredged or Fill Material
- Executive Order 11990, Protection of Wetlands (42 FR 26961)
- Compensatory Mitigation for Losses of Aquatic Resources (33 CFR Part 332)
- DOT Executive Order 5660.1A, Preservation of the Nation's Wetlands
- Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act as amended (16 USC 661-667)
- FHWA policy and procedures for evaluation and mitigation of adverse environmental impacts to wetlands and natural habitat (23 CFR 777)
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 24, Section 5, Aquatic Systems
- WisDOT Wetland Mitigation Banking Technical Guideline as amended, March 2002
- WisDOT/DNR Cooperative Agreement Amendment, Compensatory Mitigation for Unavoidable Wetland Losses Resulting from State Transportation Activities, 2001

12.2 General Methodology

Depending on the type of transportation improvements being proposed, the construction time period, and the extent of wetland resources in the project's area of potential effect, preliminary wetland boundaries are established using existing information such as the Wisconsin Wetland Inventory maps produced by the Wisconsin DNR, farmed wetland maps produced by the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service, statewide, regional or local GIS data, and field inspection. If more precise wetland boundaries are required, more detailed wetland boundary determinations or delineations would be conducted in accordance with the interagency *Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Manual)* and any subsequent guidance such as the Midwest Supplement for wetland delineations.

Transportation improvement alternatives are developed to reduce wetland impacts to the extent practicable through a sequence of avoiding wetlands where possible, minimizing impacts to wetlands that cannot be avoided and mitigating unavoidable wetland loss through various compensation measures as specified in WisDOT's Wetland Mitigation Banking Technical Guideline. Wetland compensation includes evaluation of on-/near-site replacement wetlands and use of an established wetland mitigation bank when on-/near-site replacement wetlands are not feasible or practicable. All unavoidable wetland loss would be fully compensated in terms of amount affected, type, and functional values.

Methodology for evaluation of on-site or near-site compensatory mitigation may include site suitability assessments early in the planning phase. This may include identification of existing wetlands in and adjacent to the potential compensation sites and any potential effects the mitigation project may have on those wetlands. These effects may be included in the impact analysis and be part of the site suitability assessment.

12.3 Project Specific Methodology

Wetland boundaries and function will be determined through existing information and field inspection in consultation with DNR and USACE. Field determination and/or delineation of wetlands on the Preferred Alternative will identify wetlands by type, acreage, associated waterway, and function.

Approximate wetland boundaries will be located during the non-growing season within a 400-foot wide corridor west of Pebble Creek from CTH X to 500 feet north of the Merrill Hills Road Bridge over Pebble Creek. North of Pebble Creek, preliminary wetland boundaries will be located within 100 feet of the centerline of the existing road.

February 2012 Update

Given the high quality of the Pebble Creek corridor wetlands, DNR requested a more in-depth wetland review/delineation which was conducted by SEWRPC (Dr. Donald Reed, Chief Biologist) in August – October, 2011. Information from SEWRPC's report is on the project website (waukeshbypass.org) and will be included in the EIS.

Section 13: Water Resources/Floodplains/Storm Water/Erosion Control Impact Methodology

13.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Water Resource and floodplain impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251) including Section 303(d), impaired waters
- Executive Order 11988, Floodplain Management (42 FR 26951)
- DOT Executive Order 5650.2, Floodplain Management and Protection; Policies and Procedures (23 CFR 650)
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 24, Land and Water Resources Impacts and FDM Chapter 10, Erosion Control
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 116, Wisconsin's Floodplain Management Program
- WisDOT/DNR Cooperative Agreement Amendment, Memorandum of Understanding on Erosion Control and Storm Water Management, 1994
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter TRANS 401, Construction Site Erosion Control and Storm Water Management Procedures for Department Actions

13.2 General Methodology

Transportation improvement alternatives involving stream crossings and floodplains are developed to minimize impacts to water quality, floodplain values and stream hydraulics to the extent practicable through use of sound erosion control and storm water management practices, and by sizing new and replacement structures to minimize floodplain encroachment and increases in the height of the regional (100-year) floodplain elevation.

Impact evaluation includes assessment of existing conditions such as water quality, fishery resources, floodplain functions and values, potential adverse effects to these conditions, and proposed measures to minimize the adverse effects.

The extent to which erosion control and storm water management measures are proposed in the EIS depends on the type of transportation improvements being proposed, the construction time frame, and the extent of water and floodplain resources in the project's area of potential effect. A planning level project generally includes conceptual best management practices. Other projects may require more specific erosion control and storm water management commitments.

13.3 Project Specific Methodology

Evaluation of floodplain and water resource impacts for the West Waukesha Bypass Study will include the following:

- Evaluate historical aerial photographs for changes in hydrology and possible tile locations;
- install data logging well points at select locations;
- Evaluate soils at well points and other possible locations;
- Measure stream flows at select locations;
- Measure water quality parameters such as temperature, dissolved oxygen, conductivity, and pH at stream gauge locations;
- Evaluate topography, soils, wetlands and drainage features for mitigation opportunities.

Section 14: Groundwater, Wells, and Springs Impact Methodology

14.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Water Resource and floodplain impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Clean Water Act (33 USC 1251)
- Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USC 300(f)), Section 11424(e), sole source aquifers
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 24, Land and Water Resources Impacts
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 140, Groundwater Quality
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 809, Safe Drinking Water
- Wisconsin Statute Chapter 160, Groundwater Protection Standards
- Wisconsin Act 310, Groundwater Quantity Law
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter TRANS 401, Construction Site Erosion Control and Storm Water Management Procedures for Department Actions

14.2 General Methodology

Groundwater sustains lake levels and provides the base flows of streams and comprises a major source of water supply for domestic, municipal and industrial users. Transportation improvement alternatives are developed to minimize impacts to groundwater, wells, and springs to the extent practicable.

Major aquifers in the study area will be identified and the quality of groundwater will be assessed. Water supply sources in the study area will also be identified. The location of wells in the study area will be identified.

In order to determine the impact to groundwater and surface water, a series of historical aerial photographs will be evaluated for changes in hydrology and possible tile locations, soils will be evaluated, stream flows will be measured, and stream temperature, dissolved oxygen, conductivity, and pH will be measured at the locations where the stream flow is gauged. The distribution of topography, soils, wetlands, and drainage features will be evaluated for mitigation opportunities.

14.3 Project Specific Methodology

A series of monitoring shallow wells will be used to evaluate the groundwater condition. A report for the groundwater and surface water assessment will be prepared after data is collected.

February 2012 Update

Based on input from SEWRPC and other agencies at the July 25, 2011 inter-agency meeting, groundwater movement was identified as a possible environmental impact factor, particularly for the Pebble Creek West Alternative that would traverse areas where groundwater seeps have been identified. Therefore, additional groundwater investigations were conducted by the project team in December 2011 and January, 2012. Information from these investigations will be placed on the project website and included in the EIS.

Section 15: Upland Habitat Impact Methodology

15.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Upland habitat/wildlife impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act as amended (16 USC 661-667)
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 24, Land and Water Resource Impacts
- FHWA Guidelines for Consideration of Highway Project Impacts on Fish and Wildlife Resources, 1989

15.2 General Methodology

Upland habitat includes non-wetland areas in the project's area of potential effect that have vegetative cover suitable for supporting wildlife. Such areas include woodlands/shrub thickets, fallow fields, fence lines, and remnant prairies dominated by grasses and forbs. WisDOT coordinates with DNR, other agencies, and regional planning commissions as appropriate to obtain information on the quality and classification of wildlife habitat in the project's area of potential effect.

Impact evaluation includes an assessment of existing conditions (community type, connectivity to other resources, wildlife associations), amount and type of habitat affected by the proposed project, fragmentation or severance of ecosystems, and possible effects on wildlife permanently inhabiting or passing through the upland habitat areas. At this time, FHWA does not have a policy for mitigating upland habitat impacts. It is FHWA's position that normal practices such as providing appropriate management of land within the highway right-of-way, using location, design and construction techniques to minimize habitat impacts, and possible acquisition of wider rights-of-way will adequately mitigate the loss of upland wildlife habitat.

15.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 16: Threatened and Endangered Impact Methodology

16.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Threatened and endangered species impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Endangered Species Act of 1973 (7 USC 136; 16 USC 1531)
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 USC 661)
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- FHWA guidance memo, Management of the Endangered Species Act Environmental Analysis and Consultation Process, 2002
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 27, Endangered and Threatened Species, 2005
- WisDOT/DNR Cooperative Agreement Amendment, Memorandum of Understanding on Endangered and Threatened Species Consultation, 1998
- WisDOT FDM Chapter 24, Land and Water Resources

16.2 General Methodology

The impact evaluation for threatened and endangered species includes a determination of the presence or absence of any federally listed or state listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat in the project's area of effect. The presence or absence determination is made in consultation with DNR and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and may include field inventories by qualified resource biologists.

If federally threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat is present and cannot be avoided by location and design refinements to the proposed transportation project, WisDOT and FHWA would proceed with consultation steps under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act.

For state listed species, WisDOT would develop a conservation plan or lay the groundwork for an incidental take permit in consultation with DNR.

WisDOT will also incorporate construction contract special provisions if needed to eliminate or reduce impacts.

16.3 Project Specific Methodology

Tier 3 habitat for the Butler's gartersnake, a state-listed threatened species, is present in the West Waukesha Bypass study area. Tier 3 habitat sites potentially support large Butler's gartersnake populations and are critical to the long term conservation of this species. The EIS will identify alternatives that could potentially affect Tier 3 habitat sites and will include a discussion of conservation strategies for avoiding and/or minimizing potential impacts to these sites.

February 2012 Update

Review and comparison of the alternatives in terms of their potential impacts on habitat for the Butler's gartersnake and Blanding's turtle (state-listed threatened species), was done in December 2011 by Great Lakes Ecological Services, LLC (Dr. Gary Casper). Information from this additional investigation will be placed on the project website and included in the EIS.

Section 17: Air Quality Impact Methodology

17.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Air Quality impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Clean Air Act as amended (42 USC 7401)
- Determining Conformity of Federal Actions to State or Federal Implementation Plans (40 CFR, Part 93), EPA
- Transportation Conformity Guidance for Qualitative hot-spot Analyses in PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀ Non-attainment and Maintenance Areas, March 2006, EPA and FHWA.
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- FHWA air quality conformance guidance (23 CFR 450)
- FHWA Interim Guidance on Air Toxics Analysis in NEPA Documents, 2006 and as updated in September, 2009
- Wisconsin State Implementation Plan
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter NR 411, Construction and Operation Permits for Indirect Sources

17.2 General Methodology

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has set national air quality standards for six principal air pollutants (also referred to as criteria pollutants): carbon monoxide (CO), lead, nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), ozone, particulate matter and sulfur dioxide. Transportation contributes to CO, NO₂, ozone and particulate matter. Air quality impacts for transportation projects are evaluated in view of these criteria pollutants using established air quality assessment techniques.

17.3 Project Specific Methodology

Waukesha County is designated as being in moderate non-attainment for the 8-hour ozone standard, and non-attainment for particulate matter (PM_{2.5}). The project is included in a conforming regional transportation plan, so no ozone analysis is required.

Projects in $PM_{2.5}$ non-attainment areas require a qualitative hot-spot analysis if they are "projects of air quality concern" as defined in 40 CFR 93.123(b)(1). A hot-spot analysis is an estimation of future localized $PM_{2.5}$ pollutant concentrations and a comparison of those concentrations to air quality standards. Transportation projects of air quality concern are those that would have a significant volume of diesel truck traffic or that would have intersection traffic operations at Level of Service (LOS) D or worse. Per FHWA and EPA transportation conformity guidance for qualitative hot-spot analyses, highways with greater than 125,000 annual average daily traffic (AADT) and 8% or more diesel truck traffic would be of air quality concern. The highest forecast traffic volume for the West Waukesha Bypass is 30,000 AADT (design year 2035) and it is anticipated that intersection traffic operations will be at LOS C or better. Therefore, a $PM_{2.5}$ hot-spot analysis is not anticipated to be required at this time.

A qualitative analysis of mobile source air toxics (MSAT) will be prepared. The analysis will be based on FHWA's February 2006 and September 2008 MSAT guidance.

Section 18: Traffic Noise Impact Methodology

18.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Highway noise impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- FHWA Federal Aid Policy Guide, Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise (23 CFR 772)
- Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter TRANS 405, Siting Noise Barriers

18.2 General Methodology

Transportation projects are evaluated for traffic noise impacts and abatement measures to help protect the public health and welfare, to provide noise abatement criteria, and to provide information to local officials for land use planning near highways. The noise analysis also provides information on noise generated from typical construction equipment during the construction period.

Existing and design year traffic noise levels are modeled at residential, commercial, and other sensitive receptors along the project corridor using FHWA's Traffic Noise Prediction Model (TNM)[®] 2.5 computer program. The TNM includes traffic characteristics that yield the greatest hourly traffic noise on a regular basis for existing conditions and the future design year. Under TRANS 405, noise impacts will be evaluated further to determine the reasonableness and feasibility of potential mitigation measures such as noise walls. If noise mitigation is reasonable under TRANS 405 criteria, additional public involvement related to noise mitigation would be initiated.

18.3 Project Specific Methodology

Existing noise levels for alternatives that involve new alignments will be determined through field measurements using a sound level meter.

Section 19: Contaminated Sites Impact Methodology

19.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

The impacts of potential environmental contaminants are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 as amended (42 USC 6901)
- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents,1987
- WisDOT FDM, Chapter 21, Section 35, Contaminated Site Assessments and Remediation

19.3 General Methodology

The Phase 1 investigation for potentially contaminated sites uses field observations, interviews and records searches to identify sites that have a high likelihood for contamination. Phase 1 screening is performed for all alternatives carried forward in the environmental document. A Phase 2 investigation which includes subsurface testing, is performed on sites located within the area of effect for the preferred alternative. Further investigation is performed when necessary after a preferred alternative is selected. WisDOT also evaluates existing highway structures that need to be replaced or rehabilitated as part of a proposed transportation improvement to determine whether any asbestos materials or lead paint were used in the construction, renovation or rehabilitation of the structures.

19.3 Project Specific Methodology

Section 20: Construction Impact Methodology

20.1 Laws, Regulations and Guidelines

Construction impacts are evaluated in accordance with the following key laws, regulations or guidelines:

- FHWA Technical Advisory 6640.8A, Guidance for Preparing and Processing Environmental and Section 4(f) Documents, 1987
- FHWA Work Zone Safety and Mobility Rule (69 FR 54562), 2004

20.2 General Methodology

Discussion of construction related impacts may include access to facilities and services, emergency response, air quality (emissions and fugitive dust), noise, water quality (erosion and sedimentation), construction solid waste/hazardous waste, and vibration as applicable.

Additional construction related information will include the following:

- General discussion on transportation management plans (TMPs) for reducing traffic and mobility impacts, improving safety, and promoting coordination within and around the work zone.
- Conceptual discussion concerning the possible availability of construction material sources (borrow sites) in the area of the proposed project.
- Conceptual discussion concerning utility relocations and possible new locations for such facilities as applicable.

20.3 Project Specific Methodology

